



October 7, 2022

*Via Electronic Submission Only*

Ms. Ann Carlson  
Chief Counsel  
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration  
1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE  
Washington, D.C. 20590

Re: Request for Confidential Treatment:  
Daimler Truck North America LLC's Response to Information Request in Preliminary Evaluation  
(PE20-006)

Dear Ms. Carlson:

On behalf of Daimler Truck North America LLC ("DTNA"), we request confidential treatment for certain information in DTNA's Response to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration's ("NHTSA") Office of Defect Investigation ("ODI") August 5, 2022 Information Request ("DTNA Response") in connection with the agency's Preliminary Evaluation ("PE") (PE20-006), which DTNA is submitting to NHTSA electronically and simultaneously with this request.

Specifically, DTNA seeks permanent confidential treatment of the following information, all of which are identified in DTNA's Response ("Confidential Information"):

- Text in the DTNA Response about (i) total count of subject vehicles manufactured for sale or lease in the U.S., as well as other requested information in its response to Question 1, (ii) information regarding the field reports and consumer complaints set forth in its responses to Questions 2, 3 and 4, (iii) information regarding the warranty claims in its response to Question 5, (iv) search methods and search criteria used by DTNA to identify the warranty claims in its response to Question 6, (v) information about the manufacturer communications issued to dealers, regional or zone offices, field offices, fleet purchasers or other entities in response to Question 7, (vi) information regarding actions, as defined in the IR, that relate to or may relate to the alleged defect in the subject vehicles in its response to Question 8, (vii) information regarding the modifications and changes made by or on behalf of DTNA in the design, material composition, manufacture, quality control, supply, or installation of the subject component, from the start of production to date, which relate to, or may relate to, the alleged defect in the subject vehicles in its response to Question 9, (viii) information regarding the design versions, components exhibiting the subject failure mode, and kits that have been released or developed by DTNA for use in service repairs in its response to Question 10, (ix) information regarding the number of each subject component and kits released or developed by DTNA for use in service repair that DTNA has sold in its response to Question 11, and (x) DTNA's assessment of the alleged defect in the subject vehicle in its response to Question 12.
- Further, the following documents submitted to NHTSA as part of DTNA's Response and the references to these documents in the text are designated as Confidential Information;

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- Excel spreadsheet titled “PRODUCTION DATA” that contains information about vehicle identification number, subject component number, date of manufacture and date warranty coverage commenced, among others, for each subject vehicle manufactured to date by DTNA in Response Folder “Q1 RESPONSE;”
- Excel spreadsheet titled “REQUEST NUMBER TWO DATA” that contains information about vehicle owner or fleet name, subject component’s serial number and DTNA’s assessment of the problem, among others, for each item set forth in subparagraphs (a) through (g) in Question 2 that relate to, or may relate to, the alleged defect in the subject vehicles in Response Folder “Q2-4 RESPONSE;”
- Copies of field reports and consumer complaints in subfolders “CONSUMER COMPLAINTS” and “FIELD REPORTS” in Response Folder “Q2-4 RESPONSE;”
- Excel spreadsheet titled “WARRANTY CLAIMS” that contains information about all categories of claims, including the details about DTNA’s customers, that have been paid by DTNA to date that relate to, or may relate to, the alleged defect in the subject vehicles in Response Folder “Q5-6 RESPONSE;”
- Copies of service, warranty, and other documents that relate to, or may relate to, the alleged defect in subject vehicles, that DTNA has issued to any dealers, regional or zone offices, field offices, fleet purchasers, or other entities in Response Folder “Q7 RESPONSE;”
- Excel spreadsheet titled “NHTSA PE20-006 Q8 List” and copies of documents pertaining to DTNA’s assessments, tests and analyses, among others, that relate to, or may relate to, the alleged defect in the subject vehicles in Response Folder “Q8 RESPONSE;”
- Excel spreadsheet titled “REQUEST NUMBER NINE DATA” that contains information about modifications or changes of the subject components that relate to, or may relate to, the alleged defect in the subject vehicle in Response Folder “Q9 RESPONSE;” and
- Excel spreadsheets titled “Aftermarket Parts” and “THP60 Parts List” that contain information about DTNA’s sales of subject component and any kits that have been released or developed by DTNA in Response Folder “Q11 RESPONSE.”

In accordance with the instructions set forth in the IR and 49 C.F.R. 512.6, DTNA has identified the Confidential Information, including the information in its narrative responses and the files and materials submitted to NHTSA in response to this IR.

The Confidential Information qualifies for protection from public disclosure under 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4) (“Exemption 4”), 49 C.F.R. § 512.15 (b) and (e), the well-known standard set forth under *National Parks & Conservation Ass’n v. Morton*, 498 F.2d 765 (D.C. Cir. 1974) and its progeny, and the U.S. Supreme Court’s decision in *Food Mktg. Inst. v. Argus Leader Media*, 139 S. Ct. 2356, 2364, 2366

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(2019).<sup>1</sup> Among other reasons, it includes confidential commercial information as described in more detail below. A certificate in support of this request is attached pursuant to 49 C.F.R. § 512.4(b).

