LAW OFFICES OF

CHERRY, GIVENS, PETERS,

LOCKETT & DIAZ, P. A. POST OFFICE DRAWER 1/268- 2010 COMMINGENERS ACKSON, MISSISSIPPI 19225-428-Samuel A. Charry, Jr. 1 K. Paul Carbo 1 J. Keith Givens 4 Terry G. Key 1 Christopher E. Peters 1 lay D. Williams, J.D., M.D. I John R. Lockett ! PAX: [601] 353-0456 (801) 969-11114 arry Civeru 1 G. Joseph Diaz, Jr. Klesneth S. Womack 3 Don Stegelman 1 Carl E. Underwood, III + Frank O. Hanson, Jr. 1 John D. Ciddens William J. Wright 6 James C. House, [[] ! P. Russell Tarver 1 Tracy W. Cary Charles S. Willoughby 1 May 2, 1996 Member Alabama Ber Mark L. Reddire Member Alabara, Florida and A. Jose Connoily ! Owner Ser Alm Member Louisiana Ber Robert E. Burney, II, J.D., M.D. (Thomas N. Nickles, J.D., M.D. 1 . Also Member Coloredo Ser VIA CERTIFIED MAIL . Member Abduses and Plottle Ser Kevin D. Lewis * Marcher Alabama and Virginia Bar RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED Joseph D. Lane 3 Member Alabama and Georgia Bor 4 - Mamber Georgia Bor . Ferrest Taylor 6 VIA U.S. MAIL OFFIC MOTOR COMPANY RECEIVED Denise Henderson CLAIMS UNIT Office of General Counsel for Ford Motor Company MAY 1 3 1996 Consumer Affairs Division 300 Renaissance Center OFFICE OF THE Post Office Box 43358 GENERAL COUNSEL Detroit, Michigan 48243 Rea Our Clients: Products Liability, 1992 Mercury Grand Type of Claim: Marquis Type of Incident: Premises Fire Date of Incident: December 6, 1995

Dear Ms. Henderson:

Location of Incident:

This letter will follow our retainer by the control oncerning a fire that occurred at their property in Newton County, Mississippi on December 6, 1995.

Newton County, Mississippi

The point of origin has been traced to a 1992 Mercury Grand Marquis that was located in their garage on the night of the fire. Fire Investigators and associate experts hired by the State Farm Mutual Fire Insurance Company confirm point of origin. It is our clients' full intention to bring a cause of action in tort against the Ford Motor Company for subsequent damages.

We request that upon your receipt of this correspondence that you suspend any attempt at future contacts with our client and please direct any and all communication concerning this matter directly to me.

3000 Riverchase Suite 450 Birmingham, Alebana 35244 (205) 985-3720 Fax: (205) 985-3730 125 West Main Street Post Office Box 927 Dothurs, Aleksma 36302 (205) 793-1555 Fac: (205) 793-8280

401 Charch Street Post Office Drawer 1 (29 Mobile, Alabama 1663) (205) 432-3700 Fast (205) 432-3736

REDACTED

Denise Henderson May 2, 1996 Page 2

In the coming weeks, we will provide your office with information concerning the vehicle in question along with initial estimates of damages.

We would enjoy the opportunity to discuss this matter with you in person. Please telephone me at 1-800-459-2222.

Sincerely,

CHERRY, GIVENS, PETERS, LOCKETT & DIAZ, P.A.

By:

ANDREW MIMMS DYESS

Case Manager

AMD/lav cc: Rick & Margie Billow

13MAR97 C/O REQUESTED BY: DATA SOURCE: PANS 92-11 253400

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CSQR0004 MORS II Contact History Summary by VIN

04/24/1997 16:19:11

VIN: 2MBCM75W6NX

Year: 92 Model: GRAND MARQUIS

To TRANSFER contact information: Type a "T" in the "A" column and Press ENTER To VIEW contact information: Type a "X" in the "A" column and Press ENTER

Last Contact Form/ A Number File Type Open Date Close Date Hdlg Date Status O.R. Customer 09/07/1993 09/07/1993 09/07/1993 CLOSED _ 102703962 INQ

F1=HELP F3=EXIT F7=FIRST F8=NEXT 1020 FIRST VIN SUMMARY SCREEN DISPLAYED

OGDB191.

CSOR0062

MORS II Inquiry Contact

04/24/1997 16:19:39

ATLANTA VIN:

21. Zn/Tr; B3 M/A: 2MECM75W6NX

CONTACT NBR: 102703962

Opened: 09/07/1993 Closed: 09/07/1993

Last Name:

Analyst: 7524CW

Status: CLOSED

First Name:

Title:

Address:

ST/PV:

MI:

City: Home Phone:

Business Phone:

Zip/PC:

CC:

Yaar:

Ext:

Mileage/Km:

Model: WSD:

GRAND MARQUIS 05/15/1991

Dealer Name: KNOXVILLE LINCOLN-MERC

SALES CODE: 326242

P&A: 10310

Symptome:

Causal Code:

Inquiry Code: 401 COVERAGE

More Comments?: N

Micro Nbr: Letter Code: Comm Type: P Follow Up7: DENNIS FROM THE DEALERSHIP CALLED REGARDING THE WARRANTY, DENNIS SAYS THAT THE CASIS SCREEN SHOULD SHOW THIS VEHICLE IS COVERED BY A 48/50 POWERTRAIN WARRANTY, NOT THE 36/36 FOR MOST '92 VEHICLES. CAC ADVISED DENNIS TO CALL THE DISTRICT OFFICE OR THE BAC.

F1-HELP P3-EXIT F4-CMTS F5-ADD F6-UPD P9-CLS F10-CRN UP F11-REGN UP F12-INFO UP OGDB191 1053 REQUESTED CONTACT DISPLAYED

CSOR0010

MORS II Contact Comments

04/24/1997 16:19:49

Last Name:

Home Phone:

Bus . Phone :

VIN: 2MECM75W6ND

Ext:

Dealer:

KNOKVILLE LINCOLN-MERC

Dist/Reg: 21

CONTACT NBR: 102703962

Date: 09/07/1993

Analyst Code: 7524CW

Time: 12:21:27 File Type: INO Comm Type: Micro: P PHONE

Analyst Name: WONG POSPESHIL

Letter Code:

Comments:

DENNIS FROM THE DEALERSHIP CALLED REGARDING THE WARRANTY. DENNIS SAYS THAT THE CASIS SCREEN SHOULD SHOW THIS VEHICLE IS COVERED BY A 48/50 POWERTRAIN WARRANTY, NOT THE 36/36 FOR MOST '92 VEHICLES. CAC ADVISED DEMNIS TO CALL THE DISTRICT OFFICE OR THE BAC.

F11=CANC LTR F12=BASIC INFO F1=HELP F3=EXIT F5=ADD F7=PREV F8=MEKT OGDB191

MORS II Recall Inquiry

04/24/1997 16:20:09

VIN: 2MECM75W6NX Year: 92 Model: GRAND MARQUIS

Build Date: 04/11/1991 WSD: 05/15/1991

Campaign Number	Campaign Type	1864 Description	Campaign Status	Status ·Date	Dealer Code
94B58	. 0	OWNER GUIDE	FORCED COMPLETION	03/04/1996	AUTOC

F3=EXIT

1002 REQUESTED INFORMATION DISPLAYED

QQDB191

CSOR0024

MORS II OASIS INQUITY

04/24/97: 16:20:18

VIN: 2MBCM75W6N7

Year: 92

Model: GRAND MARQUIS

Name:

Recall Description

Calib: 218AR00

Build Date: 04/11/1991

Axle: NOT AVAILABLE

WSD:

05/15/1991

NO RECALLS

Engine: 4.6L SOHC (MODULAR) Trans: AUTOMATIC OD 4 SPEED ONP Count: 0

Message:

ESP INFORMATION: Plan Option Expiration Signature

YR Code Date

Mi/Km Date

Rent Days Tow Ded

COVERAGE DESCRIPTION: NO ESP DATA

P3=EXIT

1002 REQUESTED INFORMATION DISPLAYED

OGDB191

F1=INQUIRY F3=EXIT F4=G160 F5=G150 F8=CONTINUE SEARCH F9=G130

FLEET STATUS

DSO NUMBER :

LPENT82

ACTIVE: 01 .HISTORY: 00

ENTER CAMPAIGN NUMBER=> 94B58 VIN=> 2MECM75W6NX MODEL YEAR; 92 DEFECT: OWNER GUIDE BODY STYLE: 4 DOOR SEDAN LS NEW STATUS CODE: CAMP DIV REPAIR INFORMATION: TYPE CODE: SUPP CODE REPAIR DATE: ____ DEALER P/A: _ KIT CODE : AA CLAIM NUM: CASIS DATE MICRO REF: : VENDOR N/A INFORMATION: DELETE REASON: RESP DEALER INFORMATION: IND: MATCH CODE: 4 NEW: CURRENT: 3 22 659 ASSIGNED: 94-12-06 SOURCE: PX EXTRACT DATE: 94-11-21 ***** STATUS INFORMATION: ****** ******* REPAIR INFORMATION: ******** CLAIM# MICRO# DATE TYPE DATE P/A CL SRC CODE DESCRIPTION 96-03-04 B 96-03-04 AUTOC F FORCED COMPLETION OL N RELEASED FOR MAILING 94-11-29 H AWAITING MAILING

94-11-09

DRLETE REASON: F1-INQUIRY F2-G140 F3-EXIT F5-G130 F7-FIRST F8-NEXT F9-MORE STATUS F10=ADD STATUS F11=REVISE

1027-NO MORE DATA TO DISPLAY LPENJ82 **--**3

VIN => 2HECN75W6NX ENTER CAMPAIGE MBR ==> 94858

DEFECT : OWNER GUIDE BODY STYLE DESC: 4 DOOR SEDAN LS
RESP DEALER : 338534 BEGINNING WATLED DAME: BEGINNING MAILED DATE: 94-12-23 RELEASE DESC : NEW ISSUE TOTAL ENDING MAILED DATE : 94-12-23 FLEET CODE: FLEET MGMT LOC CODE:

CAMPAIGN DIV : 6 INITIALS: R : BILLOW LAST NAME

STREET ADDR1 : RR 1 BOX 120-A

ADDR2 : ST/PRV: MS

CTRY: CITY : COLLINSVILLE

N-A SOURCE: R N-A EFF DATE: 94-12-06 ZIP/POSTAL CODE: 39325 ***************

RESP DEALER : BEGINNING MAILED DATE:

RELEASE DESC : ENDING MAILED DATE

CAMPAIGN DIV : PLEET MGMT LOC CODE: FLEET CODE: INITIALS: LAST NAME

STREET ADDR1 :

ST/PRV: ADDR2 :

CTRY: CITY

N-A EFF DATE: N-A SOURCE: ZIP/POSTAL CODE:

F1-INQUIRY F3-EXIT F4-QUIT F5-G150 F7-FIRST PAGE F8-NEXT PAGE F9-G140

IG48-LAST PAGE LPENJ82

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI JACKSON DIVISION

STATE FARM MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE COMPANY and STATE FARM FIRE & CASUALTY COMPANY

PLAINTIFFS

VS.

