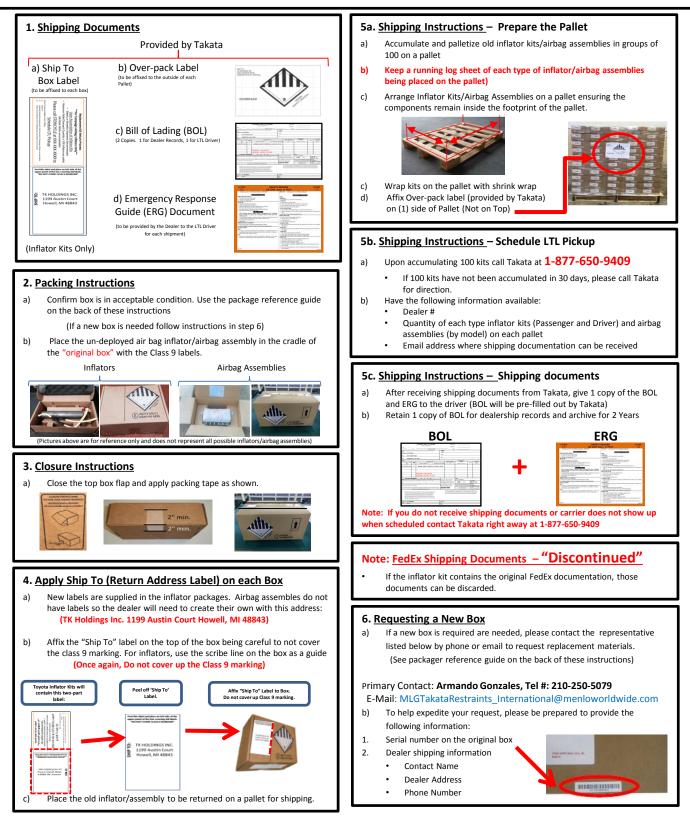
## **48 STATE LTL GROUND SHIPMENT PREPARATION**

As the shipper, you are responsible for proper packing and labeling on each inflator/airbag assembly and the over-pack container being shipped. The person packaging the inflator/airbag assemblies must have received hazardous material training per 49CFR 172.702, and the training records must be on file at your dealership. The US Department of Transportation will impose substantial fines and/or penalties on the shipper if either packaging, labeling or documentation is not properly prepared and a customer copy of bill of lading form is not kept on file for a minimum of 2 years.

IMPORTANT: Do not deploy any inflators or airbag assemblies. Return the used inflator/airbag assemblies according to the instructions below. The person packing the used inflator/airbag assembles must read and follow the provided instructions.

NOTE: Dealers in Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and US Territories CANNOT follow these shipping instructions. The dealer MUST contact the following Takata USA representative directly for shipping instructions: Miguel Prigadaa – Tel #: 210-250-5078 or Email: MLGTakataRestraints\_International@menloworldwide.com



PACKAGE REFERENCE GUIDE Is This Packaging Acceptable?			
Hazardous materials packaging damages can be classified into one or more of the following different types. They include:			
	Damage Type	YES	NO
A	Abrasions Abrasions result from sliding the package against a rough surface (e.g. concrete floors). Major abrasior (see NO column) are NOT acceptable. Note the flutes are visible.	AIR BAG	10.11L
С	Compressions Compressions result from superimposed weights (e.g. stacked too high) or from dropping the packages. Small dimples (see YES column) are acceptable.	CHARGE CALLS	- Tre
D	Dents Minor dents (see YES column) occur through normal handling and picking (e.g. pull- ing from bin locations) and are acceptable. Major dents (see NO) result from impacts with other objects (e.g. pallet impacts).	United States of States	GENUTICE PARTE
1	Incisions Minor incisions (see YES column) are acceptable. Major incisions (e.g. pallet box cut open with utility knife) are NOT acceptable.	BAG	TOION
К	Improper Packing Improper packing (e.g. missing dunnaging) is always unacceptable. The packages must be properly dunnaged to prevent movement in all directions.		TOVOTA
L	Labeling Packages with excessive labeling are NOT acceptable, particularly, if the labels ob-scure other required marks and labels.		
	Other Damages Multiple damages, such as those shown, may affect the integrity of the package (see NO column). Others are not as severe and may be acceptable. If questionable, repackage the material.	Constantiation of the second statement of the second s	
Ρ	Punctures Minor punctures (see YES column) generally do not affect the structural integrity of the packaging, unless the puncture is completely through the wall of the packaging (see NO column).		TOYS
R	Returns UN 4G specification fiberboard boxes are considered to be Single Trip Containers (STCs) are should not be returned, particularly if they have been opened. (see NO column)		
Т	Tears Minor tears (see YES column) will not generally affect the structural integrity of the packaging and are considered to be normal "wear and tear." However, large tears or rips are NOT acceptable (see NO column).		
	Water Damage, Wet Water damages, such as the example shown (see NO column) are NOT acceptable. Wa- ter damage will affect the structural integrity of the packaging. These packages should be repacked in appropriate specification packages.	YOTA	
Х	Repairs Repairs that may obscure required marks (see NO column) are not permitted. Packages that are damaged in the area of pre-printed specification marks, or packages that have been repaired more than once should not be accepted.	E PARTS	LYTMCH

## **Pallet Selection Guide**

- When selecting a pallet to use to ship inflators, follow these basic guidelines:
  Pallet size should be roughly 48 x48. Avoid using a pallet that would allow the material to hang over the edges when stacked.
  Should have no loose or broken slats that could allow the material to shift during transit.
  The wood should not be water damaged or rotted causing the slats to collapse under a load.

## (GOOD Examples)



