

44 Steering wheel shimmy, vibration, and/or oscillation

44 15 57 2022563/12 October 5, 2015. Supersedes Technical Service Bulletin Group 44 number 14-56 dated December 8, 2014 for reasons listed below.

Model(s) Year		VIN Range	Vehicle-Specific Equipment			
All	2008 - 2016	All	Not Applicable			

Condition

REVISION HISTORY									
Revision	Revision Date Purpose								
12	12 - Revised attachments (Updated Tire Data Sheet)								
11	12/8/2014 Revised header data (Added models and model years) Revised Service (Revised instructions) Revised attachments (Updated Tire Data Sheet)								
10	0 5/14/2014 Revised attachments (Updated Tire Data Sheet)								

• Customer feels vibration in the seat, vehicle floor, footwell, pedals, or steering wheel. This condition does not lead to any handling concerns or loss of vehicle control.

• Customer feels the vibration while driving at highway speeds from 55 - 80 mph (88 - 128 km/h).

Tip: This bulletin is **not applicable** if this vehicle has a Repair Authorization on this topic. If an applicable Repair Authorization is not followed, the claim will not be paid.

Technical Background

The vibrations felt by the customer could be a result of the harmonic vibrations caused by the radial force variation (RFV) of the tires or an imbalance of the wheel and tire assembly.

Tire RFV (also referred to as tire uniformity):

To understand the effects of RFV, imagine the tire as a collection of springs between the rim and the tire tread. If the "springs" are not uniform stiffness, a varied force is exerted on the axle as the tire rotates and flexes (Figure 1). This creates a vibration in the vehicle.

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Figure 1. Vibration source from radial force variation (A).

The table below explains common causes of wheel-related and tire-related vibrations in the vehicle. Refer to *Elsa>>Wheel and Tire Guide >> Diagnosis and Testing* for further diagnostic procedures and other possible causes of vibration.

Vibration Description	Possible Cause
Vibration felt in the steering wheel while at constant speed	Increased radial forces or imbalance on the front tires
Vibration in the entire vehicle	Increased or critical radial forces or imbalance on the rear tires and possible on the front tires.

Tip: Tires with higher mileage and/or wear should be inspected to determine the best correction for the issue (repair or replacement). Tire life and condition should be determined prior to starting any diagnosis or repair for a vibration.

Production Solution

Not applicable.

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Service

Note that for all warranty vibration repairs, a completed Tire Data Sheet and Hunter RFV printouts must be retained for warranty claim payment. Failure to do so will result in non-payment of the claim.

Sections 1-4 must be completed in their entirety and in the order listed:

1. Prepare Tires for RFV Measurement:

Tip: Flat spots are not a sign of a defect and therefore are not a warrantable condition. More information about flat spots is available in Elsa under *Repair Manual* >> Suspension, Wheels, Steering >> Wheel and Tire Guide >> 44 Wheels, Tires, Wheel Alignment >> Diagnosis and Testing >> Wheel and Tire Vibration >> Tire Flat Spots from Standing.

Temporary flat spots falsify the radial force fluctuation and must be driven out before the balance and the radial force are checked. Flat spots develop after a warm tire has cooled down after a stationary period of a few hours. Flat spots vary based on the type, size, and make of the tire.

- To eliminate temporary flat spots:
 - Set all tire pressures according to the owner's manual based on customer's requirements (normal load vs. full load).
 - Test drive the vehicle a distance of at least 12-15 miles at various speeds (up to 62 mph). Some tires may require longer test drives to eliminate these temporary flat spots.
 - Raise the vehicle on a lift/hoist immediately after the test drive in order to check the balance and RFV before the tires cool down again.

2. Measure RFV and balance:

• Ensure that the contact surfaces of the tire balancer flange and wheel are clean. It is mandatory that the appropriate centering collet (Figure 3, A)--not a cone (Figure 3, B)--and a five-finger style clamping plate (Figure 4, A) are used to mount the wheel on the balancer.

Use of these tools ensures proper centering and mounting of the wheel on the balancer. Audi-recommended collets can be ordered through *Equipment Solutions* (part number **HUN2018451**).

An incorrect style of clamp could damage the wheel (Figure 4, C).



Figure 3. Example of a collet (A) vs. a centering cone (B).

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Figure 4. Five-finger style clamping plate (A), wheel properly mounted with a five-finger style clamp (B), and wheel mounted using an incorrect clamping tool/method (C).

- Set the tire pressure of each wheel to 36 psi (2.5 bar). Use this pressure during all measurements.
- Perform a CenteringCheck[®] to ensure that the wheel has been properly mounted on the VAS 6230/Hunter GSP9700 Road Force Measurement[®] system.
- With the *SmartWeight*[®] feature turned on, measure the RFV and balance of the wheel and tire assembly. This feature will check both static (hop) and couple (wobble) vibrations to give the best possible weight and placement. Do not use "Quick Match" mode since it does not measure radial force.

3. Optimize RFV and balance:

Tip: If a tire needs to be repositioned (match-mounted) on a wheel, use adequate lubrication to properly seat the tire on the wheel:

- Not enough lubricant can prevent the tire from properly seating on the wheel.
- Excessive lubricant may cause the tire to slip on the wheel, impacting the balance and RFV values.