CIVIL ACTION NO. 3:97cv310WS

FORD MOTOR COMPANY

DEFENDANT

DEPOSITION OF WALTER RALPH NEWELL

APPEARANCES NOTED HEREIN

Taken at the instance of the plaintiffs at the offices of Davis, Goss & Williams, Jackson, Mississippi, on Friday, June 19, 1998, beginning at 9:03 a.m.

KAREN S. HALL, CSR Mississippi CSR No. 1196 Winstead & Associates 216 Thompson Lane Jackson, Mississippi 39208 Telephone: 601-936-4466

COPY

APPEARANCES

FOR THE PLAINTIFFS:

MR. PATRICK F. McALLISTER
MR. REEVE G. JACOBUS, JR.
Williford, McAllister & Jacobus
537 Trustmark Suilding
Jackson, Mississippi 39201

FOR THE DEFENDANT:

MR. GREGORY K. DAVIS
Davis, Goss & Williams
One Jackson Place, Suite 925
Jackson, Mississippi 39201

ALSO PRESENT: Mr. Kevin Lewis
Mr. Samuel Williford

1 (Witness sworm.) MR. McALLISTER: This is the deposition of 2 being taken pursuant to notice under 3 the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure in Cause No. 3:97cv310WS. 5 WALTER RALPH NEWELL, 6 7 having been duly sworn, was examined and testified 8 as follows: EXAMINATION 9 BY MR. McALLISTER: 10 Q. 'Would you state your name for the record. 11 12 do you want to read and sign 13 Q. your deposition? 14 I'll reserve that until the end of the 15 deposition. 16 All right. You're going to let us know? -17 Yeah. 18 Α. Okay. You've had your deposition taken 19 before? 20 Yes, I have. 21 Α. How many times, do you think? 22 Q. More than 150. 23 A. 24 Okay. I'm not going to give you all the 25 standard instructions that we normally give

deponents and these about, you know, you let me know if you don't understand my question and answer yes or no, all that sort of stuff. Okay?

A. Right.

Q. And you've been through that before?

A. Yes, I have.

- Q. It's my understanding that you have been hired by Ford Motor Company to assist them in the cause and origin of an automobile fire that occurred on December 6, I believe, 1995. Is that right?
 - A. 'I believe that's correct, yeah.
- Q. I've been provided with your CV, and I'd like to ask you a couple of questions.

MR. McALLISTER: Let's have this marked as the first exhibit.

(Exhibit No. 1 marked.)

MR. McALLISTER:

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- Q. I hand you what's been marked as Exhibit 1. And as I understand it, that consists of four pages summarizing your experience and background and then a listing of cases in which you have given live testimony at trial, as I understand it. Is that right?
- A. Yeah. There's both live testimony and deposition testimony in this list.

1	Q.	Okay.
}	A.	And i

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A. And it's set out differently, but you're correct. This was prepared in response to the Federal Rules.

- Q. All right. Now, is your listing of case testimony and live testimony current as of today?
- A. Ooh, I doubt that. In fact, this may have been redone just recently and put in a different order.
 - Q. You got another copy?
- A. 'I don't -- not with me, but I'm sure -there's probably one in my office. I know my office
 manager was working on this.
 - Q. Can you get somebody to fax us one?
 - A. Probably.

MR. McALLISTER: Can we take a break and get them to fax a current copy?

A. Let me call her right quick. (Off the record.)

MR. McALLISTER:

Q. While we're waiting for your updated case and deposition testimony to be faxed to us, let me just ask you a couple of questions about your resume. As I understand it, you are the president of Newell Investigative Services?

	1
1	A. That's right.
2	Q. And what does Newell Investigative Services
3	do?
4	A. It's a fire investigation company.
5	Q. All right. Is it limited to fires?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. Okay.
а	A. That's all we do.
9	Q. All right.
10	A. Fire-related cases. Now, you can't just
11	say fire, but every case we work on is involving
12	fire somewhat.
13	Q. All right. As I understand it, you say in
14	your CV that you've handled more than 3,000 cases
15	involving structures, heavy equipment, vehicles,
16	airplanes, and water crafts?
17	A. Probably more than 4,000 now.
18	Q. Okay. What percentage of that is
19	automobile fires?
20	A. Over 50 percent.
21	Q. Okay. Has that increased over time?
22	A. Yeah. In the last 10 or 15 years, it has,
2.3	tremendously.
24	Q. And would you say today that you're doing

50 percent vehicle fires?

I A. Probably more than that. 2 Q. Sixty percent? Seventy --3 Sixty --A. 4 Q. -- percent? 5 Α. -- 65. 6 Q. Okay. 7 Α, Personally, I'm probably doing 75; but the company is probably running about 60, 65 percent. 8 9 So yours personally, you do 75. Q. I -- I would think that'd be true, yeah. 10 11 Q. Okay. What percentage of your business in 12 the last three years has been for Ford Motor 13 Company? 14 A. Of my -- of the company business, it was --I'm only -- I can only guess. I don't know the 15 16 answer to that, but -- and I can only give you an 17 approximate on that anyway. Company business, it'd 18 probably run 15, 20 percent. 19 ο. And what about yours personally? Mine personally, probably run 25 or 30 20 A. 21 percent. 22 Q. Okay. Are you the sole owner of NIS?

You have any employees?

I am now.

Okay.

Yea.

Α.

Q.

Α.

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1 Q. How many employees do you have? 2 I have a full-time office manager, one 3 full-time investigator, and two part-time 4 investigators. 5 All right. Do you hold any licenses? A. Yes. 7 And what licenses do you hold? 8 Α. Hold a private investigators license in the 9 state of Georgia and South Carolina. 10 Okay. You're not a registered engineer? Q. 11 No, l'm not. Okay. Do you have any training as an 12 13 electrical engineer? A. No. 14 15 Ο. Any education as an electrical engineer? 16 Α. Well, an -- not as an engineer. 17 ٥. That's my question, as an engineer. 18 A. No. 19 Q. Okay. You own any stock in Ford Motor 20 Company? 21 A. I wish I did. No. 22 Q. You drive a Ford? 23 Α. Yes, I do. 24 Ο. Okay. What kind of Ford do you drive? 25 I have a '98 Crown Vic and a '95 F150. Α.

- From 1995 through the cases listed, you've listed 13 trial testimonies?
 - Α. Probably.

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- Thirteen for Ford and a total of 20. Q.
- Yeah, probably. A.

two different things. Okay.

- And that'd be about a two-to-one ratio. 21 ο. that correct? 22
 - Α. Yeah.
- 24 So of the cases that have actually gone to 25 trial in which you've been hired as an expert,

two-thirds of those have been for Ford in the last 1 2 couple of years. A. According to your numbers you just read, 3 that'd be right. I've never counted them, but --5 All right. Is the listing that's being faxed to us -- will that describe the cause of 6 action in each of these cases? 7 It should, as best we had as to what the 8 9 allegation was. 10 All right. The way you have the case 11 testimony listed -- just for example, the very first 12 one is Hebert versus Ford Motor Company? 13 Α. Right. 14 Q. Does that indicate that you were retained 15 by Ford Motor Company? 16 Well, it doesn't say at all, but I know I 17 WAS. 18 Okay. In each of the cases listed in which Q. 19 Ford Motor Company is listed as a party, were you 20 retained by Ford Motor Company? 21 Α. Yee. 22 ٥. Okay. And that would be --23 Α. I have not testified against Ford, if 24 that's what you're going to ask me.

Yeah, that is what I'm asking.

A. No, I haven't.

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- Q. Okay. And that would be true for the depositions as well.
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. All right. Well, I've got some questions about these cases, but I will wait until we get your -- the updated version, which may help you remember some of these things a little bit more.
 - A. Okay.
- Q. Would you tell me, just in general, the steps you take as a cause and origin investigator in conducting a fire investigation of a fire similar to that at issue here.
- A. If you're talking about involving a consulting type investigation in -- on a case similar to this, I can; or I can tell you how I would do it if I got it originally.
- Q. Well, tell me how you would do it originally.
- A. Originally, if I received an assignment as in -- from State Farm Insurance Company, for instance, I would conduct -- I most likely would be charged with conducting an origin and cause investigation. That origin and cause investigation would not only include the fire scene, it would

include an interview with any fire fighters that -that I could locate that were present at the scene,
local investigators, the person that discovered the
fire and/or the owners. And in this case, it would
be one and the same, the residents and the people
that discovered it.

Q. Okay. What exactly would you do in conducting your investigation?

- A. In what way? What part of it?
- Q. Well, your examination of the fire scene. Let's start with that.
- A. Well, in a fire scene, I would use either the reverse or process of elimination method and use it basically as set out in NFPA 921. I would -- first and foremost, I would decide what was needed for the investigation. I would then put together the investigation in my own mind or in writing, whatever I need to; put together -- the equipment together I needed to use -- cameras, clothing, shovels, whatever is needed -- decide what facts needed to be gathered as to statements and interviews. And then once I did the scene, I probably would do it in the reverse method, which I know Jimmy Vickers does too.
 - Q. All right. Tell me what's the reverse

method.

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A. Reverse method is the method that's used probably more than any method in -- in the world, in that you begin at the point of least damage and investigate fire backwards, in reverse. It's called the process of elimination also. You investigate the fire back to the area of heaviest damage or the area of origin as you can establish; but on the way, you're eliminating or involving any other cause. Any heat producing devices have to be examined, noted, and eliminated.

Once you're in the area of origin, then you -- it becomes a much more detailed investigation as to getting down to the point of origin and hopefully the cause.