The Confidential Information qualifies for protection from disclosure under Exemption 4 because it includes confidential commercial information. For the purposes of Exemption 4, commercial information includes information in which the submitter has a “commercial interest.” *Pub. Citizen Health Research Grp.*, 704 F.2d at 1290. Information is confidential where it is customarily and actually treated as private by its owner, regardless of whether disclosure of the information would cause substantial competitive harm. *Food Mktg. Inst. v. Argus Leader Media*, 139 S. Ct. 2356, 2364, 2366 (2019).

Setting aside whether *National Parks* and its progeny even survived the U.S. Supreme Court’s decision in *Argus Leader*, the information here squarely qualifies for confidential treatment under either standard. The Confidential Information contains information that is both commercial and confidential. This information includes details about, *inter alia*, DTNA’s (i) suppliers and customers, (ii) manufacture of subject vehicles, (iii) internal procedures pertaining to or assessments about the alleged defect, and (iv) paid warranty claims. As the manufacturer of subject vehicles, DTNA has a commercial interest in this information. DTNA customarily treats these types of information as confidential because they could be used to develop or market competing vehicles and the release of this information can damage DTNA’s goodwill. Consistent with the customary handling of the types of information composing the Confidential Information, DTNA has treated the Confidential Information as confidential and does not make them available outside the company except under assurances that they will be kept confidential.

Protecting the Confidential Information from disclosure would also be consistent with the policy behind Exemption 4. Congress enacted Exemption 4 to prevent disclosures that would “eliminate much of the time and effort that would otherwise be required to bring to market a product competitive with the [submitter’s] product.” *Public Citizen Health Research Grp. v. FDA*, 185 F.3d 898, 905 (D.C. Cir. 1999). “Because competition in business turns on the relative costs and opportunities faced by members of the same industry, there is a potential windfall for competitors to whom valuable information is released under FOIA. If those competitors are charged only minimal FOIA retrieval costs for the information, rather than the considerable costs of private reproduction, they may be getting quite a bargain. Such bargains could easily have competitive consequences not contemplated as part of FOIA’s principal aim of promoting openness in government.” *Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costle*, 662 F.2d 45, 51 (D.C. Cir. 1981). The Confidential Information squarely falls within the Exemption 4 policy interests as well.

If you receive a FOIA request for disclosure of the information for which confidential treatment is sought before you have completed your review of this request, DTNA respectfully requests notification of the FOIA request and an opportunity to provide further justification for confidential treatment, if warranted, and to allow DTNA to conduct a deeper review of the requested information.

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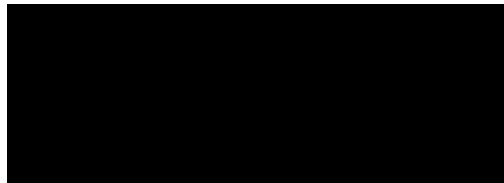
<sup>1</sup> Although NHTSA’s confidentiality standard under 49 C.F.R. § 512.15(b) applies the “substantial competitive harm” test, NHTSA issued this standard before the Supreme Court rejected the *National Parks* “substantial competitive harm” test in *Argus Leader*. NHTSA thus should assess confidentiality consistent with *Argus Leader*.

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Please contact me if you have any questions with regards to this confidentiality request.

Sincerely,



Timothy H. Goodman  
Partner

*Counsel for Daimler Truck North America LLC*

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Enclosures:

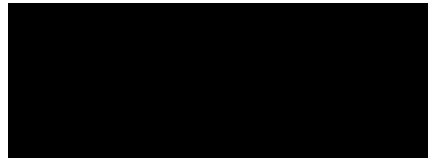
- Certificate in Support of Request for Confidentiality (DTNA)
- DTNA Response (Confidential version)
- DTNA Response (Public version)

Certificate in Support of Request for Confidentiality

I, Tiffani Torgeson, pursuant to the provisions of 49 C.F.R. Part 512, state as follows:

1. I am the Manager of Compliance and Regulatory Affairs in Daimler Truck North America LC (“DTNA”), and I am authorized by DTNA to execute this certificate on its behalf;
2. I certify that the information contained in the attached materials, and for which DTNA seeks confidential treatment, is confidential and proprietary data and is being submitted with the claim that it is entitled to confidential treatment under 5 U.S.C. 552(b)(4) (as incorporated by reference in and modified by the statute under which the information is being submitted);
3. I hereby request that the information contained in the enclosed be protected on a permanent basis;
4. This certification is based on the information provided by the responsible DTNA personnel who have authority in the normal course of business to release the information for which a claim of confidentiality has been made to ascertain whether such information has ever been released outside DTNA;
5. Based upon that information, to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, the information for which DTNA has claimed confidential treatment has never been released or become available outside DTNA.
6. I make no representations beyond those contained in this certificate and, in particular, I make no representations as to whether this information may become available outside DTNA because of unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure (except as stated in paragraph 5); and
7. I certify under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 7<sup>th</sup> day of October 2022.



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Tiffani Torgeson  
Manager, Compliance and Regulatory Affairs  
Daimler Truck North America LLC  
4747 N. Channel Ave  
Portland, OR 97217