

# **Service Bulletin**

File in Section:

Bulletin No.: PI1297B

Date: February, 2015

# PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

Subject: Diagnostic Tips for Engine Compartment Whistle Noise or Chirp Noise

Models: 2013-2015 Buick Encore

**2014-2015 Cadillac ELR** 

2013-2015 Chevrolet Cruze, Sonic, Trax, Volt Equipped with 1.4L Engine (RPO LUV or LUU)

Attention: This PI also applies to any of the above models that may be China, Europe and

Australia Export models.

This PI has been revised to update the Subject and Condition/Concern.

Please discard PI1297A.

## **Condition/Concern**

Some customers may comment about a whistle or chirp noise heard from the engine area after the vehicle has warmed up. It is also possible for this noise to continue for up to 10 seconds after the engine is shut off.

### Recommendation/Instructions

There may be several causes for a whistle noise from the engine compartment. It is important to try and isolate what component could be causing this whistle noise without replacing multiple parts by following the diagnostic tips below:

#### Vacuum leak at the positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) control valve

With the engine running, place your finger over the breather port of the PCV diaphragm cover. If the whistle
noise stops and/or the fuel trims are high then return to normal levels, this is an indication of a vacuum leak at
this location. Proceed to the next tip if the noise is still present. Otherwise, replace the camshaft cover
assembly and retest.

#### Vacuum leak most likely at the front crankshaft seal

With the engine running, remove the oil dip stick. If the noise stops, it was due to a vacuum leak most likely at
the front crankshaft seal. Replace the seal and retest. For this fault, a customer may also comment that they
hear the noise for up to 10 seconds after the engine is shut off. This is due to the vacuum in the engine
crankcase equalizing with the atmospheric pressure. Proceed to the next tip if the noise is still present.

#### **Water Pump**

Whistle noise at the water pump may be caused by one of the following:

- · Low coolant with air moving through the cooling system.
- Noisy water pump bearing (rattle or growl).
- The coolant shaft seal (higher pitched whine, typically heard at idle only with engine warm).

Squeeze the upper radiator hose to see if this changes or stops the whistle sound. If not, carefully reduce the pressure in the reservoir tank. If the noise goes away, try adding coolant while thoroughly bleeding the air out of the cooling system. Proceed to the next tip if the noise is still present.

#### **Drive Belt**

• Remove the accessory drive belt and start the engine. If the noise goes away, then it could have been due to the water pump or the belt tensioner. The use of a stethoscope to listen for the location of the noise may help to isolate which component is causing the noise.