- Q. Let me --
- A. That's not always true, but it -- hopefully it is.
- Q. Let me interrupt you for a second. So you would use some sort of directional method from the point of least damage back? Is that correct?
 - A. That's right.
- Q. All right. And how would you -- so you would look for an area that was not burned at all. Correct?

- A. No, you can't -- sometimes you don't have those. Sometimes you're not blessed with that. Sometimes you have to go to the least damaged area, but there may be fire damage there.
 - Q. All right.

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- A. And you have to have a baginning and ending point. It's not a shotgun effect you use in fire investigations.
- Q. Okay. What do you look for in tracing the steps back to the point of most damage?
- A. 'Well, you're -- you're reading burn patterns, charring, fire damage, fuel load, wind direction, all sorts of things. There's no one indicator. There's many indicators. One indicator only tells you there's one thing happened, but it takes it all put together to tell you what happened.
- Q. Okay. In a consulting, is -- would that summarize how you would go about a reverse method if you were originally hired?
 - A. Yes. And --
 - Q. Okay.
- A. -- when you -- when we talk about consulting, it's -- these type cases are when I'm called in and I may not have a fire scene I can look at. It may be destroyed or it may be repaired, or

it just may be weathered and exposed to the point that it's destroyed so bad I can't do anything with it. And at that point, you use all the information available in the file, including previous reports, other investigators' information and photographs, anything you can get.

- Q. And that's what you did in this case.
- A. That's all I could do in this case.
- Q. Okay.

- A. I did have a fire scene -- I don't want to sandbag you. I did have a fire scene and I had a vehicle, but they were of no help at all.
- Q. Okay. Were the photographs taken by Mr. Vickers immediately following the fire scene helpful?
- A. They were somewhat informative, but they weren't helpful as to determining cause of the fire.
 - Q. Why not?
- A. Well, photographs are made from the eye of the photographer; and I need to personally look at the whole car, because I may understand the car better than Jimmy. I don't know.
 - Q. Or worse.
- A. Or worse, one of the two; but either way, the fair shake is to get to look at the car in that

kind of condition and be able to read the patterns
in my own mind and -- and examine it to give it the
-- the whole -- whole fair picture.
Q. For the cases listed on the case testimony,
do you know if Ford hired you on a consulting basis
or an original basis for those cases?

A. I'd have to go through each one

A. I'd have to go through each one individually to tell you that. I -- and I may or may not know now it's been so many years, but a lot of them are post-impact fires and --

'MR. McALLISTER: Is that the documents? Let's see what we've got.

MR. DAVIS: I was going to make four copies of them.

MR. McALLISTER: Okay.

A. But probably quite a few of them's going to be consulting type cases.

MR. MCALLISTER:

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- Q. Okay. The majority would be consulting?
- A. I don't know. You're putting words in my mouth. I said probably. I don't know what they are.
- Q. Well, would your detailed summary reflect that?
 - A. Could, yeah.

Q.

Okay.

- A. Some of them are going to be claims that came in early and I got to look at early on.
- Q. All right. Let me just ask you in general what steps you would take in investigating an automobile fire where the eyewitnesses to the fire state that the car had been parked for at least eight hours and that they witnessed the car burning under the hood in a specific area.
- A. Well, there's no question of what I would do. Eyewitness testimony is important; but eyewitness testimony of a layman is important only to the extent that they point you to where you're going, but you still would not change your way of investigating. You still would begin at -- at -- you follow -- trained fire investigators have an established SOP, if they're smart, and they follow an accepted method. And even with eyewitness testimony, the worst mistake you can make is go straight to where an eyewitness told you something happened, because you then have tunnel vision and you're not giving the -- the whole picture the -- the overall look that it should get. No, I wouldn't change my way of doing it at all --
 - Q. Well --

A. -- even in a car fire.

- Q. Okay. Let's take a car fire that's been sitting for a number of hours before the fire. What difference does it make if the car would be sitting there for a number of hours in determining the cause and origin of the fire?
- A. In that it would be -- you would have eliminated -- as far as the car itself goes, you would be eliminating a fuel leak fire, for instance. You would be eliminating a hot surface ignition fire, and you would be narrowing it down to most likely -- if it's in the car alone, you would be narrowing it down to -- it would have to be an energized source, such as electrical.
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. It's the only thing you would have left.
 - Q. So that would be --
- A. Or arson.
- Q. Okay. So what we're talking about is either a human act or a fire caused by an electrical malfunction of some kind.
- A. That's the only ignition sources you have left, yeah.
 - Q. Okay.
- 25 A. And I -- I -- and I emphasize if it's the

car we're talking about and it's not in the area of the car caused by something else.

- Q. That's right. We're talking about in the car.
 - A. Right.

- Q. Okay. What weight would you give to an eyewitness -- again, we're speaking just in general terms. But what weight would you give to an eyewitness who concluded or who testified that the fire was only in the car, under the scenario we're just describing here?
- A. Well, it's -- it's good weight as to what people actually see. But what people actually see have to be verified by your investigation. It ain't the other way around. You -- you -- the -- you should never take their information just to verify your investigation, period. You should do your own investigation to verify what they've told you. And their way -- I mean, their -: there's no question that eyewitness information is important. It's when you disregard it is when you get stepped on.

(Off the record.)

MR. MCALLISTER:

Q. Mr. Newell, we've been provided with your updated case testimony and deposition testimony.

MR. McALLISTER: We'll mark this as the next exhibit in this case.

(Exhibit No. 2 marked.)

- A. We might ought to staple this thing together since it's one exhibit.

 MR. McALLISTER:
- Q. we marked your case testimony and deposition testimony as Exhibit No. 2. Let me just ask you a couple of questions about some of these cases. On the first page of your case testimony, in the case styled Hebert versus Ford Motor Company, that was a case in which you were hired by Ford Motor Company. Is that right?
 - A. That's right.
- Q. And did the plaintiffs allege that a Ford automobile burned up as a result of a defect in the wiring harness?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. What was your conclusion in that case?
- A. There was a short in a wite on a fire department radio installed by Mr. Hebert, and it was a Ranger pickup.
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. And that's where the fire started.

- Q. And you concluded that there was no defect or no negligence on the part of Ford Motor Company as part of your investigation?
 - A. Yeah. It was aftermarket wiring that was actually shorted and not the -- any of the factory wiring.
 - Q. All right. On the second page, you've got listed a case from the Southern District of Ohio, Stanley (sic) versus Ford Motor Company.
 - A. That's --
 - Q. 'A garage fire?
 - A. Staley.
 - Q. Staley. Pardon me. Staley.
 - A. Right.
 - Q. Thank you.
- 16 A. Staley.

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- 17 Q. Staley. A garage fire.
- 18 \ A. That's right.
 - Q. Do you recall why Ford Motor Company was sued about a garage fire?
 - A. Well, a garage fire is what it really was. These are cases that I went back -- the allegation was it was an electrical fire. It turned out to be a garage fire. The fire actually started in the garage, and the jury found that it did too.

Okay. But the plaintiffs contended that it was an electrical fire in a Ford automobile? 2 In a Lincoln Town Car. 3 Lincoln Town Car? ٥. 4 5 Α. Uh-huh. 6 Q. What did they allege the defect was? 7 It was a manufacturing defect in that they Α. alleged a wire, that they couldn't even tell us 8 9 where the wire went, was pinched when the inner fender well was installed at the bulkhead and the 10 wire was pinched between the two. 11 12 Q. And they -- their experts -- the plaintiffs' experts in that case concluded it was an 13 electrical fire originating --14 15 A. Right. -- in the automobile? 16 Q. 17 Right. Α. How did you reach the conclusion it was a 18 19 garage fire as opposed to a fire originating in the 20 automobile? Well, first off, we -- we reached it by the 21 22 fact that the car contained no burn patterns from an 23 interior fire. It was all from exterior entering 24 through the right front wheel well. Their own

photographs showed the fire originating in items

Q.

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_	stored in a pattery charger and some other items
2	that were stored directly adjacent to the car.
3	Q. Okay. For the Hebert case, were you hired
4	on a consulting basis?
5 .	A. Yes.
6	Q. So that was after the fact?
7	A. Yes.
8	Q. Okay. And did you have the fire scene and
9	the automobile to examine at that point?
10	A. Nothing.
11	Q. 'Okay. And the Staley case, were you hired
12	on a consulting basis?
13	A. I had the vehicle, yes.
14	Q. Okay. And how much after the fire did you
15	examine the automobile?
16	A. I don't remember. Within a year.
17	Q. All right. The next case you've got listed
18	is Hoffman versus Ford Motor Company.
19	A. Right.
20	Q. And you've got that listed as a garage fire
21	as well?
22	A. Right. Started in a garbage can where hot
23	ashes from the fireplace had been dumped that day.
24	Q. Okay. And why was Ford Motor Company sued

in that case?

- A. Well, today I still -- I -- they -- they came up first with a -- a cool-down fan system, then they came up with an ABS system. And it was all electrical, but they had three different reasons before it was over with; and then -- Court of Appeals threw it out, the whole thing. Went up on spoliation issue to the Court of Appeals.
 - Q. So the jury found for the plaintiffs?
- A. It never went to jury trial. It -- this is in Minnesota. And don't ask me how it all works, but it went -- there was a -- we had a hearing before the judge, testimony hearing, on spoliation. And then it went up to Court of Appeals, and the Court of Appeals threw the whole case out.
- Q. All right. Let's just talk about this a little bit. I want to make sure I understand. In the Hoffman case, the plaintiffs alleged that there was an electrical fire. Is that correct?
 - A. Right.

- Q. Okay. And you concluded it was not an electrical fire, but rather a fire arising from ashes from a fireplace.
- A. Yes, that were placed in a rubber trash can against the front bumper of the car.
 - Q. All right. And were you hired on a

consulting basis in that case?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. And you say it went up to the Court of Appeals on the spoliation issue. What do you mean by that?
- A. That's all I can tell you. I'm not a lawyer.
- Q. Okay. Well, what do you mean by the spoliation issue?
- A. Spoliation issue came down as a result of the insurance carrier had hired an attorney; and prior to Ford being put on notice, the house was destroyed, even after an attorney was on board. And we were never given a chance to even look at the house. And Ford was put on notice some 30 days after the house was destroyed.
- Q. Okay. Well, was part of your conclusion that you could not reach a determination as to the cause and origin of the fire?
- A. That didn't have anything to do with it. I said all the time it was the trash can.
 - Q. Okay. So --
 - A. That the fire originated in the trash can.
- Q. The spoliation issue had no effect on your opinion.