Correct the balance and, if necessary, reduce RFV by match-mounting each wheel according to the instructions from the machine. Use 18lbs (80N) or less for the first harmonic vibration as the maximum. If the first harmonic of the radial force of the tire that is the source of the vibration cannot be reduced to 18lbs (80N) or less, it should be replaced.

After balancing and/or optimizing the RFV, perform a "check-spin" to ensure balance values are consistent. If consistent values cannot be obtained, check the following:

• Calibration of the machine.

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• Wheel and tire assembly mounting to the machine.

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4. Reinstall Wheel and Tire Assemblies:

Follow the instructions in Elsa under *Repair Manual* >> Chassis >> Wheels and Tire General Information >> 44 Wheels, Tires, Wheel Alignment >> Wheels/Tires/Tire Pressure Monitoring Assembly >> Wheel, Changing and Mounting.

Install the wheels according to VAS 6230 instructions for lowest vibration. The wheel/tire assembly with the lowest road force values should be installed closest to the driver:

- Lowest road force value: Left front
- Second-lowest road force value: Right front
- Third-lowest road force value: Left rear
- Highest road force value: Right rear
- Set all tire pressures according to the owner's manual based on customer's requirements (normal load vs. full load).
- Test drive the vehicle at the speed at which the customer felt the vibrations to verify that the condition is repaired.

If vibration is still present:

Open a TAC ticket and include the following for each wheel and tire assembly:

- A completed Tire Data Sheet (attached to this TSB)
- A copy of the RFV printout from the VAS 6230/Hunter GSP9700 Road Force Measurement[®] system

If any of the documents cannot be uploaded to the TAC ticket, email them to **chassis@audi.com** and state in the TAC ticket that these documents were emailed instead of being attached.

The e-mail subject line must include the TAC Access Code and the complaint.

• Example: 1234567_Tire vibration

Failure to upload the RFV printouts will result in non-payment of the claim.

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Warranty

Claim Type:	Use applicable claim type. If vehicle is outside any warranty, this Technical Service Bulletin is informational only.								
Service Number:	vice Number: 4412								
Damage Code:	0013								
Labor Operations:	Balance and radial force balance all 4 wheels (A copy of the before-and-after radial force and balance values must be attached to the Repair Order). Includes additional time for extended road test prior to service procedure.	4412 9999	190 TU						
	2 wheels, remove and reinstall								
Diagnostic Time:	GFF	No allowance	0 TU						
	Road test prior to service procedure	0121 0002	10 TU						
	Road test after service procedure	0121 0004	10 TU						
	Technical diagnosis at dealer's discretion (Refer to Section 2.2.1.2 and Audi Warranty Online for DADP allowance details)								
Claim Comment:	As per TSB #2022563/12								

All warranty claims submitted for payment must be in accordance with the *Audi Warranty Policies and Procedures Manual*. Claims are subject to review or audit by Audi Warranty.

Tire Warranty

Audi of America, Inc. does not warranty tires originally installed or sold as replacement for use on Audi vehicles. Individual tire manufacturers provide all the underlying tire warranties.

Please refer to Audi Tire Center website for tire warranty coverage and claim submission details.

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Required Parts and Tools

Tools

- Use VAS 6230/Hunter GSP9700 Road Force Measurement® System to check balance, Road Force values, and to make necessary adjustments.
- Use centering collet in conjunction with VAS 6243 model-specific clamping plate (5 finger clamping device) or similar device to ensure proper mounting of wheel and to prevent damage to wheels.
- Vetronix MTS 4100 NVH Analyzer is helpful when diagnosing vibration concerns and can help narrow the list of
 possible sources of the vibration.

Additional Information

More information can be found in the following resources:

- ElsaWeb: Wheel and Tire Guide >> Diagnosis and Testing
- SSP: Noise, Vibration, and Harshness 961403

The following repair procedure(s) will be necessary to complete this procedure:

• Chassis >> Wheel and Tire Guide >> Diagnosis and Testing

All parts and service references provided in this TSB (2022563) are subject to change and/or removal. Always check with your Parts Department and service manuals for the latest information.

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Tire Data Sheet

1. Customer complaint

(e.g.: speed range, vibrations in the whole vehicle, vibrations (only) in the steering wheel, while accelerating/decelerating, vibrations (only) while braking, vibrations permanent/only at starting phase.)

2. Vehicle data

Make:	Mileage of affected tires:	miles
VIN:	TAC access code:	
Model type, description:	Delivery date:	

3. Tire data (cold tires - prior to diagnosis)

Tires are:	factory-installed OEM	OEM replacement	Aftermarket
Tire brand:		Tire model:	
Size:		Manufacturer labeling:	(e.g.: AO, AOE, RO1)

Make and model of tire balancer:

Last inspection date of tire balancer:

	front/left		front/right		rear/left			rear/right			
DOT (last four characters)											
Tire pressure (PSI)											
Required tire pressure according to owner's manual	ok not ok		ok not ok		ok not ok		ok not ok				
Tread depth (mm) (outside / center / inside)											
Attached weights (inside edge / outside edge)											
Tire damage	·										
Wheel damage											

4. Tire data (warm tires)

Tires must be warmed prior to the radial-force variation (RFV) measurement! (Preliminary test drive: at least 12mph with a top speed of \geq 62mph for 15 miles)

	front/left		front	/right	rear	/left	rear/right	
Tire pressure (PSI) Before / After								
RFV first harmonic (lbs) Before / After								