- A. (Shook head negatively.) I -- no. I had an opinion, but I believe I could have proved it without question had I been able to see the house, because none of the investigators had even examined and asked about the trash cans, and then it came up in statements later.
 - Q. Let me just ask you a question. In this case, you have asserted that "There is no protection of the evidence and exfoliation is involved, in my opinion."
 - A. 'It should be spoliation.
 - Q. Spoliation. Okay.
 - A. Yeah.

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- Q. Did you reach that same opinion in the Hoffman case?
 - A. No.
- Q. Okay. The case listed on November 16, 1996, is that the same case?
 - A. Yeah.
- Q. Okay.
- 21 A. Where are you at? In depositions?
- Q. No. I'm on the same page.
- 23 A. Well....
- Q. You see it down there on the same page?
- 25 A. Yeah. I don't know -- we went -- we went

in to testimonial type hearings more than once on this. I don't know why that's on there twice. I think the November 16th should be the right one.

- Q. Okay. Every place you've got listed -- for example, on the Queen City Foods case, hydraulic fire, is that the conclusion that you reached? Does that reflect the conclusion you reached?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. Not necessarily what the plaintiff alleged, but what you concluded.
 - A. 'Right.
- Q. Okay. Well, the other Ford Motor Company cases on the second page, was there any allegation that the fire was electrical in origin?
 - A. No.
- Q. Okay. On the third page, beginning with the Wasilik case, were there any allegations in the cases listing Ford that the fire was electrical in origin?
 - A. No, none of these are.
- Q. And I'm not going to go any further back than that. I realize it's hard for -- you do a lot of work and it's hard to remember all these cases dating back to 1980-whatever, but let's turn to your deposition summaries.

Okay. You're going to see a lot of the 1 A. same ones over again. 2 3 On May 14, 1998, you apparently testified for Ford Motor Company in a case filed by Anita 4 5 Evans. Is that right? A. Yes. 6 7 alleged that a fire was And Q. 8 caused by a faulty ignition switch. Is that 9 correct? 10 Α. Yes. Q. And what conclusion did you reach in that 11 12 case? It was a ground fire caused by exhaust --13 Α. catalytic converter system. 14 15 Okay. Were you hired on a consulting basis? 16 That -- I testified live in that one 17 too. I don't know why she's got it on deposition 18 19 but doesn't have it on live testimony. Do you know if Ford --20 ٥. Well, I know why. I know why. I see it's 21 A. 22 May 14th. I just testified in this case last 23 Monday. Q. Oh, okay. 24

A. That's why it's --

- Q. This is pretty familiar then.
- A. Yeah.

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- Q. This is pretty familiar then. Did the fact that your conclusion was that it was a ground fire caused by the catalytic converter system -- would that have relieved Ford of liability in that case?
 - A. It would have.
 - Q. And why is that?
- A. Because there's a warning against it, number one; and number two is it's an accidental fire that -- it's not a design defect. It's not even a manufacturing defect. Catalytic converters -- there's warnings in all owner's manuals about driving in dried grass and parking in the stuff because of the high temperatures.
- Q. Okay. You also testified on May 4 for Ford in a case filed by Brown Company Agricultural. Is that right?
 - A. Right.
- Q. And Brown Company also alleged a faulty ignition switch?
 - A. Right. Brown County.
 - Q. Brown County?
 - A. Yeah. That's --
- 25 Q. Okay.

A. -- Brown County Agricultural.

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- Q. Okay. What conclusion did you reach in that case?
- A. Well, they recovered the ignition switch and there's nothing wrong with the ignition switch, but I don't know what caused the fire. I don't even know where the fire began.
- Q. So you determined it was not a faulty ignition switch, but you made no opinion as to what the cause of the fire was.
 - A. '(Shook head negatively.)
- Q. Okay. Why did you conclude it was not the faulty ignition switch?
- A. Because I was -- I was one of the leaders of the investigative task force for ignition switch fires in 1995, and I was one of the leaders that studied the ignition switch fires, and I know what I'm looking for when I look for an ignition switch fire. I know the earmarks and I know the damages that are caused by ignition switch, and there was nothing wrong with this ignition switch.
- Q. But Brown County had an expert that concluded it was an ignition switch fire?
 - A. (Nodded head affirmatively.) Yeah.
 - Q. Okay. And you just disagreed with his

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1	conclusion.
2	A. I've never agreed with the man on anything.
3	Q. This particular
4	A. This particular expert.
5	Q. Well, who was it?
6	λ.
7	Q.
8	A. Uh-huh.
9	Q. Where is to out of?
LO	A. Minnesota.
11	Q. 'Okay.
.2	A. I'm not trying to be smart; but if you
.3	don't want an answer, don't ask me a question
4	because I answer them, I guarantee you.
.5	Q. That's what I'm looking for, an answer to
L6	all my questions.
.7	A. Okay.
в	Q. You're going to tell me everything I want
.9	to know. Right?
0	A. Yeah. Some things you might not want to
21	know.
22	Q. Some things I might not want to know,
33	Second page.
4	A. Okay.
25	Q. Do you recall that case?

32 1 A. 2 Q. Yeah, I --3 λ. It's also -ο. -- remember it well. 5 6 -- an alleged ignition switch fire. 7 that --8 λ. Uh-huh. 9 Q. -- correct? 10 Α. Right. Q. And I take it you concluded it was not an 11 ignition switch fire. 12 I could not make a conclusion on it. 13 case was settled. 14 Okay. Well, did you render a report? 15 No. I gave a deposition. 16 Okay. And in your deposition, as I 17 understand it, you couldn't determine one way or the 18 19 other? . I couldn't make a determination on it Α. 20 21 period. 22 Q. Okay. Why not? Too much damage to everything. 23 At Locke, 1997, that's also an alleged-24 25 ignition switch fire? Is that correct?

Right. 1 Α. Okay. And what was your conclusion reached 2 in that case? 3 I don't really remember what that -- I 5 remember where Locke was, but I don't remember all б the story on Locke. I can't quite answer that 7 question. Q. You don't recall what your report was? 8 No. It was in Jackson, Tennessee, is the 9 only thing I can remember about that case. 10 Q. 'Okay. You also have a 11 That doesn't have a type of fire. Do you recall 12 what type of fire that was? 13 No. The only reason -- we only knew, 14 15 according to our books, that I had given a deposition in it. We don't have the file anymore. 16 17 Q. All right. You have a listed 18 without a cause. Do you know what type of fire that 19 was? 20 A. Yes. What type of fire was that? 21 Q. That was a lady that hit a tree. 22 23 a post-collision fire. Post-collision fire? 24 Q. A. (Nodded head affirmatively.) 25

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What was

conclusion?

He thought it was electrical, just inside

1	the vehicle on the passenger side.
2	Q. Okay. Do you know what happened to that
3	case?
4	A. It was settled for some small amount just
5	prior to going into the courtroom. I don't remember
6	what it was.
7	Q. You also have a listed where
8	you were representing Chrysler.
9	A. Right.
10	Q. Do you recall that case?
11	A. 'Yeah. I represented Chrysler on that case.
12	Q. Okay.
13	A. No, I'm sorry. I represented the plaintiff
14	in that case.
15	Q. You represented the plaintiff in that case.
16	A. Yeah, I represented the plaintiff in that
17	case.
16	Q. Okay. Let's talk about that case for a
19	minute.
20	A. Yeah. That burnt a house down.
21	Q. Burned a house down. Similar to what we
22	have in this case.
23	MR. DAVIS: Object to the form of the
24	question.
25	

Q. Is that correct?

- A. I don't agree that the car burned the house down in this one necessarily; but it was a case where the Chrysler actually did burn the house down, yes.
- Q. What we've got in this case is a car being burned up and a house being burned up. Correct?
 - A. We have them both burned, right.
- Q. That's what you had in the Shirley Brown case?
 - A. Yeah.
- Q. Okay. Tell me what you had to look at in that case.
- A. I had a house still smoking when I got there in fact, but --
 - Q. Okay.
- A. Had a house burn down out in the country. Car was still in position, no debris had been removed. I got to do the full nine yards on that case.
- Q. And you were hired by the plaintiff in that case?
- A. I was hired by their insurance carrier originally.
 - Q. And it's not unusual for the insurance

1	carrier to hire a cause and origin immediately after
2	the fire. Is that correct?
3	A. I've made a lot of money from insurance
4	companies doing that
5	Q. And that's
6	A in my career.
7	Q. And that's exactly what Mr. Vickers did in
8	this case.
9	A. Yea, it is.
10	Q. Okay. Do you know Mr. Vickers?
11	A. 'Known him for over 20 years.
12	Q. Okay. Is he a good cause and origin
13	investigator?
14	A. He's a good man.
15	(Off the record.)
16	
17	Q. Just before we broke, I asked you about Mr.
18	Vickers, and you said he was a good man. Is he a
19	good cause and origin investigator, is my question?
20	A. As far as I'm concerned, he's a very
21	competent cause and origin investigator.
22	Q. Okay.
23	A. and I don't always agree, but I
24	respect
25	Q. He said pretty much the same about you.

A. We've been friends a long time.
 Q. Let's go back to

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- Q. Let's go back to for a minute. How did you determine that the fire in that Chrysler originated in the wiring harness?
- A. By doing a complete origin and cause investigation and bringing it down right to that point. I also -- after doing my origin and cause in getting to that point, I also relied on witness information and the history of the vehicle as well.
- Q. Okay. Well, what led you to conclude it was a wiring harness fire?
- A. Well, all my burn patterns led straight out of that area behind the glove box in the instrument panel assembly of this Chrysler outward and upward and into the wall of the house right adjacent to it and into the attic overhead. And the fire spread from there throughout the remainder of the structure.
- Q. What did Chrysler contend was the cause and origin?
- A. Well, they must have concluded what I did because they paid off the whole thing.
- Q. Do you know if they hired a cause and origin investigator or not?
 - A. They had engineers. They had a lot of

people look at it. I don't know if they ever had a 1 CAO person look at it. 2 Do you know what they concluded one way or 3 the other? 4 A. No. Okay. 6 Q. I know they settled it. Α. 7 8 Q. · I believe ·-I gave a deposition before they settled it, 9 10 though. Q. 'I believe we've already discussed the 11 Hoffman case. You also testified live in that case. 12 Is that right? 13 I testified several times in That 14 thing went over and over and over again. 15 Okay. And the rest of the Ford Motor 15 Company cases listed on the second page -- pardon me 17 -- the third page of your deposition listing, were 18 any of those fires alleged to be electrical by the 19 plaintiff? 20 21 A. Bazzoni. Well, it's not on that page. 22 Which page are you on? . 23 Α. I'm on the same page we were on with 24 25

A. Oh.

Q. -- which is the third page. For example, on Farmers Insurance, you've got coolant fire listed. As I understand it, that's your conclusion, not necessarily what the plaintiff alleged.

Correct?

- A. Right. They -- they alleged a gasoline leak. I remember that one. That's a motor home fire.
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. There's no other electrical on that page.
- Q. Okay.
 - A. Staley we've already talked about.
 - Q. Okay. Plateau Energy?
 - A. Oh, yeah.
 - Q. Let's talk about that case for a second.
- A. That one was an electrical fire, but it was in a different set of circumstances than the allegations.
 - Q. What were the allegations?
- A. Allegation was it was a wiring harness that became pinched behind the engine block on the bulkhead, when, in fact, it was wiring in the same area, but it was for a snow plow that had been put on aftermarket.

So you concluded it was afterwarket wiring 1 Q. 2 as opposed to a defect by Ford. 3 A. Right. Okay. 4 Q. Must have. I -- that one went to trial 5 Α. 6 too. Okay. You also have a listed. 7 Do you recall what the allegation was in the 8 That was - was a collision death 9 case, but I don't remember all the story on it. 10 Q. Okay. Didn't have anything to do with an 11 12 alleged electrical fire. 13 A. No. Q. Bazzoni? 14 Yeah. 15 λ. What do you recall about that case? 16 Q. Bazzoni was an alleged wiring harness fire 17 A. in the engine compartment of a car -- a Crown Vic, 18 in fact -- when, in fact, it turned out to be a fire 19 20 in a garage that burned out of the garage and the house fell on the car. 21 Okay. And how were you able to -- were you 22 hired on consulting basis for that one? 23

Okay. And how were you able to reach that

Yes, I was.

A,

Q.

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conclusion?

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A. The only -- the only way I could reach that was the -- I did have the car to examine in that one. I did not have the house, but we had very good photographs -- numerous photographs, had a live video made by a witness, the fire department, eyewitnesses, and a number of things that -- that added up; and -- and, in fact, some of them -- the car wasn't even on fire and the house was on fire.

- Q. And you base that on the testimony of the eyewitnesses?
 - A. And the burn patterns on the car.
- Q. Okay. And burn pattern -- and you did have the car.
- A. Yeah, I had the car. I didn't have the house.
- Q. So spoliation was not an issue in that -
 - A. No.
 - Q. Okay. Let's talk about your investigation -- your consulting investigation in this case. If you would --
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. -- if you would walk me through what you did in this case.

Α. What I did in this case was review all the 1 2 materials forwarded to me by counsel. 3 Q. Let's talk about what materials you were forwarded by counsel. 4 Okay. Three statements taken by a State 5 Α. Farm Insurance Company representative from and 6 well, actually, two of them are Mr. 7 and one is with and 8 9 Q. Okay. One dated December 7th, 1995; one dated 10 December 11th, 1995; and one dated -- another one 11 12 dated December 7th, 1995. Notice of deposition. You already know about that. 13 Q. What is that next document? 14 Well, my next one -- I was going to put 15 them in order, but the next one I pulled out was my 16 17 report. Okay. Your two-page report? 18 Q. 19 A. Right. 20 Q. Okay. That's the original. The next one I pulled 21 A. out is my billing sheet. 22 23 Q. Okay. Then there's a letter to Mr. Davis saying 24 Α.

here are your photographs, send me some money.

- Q. He's good about that.
- A. No, actually, it just says here are your photographs. Next one is a letter from Mr. Davis to me, reference Leonard Bible and where he -- wherein he has forwarded me documents to review, dated January 28, 1998.
 - O. And the documents are?
- A. Under the Bible -- in Bible: (a)

 Plaintiffs' expert reports from James Vickers and

 Rick -- Richard Kovarsky, and (b) photographs.

 Under you got (a) plaintiffs' expert reports

 from James Vickers and Richard Kovarsky, (b)

 photographs, (c) statements of
 - Q. Okay.

A. The next item I have in the file is the designation of plaintiffs experts. And near as I can tell, there's only one expert and that's Jimmy Vickers. And that's dated December 12th, 1997.

The next item I have is a report prepared by Burgess O. Young, Ford Motor Company, dated March 27th, 1998. This was not considered in my opinion, but it's in my file. And I don't know what we're going for here, what I considered or --

Q. Well, let's just find out what you got in your file. A. Okay.

- Q. But you didn't consider Young's report from --
 - A. No.
 - Q. -- in your opinion.
- A. No.
- Q. Okay.
 - A. The next item is component location views. This is part of a Ford manual on the 1993 Crown Vic and Grand Marquis. I believe, if I remember correctly, these were attached to Mr. Kovarsky's report.
 - .Q. Did you consider those documents?
 - A. No. I had seen them before. Next item is a report dated December 8, 1997, from Pyro-Technical Investigations, Incorporated. That's Mr. Kovarsky's report, with photographs, or actually laser copies of photographs.

The next are a set of photographs that I'm not sure who they belong to, dated December 3rd, 1997. They may be Jimmy Vickers' photographs, but I'm not positive about that. I -- I -- and they could be Kovarsky's, but I don't see any dates -- yeah, I do too. Excuse me. These are photographs made the same date as Mr. Kovarsky's, but they're

not in the same order. I'm assuming from the looks of them, they're the same photographs, but sort of like the ones you had a few minutes ago that had been shuffled. I just can't make out whose they are. They appear to be Kovarsky's, but I'm not positive about that.

- Q. All right.
- A. They're dated the same time and they're the same materials, but they're not in the same order.

MR. DAVIS: They would be Kovarsky's, but they're just not a part of his report. So he just took extra photos and apparently gave me a copy of them.

(Off the record.)

A. Next item is a fire cause determination prepared by James Vickers with attachments, and then there are laser copies of photographs taken by Mr. Vickers.

- Q. All right.
- A. I've -- I've also -- I thought I had also received hard copies on this from Mr. Vickers, but I -- maybe it was on the other file. And that's it.
- Q. All right. Now, those are the informations that you were provided with in doing your consulting

report?

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- A. That's the file information, but I have also examined the vehicle and the structure.
- Q. All right. Well, if you would, if you'd take me through your examination and how you derived at the conclusion you reached in your report on a step-by-step basis if you could, sir.
- A. Well, first thing I did, of course, is after -- after receiving the materials from Mr. Davis is I read the statements and reviewed the other expert reports that were forwarded to me and considered that information. Then afterward, I came to Jackson area and I examined the vehicle at Copart, and then traveled up near Meridian and looked at the structure, what was remaining of it.
- Q. Okay. And after you did those things, how did you come to the conclusion that you reached in your report of February 16, 1998?
- A. It was in that considering all the information and evidence available to me and considering the amount of damage to the vehicle, the condition of it, the exposure of the structure and all that, my basic and final conclusion was that I couldn't make a determination of exact cause and origin.

- Q. So you don't necessarily disagree with Mr. 1 2 Vickers. You just say you can't reach the same 3 conclusion by virtue of the span of time? Span of time and the failure to protect the 4 A. vehicle and -- from the elements and provide me with S the same ability to examine it fully as he had. I б can't do it. And I don't necessarily disagree with 7 him, and I can't agree with him because I don't 8 9 know. Okay. So you're not able to reach a 10 Ο. conclusion one way or another. 11 12 Well, that's what I said. Okay. Q. 14
 - I cannot. I'm unable to reach a factual Α. determination.
 - It's my understanding that you were hired by Ford on July 16, 1997? Is that correct?
 - I believe that's right. Whatever that letter is, it was just prior to that.
 - And you actually conducted your inspection on February 5th, 1998. Is that right?
 - 4th or 5th, whatever the photographs say. A.
 - Why did you delay that six-month period in ٥. making your examination?
 - I haven't a clue. A.

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- Q. Do you know when Ford was first notified of this fire?
 - A. No.

- Q. Okay. If I understand your testimony, would it be fair to say that what Ford should have done was immediately hire a cause and origin investigator to come out and investigate the scene and the automobile after being notified of the fire?
 - A. Not necessarily.
 - Q. Why not?
- A. Well, just because you're notified of a fire doesn't mean that you have a responsibility there. I'm sure they were awaiting some kind of information as to what the allegations were or what the proof was or what -- who's saying what or anything about it. I just don't know the answer to that because I'm not a Ford employee.
- Q. If Ford was notified on November 22nd, 1996, that State Farm's investigation considered the fire to be electrical in origin and making a demand on Ford for \$140,000, should that have provided Ford with some information to cause -- well, strike that. Should that have provided Ford with sufficient information, in your estimation, to hire a cause and origin investigator rather than waiting until

1 February of 1998 to do that?

MR. DAVIS: Object to the form of the question. That is a question for Ford Motor Company, not necessarily for Mr. Newell.

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- Q. You can answer it.
- A. I can't answer the question because, number one, I don't know all the inner workings of Ford. I don't know all their policy. I'm an outside independent investigator contacted by them when needed; and I can't speak for them, so I can't answer that.
- Q. Okay. But a delay of time, in your estimation, caused you to conclude that you can't reach a conclusion one way or the other on the cause and origin of the fire?
 - A. No.
 - Q. That's not correct?
 - A. That's not -- that's not what I said.
 - Q. All right.
- A. What I said was the failure to protect the evidence and -- i.e., the car and the house -- was just as bad, if not worse. The car was in as worse condition as I've ever seen a burned automobile to be stored in a salvage yard. It was covered in mud.

It was sitting in a water hole. It's burned all to pieces, had no tarp on it and no protection whatsoever; and when it was hauled to me, I couldn't tell hardly one end of it from the other it was in such bad shape.

Q. All right. And do you know if that was the condition of the automobile in November of '96 when

A. No, I don't.

Ford was first notified of this fire?

- Q. You say you examined the statements of the Billows as part of your investigation? Is that right?
 - A. Yes, I did.

Let's mark this as the next exhibit.

(Exhibit No. 3 marked.)

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Q. Let me hand you what's been marked as

Exhibit No. 3, which is a statement dated -- by

and dated December 11, 1995 --

A. Right.

- Q. -- and ask you a couple of questions about that. Is it a fair statement -- well, let me ask you this: Do you recall reading that statement?
 - A. Yeah, I read it. I read all three of them.

I	Q. Okay. Is it a fair statement that the
2	stated in their recorded statement that the
3	fire was coming from the automobile and nowhere
4	else?
5	A. That's right.
6	Q. And they said it was on the left-hand side
7	of the front tire?
8	A. That's what they said.
9	Q. Okay. And that they testified that there
LD	was nothing on the lawn mower?
11	A. I'll have to read that. I don't remember
12	the lawn mower part. That was that later statement,
L3	I believe.
L 4	Q. Well, actually, it's on the second page of
L5	this statement. Down towards the bottom, it says
. 6	A. Oh, yeah. Yeah, yeah. Yeah. That's
L7	right
18	Q. Do you have any reason to disbelieve
L9	anything they've said in this statement?
20	A. No. I've never talked to the people. I
21	have no reason to disbelieve it.
12	Q. All right. On the third page of the
33	statement, gives a fairly lengthy
4	statement about what he saw: and

Yeah.

1 Q. -- he said he saw a glow coming from 2 underneath the fender wheel. I think he meant the fender well. 3 Fender well. I think --4 ٥. 5 A. Yeah. 6 Q. -- you're right. 7 Α. Yeah. 6 And then he realized that the fire was up in the engine compartment of the car. 9 A. 10 Right. Q. Okay. Do you have any reason to disbelieve 11 12 that? 13 A. No. Okay. On page 4, 14 atated that "When we were in the front of the car, we could tell 15 on both sides of the car that it was only confined 16 to one corner at that time," then he says, "on the 17 left hand side." Do you have any reason to 18 19 disbelieve that? 20 A. Wait a minute. Where we at? 21 We're on page 4, the second A. "When we 22 were on -- when we were in the front of the car, we 23 could tell on both sides of the car that it was only

confined to one corner at that time," and then it

goes on to say, "on the left hand eide."

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A. Well, I can't necessarily go along with that because I've burned too many cars and -- and, you know, I'm -- I'm not a mind reader, but I know we're dealing with lay people who are not fire people. And when a car is on fire in the engine compartment, you -- you may see it in one spot, but there may be a lot of fire in another spot in the engine compartment you don't necessarily see unless you raise that hood, and I mean get that hood up there. But --

- Q. 'But that's what they --
- A. -- you know --

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- Q. That's what the eyewitness saw.
- A. That's what he saw. That's what they saw.
- Q. Is there any reason to believe that this fire originated -- based upon the statements of the Billows, is there any reason to believe that the fire originated anywhere other than somewhere under the hood of the car?
- A. Based on their statement, there is no other reason -- no reason to believe otherwise.
- Q. Okay. Did you find any physical evidence or any photographs to support a conclusion that the fire originated somewhere other than the hood of the car?

- A. No, I can't.
- Q. Okay.

- A. I couldn't.
- Q. Did you in your examination of the physical swidence and your reviews of the reports of Mr. Kovarsky and Mr. Vickers find any evidence supporting their conclusion that the fire was electrical in origin and that it originated under the hood of the car in the left-hand front corner of the automobile?
- A. 'No. I didn't find any evidence to support that either, not in the parts and evidence that Jim -- Mr. Vickers has in his possession that I examined. I don't see that.
- Q. Did you find any evidence to contradict their conclusion that that's where the fire originated?
- A. No. I haven't found evidence to contradict their conclusion based on that. What I did see was the -- oh, shucks. I don't want to get these cars mixed up. No, I can't tell one way or another --
 - Q. Let me tell you --
 - A. -- based on this car.
- Q. -- you wouldn't be the first one to get them mixed up. I'm sorry. I interrupted you.

- A. No, that's all right. Considering the amount of damage to the car. I couldn't make a determination, period; so I can't agree or disagree with them on that. But in examining the parts removed by Mr. Vickers and in his possession when I looked at them out there, I found nothing wrong with the parts that would cause the fire.
- Q. Is it correct to say that you would agree that an automobile that had been sitting for 12 hours where a fire originated under the hood must have been of an electrical origin?
 - A. If that's the case, that's true.
- Q. Well, that's not quite my question. Would there be an alternative basis for the fire if it originated under the hood of the automobile --
 - A. I --

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- Q. -- after it had been sitting for 12 hours?
- A. Well, only in that it could have been set on fire, but I don't see any evidence of that here. With the containers that -- I don't know what else was in that garage other than what's in the photographs and what I saw out there. Based on what I know, I can't tell you where the fire started. If there's nothing involved but the car after 12 hours, nothing else, then you only have one energy source

and that's the electrical circuitry in some way.

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- Q. Okay. And so if the are telling the truth and that's where the fire originated from and nothing else was burning when they examined it, it must have been of an electrical origin.
- A. If -- all things considered, it was -- it was probably electrical. Now, the next question is: What other part -- equipment is in that car? Is it all factory vehicular or is there any aftermarket, or is there anything that's been done to the car to change that? It's not necessarily a defect that causes an electrical problem.
- Q. Did you find anything to indicate that there was any aftermarketing electrical equipment installed in the vehicle that could have caused this fire?
- A. How could I? There was no way. This car was too far gone.
 - So the answer is no?
 - A. The answer is no.
- Q. Okay. So if I understand your testimony, then, assuming the second are telling the truth that the fire was electrical in origin, that's the most likely cause of the fire.

MR. DAVIS: Object to the form of the

question. 1 2 Is that correct? 3 Assume -- I don't -- I don't like the word 5 "assume," but I won't argue that point with you. Okay. 6 Q. A. All things considered, if there's nothing 7 else involved and everything is as the 8 then it's electrical. That's right. All right. In the December 11, 1995, 10 11 statement of 12 states --A. Which one of the December 11s? 13 The one that's marked as Exhibit No. --14 Q. · · 2 - · 3. 15 Α. 16 Q. -- 3. 17 A. Three. Okay. states, I believe, that he 18 Q. saw dripping plastic onto the tire. Correct? 19 20 Yes, he said it was onto the tire. 21 Q. Okay. 22 Well, that's not all he said. I want to be fair to his statement. 23 24 Q. Sure. Let's do that. 25 And when he went out the door, which is on

the same side as the left front tire of the car,

"... the very first thing I saw was something

dripping down and on fire and there was a puddle of

material that was on fire beside the left front

tire." And that probably has bothered me more than

anything in the statement.

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- Q. And, in fact, he says it's plastic material dripping down. Correct?
- "Then I saw a --" wait a minute. I lost my -- I lost my place. Let me go back and start it again. "... the very first thing I saw was something dripping down and on fire and there was a puddle of material that was on fire beside the left front tire. That's the first thing I saw. Now, the way he's describing that, it sounds like two separate fires he's talk -- he sees there, is the way I read that: something dripping on fire and then there's a puddle of material that's on fire. And the reason it bothers me is because my experience with melting plastic and fender wells is as soon as they hit cold -- cold concrete, they almost immediately go out because they cool so quickly.
- Q. All right. It's correct to say that at least what Mr. Billows said he saw was dripping

plastic.

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- A. He did see -- evidently, he saw that.
- Q. Now, in Mr. --
- A. That's what he said.
- Q. In Mr. Kovarsky's report, he states that:
 Given the location of the air suspension compressor motor, it's well protected by casual contact that might occur during normal maintenance activities within the engine compartment. He also testified or in his report states that it is surrounded by plastic. Is that accurate, first of all?
- A. Let's go back to the first part of his statement there. What was it he said, now? And where are we?
- Q. He said: Given the location of the air suspension compressor motor, it is well protected from casual contact which might occur during normal maintenance activities within the engine compartment. The location of this unit actually requires a significant amount of deliberate action to uncover and gain access to the motor. Is that correct?
 - A. I don't have a problem with that.
- Q. Okay. Is it correct to say that the -that that area surrounding that pump is all plastic?

No, it's not correct to say that, but there 1 A. is a lot of plastic around there. Have you examined an exemplar of the 3 vehicle? Α. I've seen lots of them. Q. Okay. And there is -- it's not all plastic, but 7 you're in an area of probably more plastic than θ anyplace in that engine compartment. 9 Okay. Q. 10 A. 'That, and the air handling system and --11 12 and lots of things in that area. Q. All right. Have you examined Mr. 13 14 Kovarsky's report? 15 A. Yes, I have. All right. Mr. Kovarsky points to 16 photographs which he lists as photograph No. 6, I 17 believe. 18 Yeah. Somebody mounted mine upside down, 19 Α. but I have it. 20 We probably did that if we sent it to --21 22 to --

Yeah, we probably charged some extra for

that. Where he says he found -- he found melted and

Is that extra?

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beaded copper at the end of one of the conductors

and that that was indicative of electrical

short-circuiting involving this conductor.

- A. Are we talking about photograph 6? Is that what we're talking about?
 - Q. That's what he says.
 - A. Okay.

- Q. Now, do you agree or disagree with that conclusion?
 - A. I disagree.
 - Q. All right. And why is that?
- A. What you're looking at right there is -- I looked at that conductor too, and my experience -- I'm not an electrical engineer, but I've looked at a lot of electrical wiring in my life; and that stretched piece of wire says it was stretching while it was melting. It doesn't mean it necessarily shorted.
 - Q. Could it mean it was shorted?
- A. Well, what comes first, the chicken or the egg? It could have. But in this photograph, it shows stretching effect, that the wire had tension on it during a melting sequence.
- So you're not denying that it could have shorted.

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1	A. Yeah. Well, any wire in there could have
2	shorted, but they they didn't show any evidence
3	of it.
4	Q. Are you saying that there's no physical
5	evidence in photograph 6 of Kovarsky's report that
6	indicates a short-circuiting?
7	A. I don't see it.
8	Q. Okay. And you say you're not
9	A. And evidently didn't see it
10	either because
11	Q. 'Well, you you say you're not an
12	electrical engineer. Right?
13	A. No, sir.
14	Q. Do you know if Mr. Kovarsky is?
15	A. Do I know who he is?
16	Q. Do you know if Mr. Kovarsky is an
17	electrical engineer?
18	A. Well, that's what his paperwork says.
19	Q. So he is an electrical engineer.
20	A. II guess.
21	Q. Do you have any reason to doubt that?
22	A. No. I don't know him.
23	Q. Did you take a photograph of that same
24	item?
25	A. I'm not sure.

- Q. Let me give you your photographs and see if you can point that out to me.
- A. (Reviewed photographs.) I don't seem to have one from close-up. I think I have the same piece, but I don't think I took a close-up one of it. I know that photograph is that. That's the same one. And I believe this was it right there.
- Q. What you're referring to is photograph No. 55. Is that correct?
 - A. Right. I remember seeing that.
- Q. 'And it's your contention your photograph

 No. 55 is a photo of the same piece of copper wiring
 as figure No. 6 in Kovarsky's report?
- A. Yeah. He's got a real -- a magnified close-up of one end of the wire and I have all the wire laying there. I didn't magnify it because I just didn't see a reason to.
- Q. All right. So you disagree with that conclusion of Mr. Kovaraky.
 - A. Yes.

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Q. Okay. Mr. Kovarsky also concludes that the left front cast-aluminum wheel had melted during the course of the fire and there was partial melting at the right front of the vehicle, and he references figures 31 and 32 in his report.

Okay. Okay. 1 Α. Would you agree with that conclusion? 2 Yeah, I don't have a problem with that. 3 Okay. Would that be a directional indicator of the fire? 5 Could be a lot of things, not necessarily a 6 directional indicator. It could be what -- the left front could be in a trap corner where the heat 8 progression was much higher versus ventilation on 9 the other side. It could be water was put on the 10 other side before it was put on the left side. 11 Could be a lot of things. I don't -- you can't --12 Well, let's go through those. 13 -- put that a hundred percent into it. 14 15 Let's go through those. The testified that they poured water on the left side 16 not the right side. Correct? 17 Α. That's correct. 18 So that would not be consistent, would it? 19 How much water? I only read a couple of 20 pitchers of water. 21 Well, it would not be consistent with 22 water, if I understand your testimony. 23 And fire fighting is what I said. 24

Well, actually you testified water, but you

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Q.

want to change that to fire fighting?

- A. Well, putting water on it by fire fighters is what I'm getting at.
 - Q. Okay.

- A. I -- I knew Billows put water on it. I read that.
- Q. All right. Now, you say that it is not necessarily a directional indicator from where the fire originated. Could it be --
- A. That's correct.
 - Q. Is that one of the things you would look at in making a determination as to whether that's a directional indicator?
 - A. It would be if this car was sitting out in the open, yes. But when the car is in a carport or in a garage, it can change it drastically. You have to be very careful with that.
- Q. Did you examine the layout done by Mr. Vickers?
 - A. Yea, I've seen his sketch.
 - Q. Okay. Is there any indication that the left front corner was in a closed-in area as opposed to the right front corner?
 - A. Yes, there was.
- Q. Okay. And what is the space differential

between those two?

- A. Well, it doesn't matter. I don't know. The problem is that the left front corner was up in the corner where the utility room and the door into the house cornered, and that's a trapped area. Plus, when the house burned down, it's applying more heat to that side of the car than it was to the opposite side of the car because that's the side the house was on. The other side is nothing but open carport area, so you don't have the fuel load on the opposite side. I expected this left front wheel to be more damaged than the right front wheel.
- Q. Well, wasn't there a gas can right next to the right front tire?
- A. Yeah, but it never turned over. It was sitting upright the whole time. Didn't have anything to do with it.
 - Q. Well, was there gasoline in it?
- A. Well, I don't know that, but it wouldn't have mattered.
 - Q. It wouldn't have mattered to you?
- A. No, it wouldn't have mattered, because unless you turn the can over, the only thing you're going to get from that can is vapor ignition coming out of the top of it.

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- Q. Mr. Kovarsky concludes that a pump control unit for the anti-lock brake was located on the top side of the -- on the top of the left side frame rail near the left front corner of the engine.
 - A. Uh-huh.

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- Q. Says an examination of this unit found evidence of melted aluminum with the heaviest melting of aluminum occurring on the left side of the pump, and he references figures 38 and 39. Do you agree or disagree with that conclusion?
- A. 'Yeah, I -- I agree that it was mounted there. I agree there's melted aluminum there. Yes I --
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. -- I think he's correct.
- Q. Would that be a directional indicator of the fire?
 - A. No, it won't.
 - Q. Why not?
- A. Directly above this unit is a power steering reservoir, and directly behind this unit is a master cylinder reservoir, both of which contain a good quantity of combustible liquid. And when they start burning -- in particular this power steering reservoir. It's holding about a quart of power

steering fluid -- this stuff runs all over that place. And it's probably all over this pump, because I've seen it get on them before during a fire. And once that oil starts burning -- this is cast aluminum you're looking at, and it'll melt at about 750 degrees and start distorting. So you can't put a lot of weight on this one item here. Up higher, now, on the engine block, you can -- you can use that aluminum cast a lot better.

- G. So you would completely disregard that as a directional indicator.
- A. I wouldn't completely disregard it. I wouldn't say, though, that it's the Bible, that it -- this is the only piece of evidence.
- Q. That's right. That's one piece of evidence you would look at. Correct?
- A. Right. But you've got to remember when "
 you're looking at these cars what other fuel load is
 there. You can't just say, This is it. And I see
 no -- I don't think he even considered the fact
 we've got a quart of power steering fluid dumped in
 this area, right on -- right down -- it goes right
 down onto this and onto the frame rail.
- Q. So if I understand what you're telling me, that is, one of the things you would look at is a

directional indicator, but it's not the only thing;
and you need to take into consideration the power
steering fluid as well, which is --

- A. The fuel load around it. That's what I'm getting at.
 - Q. Okay.

- A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Mr. Kovarsky also finds evidence of short-circuiting in figures 17 and 18.
 - A. Right.
- Q. Do you agree that that -- that those photographs contain evidence of short-circuiting?
 - A. Yes and no.
 - Q. Okay. Let's talk about the yes, first.
- A. All right. The yes is -- is possible, but I can't disagree that it happened. And that's in -- in photograph -- figure 17, as you're looking at the photograph, it'll be the upper left arrow.
 - Q. Uh-huh.
- A. The one on the right I don't think has anything to do with it. That's -- that's a ball, simple ball of melted copper. And figure 18 is, I think, the same wiring but from a different angle, best I can tell.
 - Q. I think you're right.

A. And I agree with the one on the right could be. Not necessarily caused the fire, but it very well could be a short.

Q. Okay.

- A. The one on the left, I think, is a different view of that -- of another ball adjacent to the one he had in figure 17.
 - Q. Okay.

- A. But the balls don't mean anything to me except this small strand wire got hot enough to melt.
- Q. Let's back up a little bit. I want to make sure I understand what you're telling me. Mr.

 Kovarsky concludes that that is evidence of short-circuiting; and if I understand what you're telling me, you say it may be evidence of short-circuiting.
 - A. It very well could be, yeah.
 - Q. And that's because it is melted --
 - A. Well, it's welded.
- Q. -- copper.
- A. It appears to be welded together. Just being melted don't tell me.
 - Q. Okay.
- 25 A. No. Melting -- melting just means that the

copper reached its melting point --

Q. Okay.

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- A. -- for one reason or another.
- Q. And you said that that's not necessarily what caused the fire.
- A. That's correct. What comes first, the chicken or the egg?
- Q. Okay. So you're not disputing that it may have caused the fire, you're just saying it didn't necessarily cause the fire.
 - A. Right. That's what I say. I don't know.
- Q. Mr. Kovarsky concludes that the fact that there was short-circuiting on the wires by the air suspension compressor indicates that the fire was on the left side of the vehicle and progressed to the right side. Do you agree or disagree with that conclusion?
- A. I don't -- without being able to see it in complete detail, I can't strictly answer the question. But just because there's shorting on the left don't mean the fire started on the left.
 - Okay. May mean that, but not necessarily.
- A. It could mean it, but it don't necessarily mean it, no.
 - Q. Okay. Do you agree that the electrical

schematics for the vehicle indicated that there is a constantly hot feed to the compressor motor solenoid?

- A. I -- I don't understand the schematics well enough to answer that question.
- Q. Okay. So you don't know whether or not that was energized or not?
- A. I've read the description; but to read the schematics, they're a lot more difficult.
 - Q. Do you believe --
 - A. 'I would defer that to -- to an engineer.
- Q. You don't know if it was energized or not, one way or --
 - A. No, I don't.

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- Q. -- another. Okay. Mr. Kovarsky concludes that it's his opinion that the most probable cause of the short-circuiting which caused the fire was damage to the wiring insulation that occurred during the manufacturing of the vehicle. Do you agree or disagree with that?
 - A. I disagree.
- Q. And why is that?
 - A. Because it's probable the dog would have caught the rabbit if he hadn't stopped to rest too, but it don't mean that's what happened.

Probabilities in fire investigations and possibilities are the worst things you can have. Either it is; it isn't; or I don't know. That's the only true facts in fire investigations. Now, he's an electrical engineer and he can say that if he wants to, I guess; but just because there's a short, it doesn't mean it caused the fire.

Q. All right. Let's get back to my question.

The question is: Do you agree or disagree that

that's the most probable cause of the

short-circuiting which caused the fire?

MR. DAVIS: Object to the form --

A. I --

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Q. Or do you not know?

MR. DAVIS: Object to the form of the question.

A. I don't know.

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Q. Okay. That's fine. Do you have any reason to disagree with Mr. Kovarsky's conclusion that the fire was accidental?

A. No, I don't have any reason to disagree with that statement.

Q. Okay.

- A. I don't know, but I don't have a reason to disagree with it.
- Q. Well, in your examination of the photographs taken by Mr. Vickers the day following the fire and your examination of the fire scene itself, was there anything that would lead you to believe that the fire was anything other than accidental?
- A. I don't know, because had I had the vehicle in the same condition as Mr. Vickers had it, I could probably say no, there was no evidence of arson at all; but I can't answer that question because I didn't have that. And Jimmy and I both have looked at vehicles that have been set on fire in the hood before. I think he's very competent; but I don't see the evidence, and I wasn't there and I didn't get to see that.
- Q. Okay. Let's talk about Mr. Vickers' report for just a minute.
 - A. We didn't identify this, did we?
 - Q. No. That's all right.
- A. Okay. I've been known to run off with stuff.
 - Q. Are you familiar with the term "blueing"?
- 25 A. Blueing?

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Q. Blueing.

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- A. Oh, yeah.
 - Q. And that's b-l-u-i-n-g? Is that right? Or b-l-u-e? You tell me.
 - A. You can spell it either way, I guess.
 - Q. How do you spell it?
 - A. 9-1-u-e-i-n-g.
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. And -- I don't know that it matters how you spell it.
 - Q. 'What does that mean?
 - A. Blueing is a discoloration that occurs to metal. It's a change in color due to heat application.
 - Q. And what is it indicative of?
 - A. Usually, it's indicative of either one of two things or both: either a very intense high temperature fire or a long-sustained high temperature fire. You can get it sometimes on types of metal from a quick hot fire, but usually in automobiles it's consistent with a -- a continued sustained temperature.
 - Q. Photograph No. 18 of Mr. Vickers' report is a photograph, if I understand it, of the left front corner?

- A. Hold on a minute because I have copies

 hers. They're numbered, though. These are. Yes.

 My color is better than yours.
 - Q. Let's make sure we're looking at the same thing, because I think we've got them upside down, actually.
 - A. No, I think they're on there wrong.
 - Q. Well, mine are on here right.
 - A. Yeah, these are wrong. Why don't I just use the real photograph. Well, I can look at yours, either one.
 - Q. Looking -MR. DAVIS: The real photograph is not the same.
 - A. No, they're not.

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- Q. Let's make sure we're talking about the same thing. We are looking at photograph No. 18 in Mr. Vickers' report. Correct?
- A. If these stayed in the report, that's correct; but they're not numbered to -- wait a minute. Here's the problem. Here's where the problem is. Somebody has taken black and whites and tried to put photographs over them, and I do that in my office. I know how that works.

- All right. Q. 1 A. Let's go with what you got, though. 2 3 Q. Let's go with what we got here. And we are looking at Mr. Vickers' original report. 4 Uh-huh. 5 Α. And we're on page 15 of the report. б looking at photographs No. 17 and 18. Correct? 7 That's right. A. 8 All right. Photograph No. 18: 9 correct to say that is a photograph of the left 10 front cotner of the vehicle? 11 Left front fender, that's right --12 13 Q. All right. -- and engine compartment. 14 Α. And engine compartment. Photograph No. 17 Q. 15 is the right front --16 17 Α. Yes. -- fender. What is the orange on 18 photograph No. 177 19 20 It's called rust. That's rust? 21 ο. Yeah. 22 Α. Okay. And what does that indicate in terms 23 Q.
 - Usually that the fire intensity is on the A.

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of fire?

opposite side of that fender well. Rust shows up on the opposite side -- on an automobile it shows up primarily on the opposite side of where the heat application is.

- Q. Okay. Is that a directional indicator?
- A. Yes, it is.

- Q. And you would consider that an indicator that the heat was more intense on the opposite side?
- A. In the -- in the engine compartment at the rear of that fender well near the bulkhead assembly'--
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. -- or, as commonly called, the fire wall.
- Q. And photograph No. 18, would that be considered a blueing of that fender?
 - A. No.
- g. Okay. And why not?
 - A. Well, it's too blotchy. The blueing is -is usually -- looks like -- see if I know how to
 describe it. May I look at these photographs?
 There --
 - Q. Sure.
 - A. -- may be one. Blueing is usually very shiny and reflective of light. And what it has done is tempered the metal and burned all the primer and

all the paint off, and it's actually turned the metal into a actual blue color. This is a -- a serious heat application where the tire burned off, but this car -- you very seldom get blueing on this type of car because the hood is aluminum and it -- it disintegrates rather quickly in a fire and allows --

Q. That's all.

. 24

- A. -- ventilation; whereas, if a steel hood were on there, it would capture and keep the heat constant coming up in there and you'd get a blueing effect more readily.
- Q. Okay. Mr. Vickers found in his report and he states that the heavier melting to the aluminum window frames around the eastern end suggested the fire was most intense here, substantiating the origin of the fire as being near the eastern end of the structure. Would you agree or disagree with that conclusion?
- A. Well, I can't disagree with him. According to the fuel load -- and I didn't get to see the structure, but -- I'm not even sure what direction we're talking about now, but I --
 - Q. All right.
 - A. That is an indicator of fire -- fire

progression --1

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- Q. Okay.
 - Α. -- is what it is.
 - Mr. Vickers also finds that there was glear Q. evidence that the fire originated within the motor compartment of the Mercury parked in the garage. Wiring samples were taken along the left side of the motor compartment, as well as a small motor which had burned loose and fallen to the concrete under the left side. Do you believe that the fact that a motor would have burned off and fallen would have been an indicator as to the origin of the fire?
 - Α. No.
 - Place of origin? Q.

MR. DAVIS: Object to the form of the question.

No, that's -- that's not an indicator as to A. the origin when you have a complete vehicle burn, because his own photographs -- I think when you look through them, you'll see a lot of parts laying on the floor.

- Okay. Q.
- And there's a lot -- many things turn loose during a fire and fall out of a car.

- Q. Now, if I understand your testimony throughout this deposition, you don't disagree with Mr. Vickers' conclusion that the fire originated in the left front corner of the automobile, you just can't reach a conclusion one way or the other.
- A. I -- I can't reach a final determination, no.
 - Q. Okay.

I

- A. But I did not -- I -- I don't want to -- if we go into trial in this thing, I don't want you to say I didn't answer that question. I want to make it clear that I not only can't, but I -- the evidence that he has, I didn't see any evidence that that's what started the fire. I just don't know what started the fire.
- Q. Have you seen any evidence that will lead you to believe that the fire originated somewhere—other than the left front corner of the automobile?
- A. I -- I can't answer the question even, because the condition of the vehicle, I can't even tell you which corner it started in.
 - Q. Well, that's not my question exactly.
 - A. Well, I know what your question was.
- Q. Okay. Well, I'd like an answer to my question.

A. Your question is: Do I see anything that indicates it started anywheres other than the left front corner.

- Q. Right. And what's the answer to that question?
- A. The answer is I don't know. And the reason the answer is "I don't know" is I don't where it started because I don't know -- have enough evidence to say what corner it started in.
- Q. You still haven't answered my question.
 And I'm hot trying to argue with you.
 - A. I know. I don't want to back --
 - Q. Well, you -- you and I have both --
 - A. -- myself in a corner either.
- Q. You and I have done this both a number of times. My question is -- is this: In your examination of all the evidence, including Vickers' report, Kovarsky's report, photographs taken by yourself, photographs taken by Vickers, photographs taken by Kovarsky, your review of the statements of the Billows, did you find anything to indicate -- any evidence to indicate that the fire originated somewhere other than the engine compartment of the automobile on the left front corner?
 - A. No, but I also didn't find any evidence it

started anywheres else either. I don't know where it started. 2 Okay. 3 Q. Let me have just a minute. (Off the record.) 5 6 ., that's all the questions we have for you. Appreciate your time. 7 I'll read, please. 8 MR. DAVIS: I may have a few questions. EXAMINATION 10 11 BY MR. DAVIS: Q. All right. you reviewed the 12 13 report of James Vickers? 14 A. Yes. Okay. And in Mr. Vickers' report, in the 15 16 table of contents, he listed that there was an electrical engineer's report on page 48. 17 Well, I got to find the table of contents. 18 Oh, I'm locking -- I'm sorry, That's Mr. Kovarsky's 19 20 report. Page 487 21 Q. Yes, sir. 22 Yes. That's A. 23 Q. Did you --A. . -- Ph.D. 24 Did you review report? 25 Q.

A. Yes.

- Q. Do you know Mr. Owens?
- A. Yes, I do.
- that he says, "After a close inspection of the burned vehicle and samples from the burned vehicle, it is my professional opinion that there is no evidence which conclusively indicates the ignition source of the fire was associated with the electrical system. The damage was so extensive that evidence of electrical involvement could have been obscured by the fire"?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And do you understand that inspected the vehicle on January 5th, 1996?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Okay. Were you able to find any conclusive evidence that the fire was associated with the electrical system of this vehicle?
 - A. No, sir.
- Q. And also in the table of contents, it lists page 50, automobile damage consultant's report.
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Did you have a page 50 to review?
- 25 A. No, sir. No. Forty-nine is as far as I

go.

- Q. All right. And did you also review in Mr. Vickers' conclusion his last sentence, that the more probable cause for the fire was an electrical failure possibly around the alternator terminal?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Did you find any evidence that there was a failure around the alternator terminal?
- A. No. I found fire damage around the alternator terminal but no failure.

'MR. DAVIS: That's all I have.

FURTHER EXAMINATION

BY

- Q. I've just got another couple of questions for you based upon that. You've reviewed Dr. Owens's report?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Is it correct to say that found intense blueing indicating intense heat in the area where the air suspension system compressor and its motor was mounted?
 - A. That's what he said.
- Q. Okay. Do you have any reason to disbelieve that?
 - A. Well, I didn't see it. I don't have any

belief -- any reason to disbelieve John, no. l 2 Q. Okay. But that's also -- again, that's also the 3 same place there's a quart of power steering fluid's 4 going to dump. 5 Okay. And he found melted copper in the 6 engine compartment as well. Correct? 7 Oh, I believe that, yeah. 8 Okay. Q. 9 There's a big misconception about what the 10 temperatures can reach in an engine compartment. 11 That's all I have. 12 (Deposition concluded at 10:49 a.m.) 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

I, KAREN S. HALL, Court Reporter and Notary Public, Rankin County, Mississippi, do hereby certify that the foregoing 87 pages, and including this page, contain a full, true and correct transcript of the testimony of as taken by me by means of Stenograph machine at the time and place heretofore stated in the aforementioned matter and later reduced to transcript form by me to the best of my skill and ability.

I further certify that I placed the witness under oath to truthfully answer all questions in this matter under the authority vested in me by the State of Mississippi.

I further certify that I am not related to or in any way associated with any of the parties to said cause of action, or their counsel, and that I am not interested in the event hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this the 17th day of July, 1998.

CSR No. 1196

My Commission Expires: 8/2/99



PROFESSIONAL RESUME

OF

WALTER RALPH NEWELL

I General Information

A Pentium

President

Gainerville, GA

Talephene

B. Residence

Gaissoville, GA

C. Personali

Birthdate: June

Children: Two

II. Professional Summary

A. Education:

Gamerille, GA

GRD Residence

EXHIBIT

B. Specialized Training

Georgia Police Abadomy

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Southeastern Arron Sominar University of Georgia, 480 hrs Instructor Staff

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North Carolina Fire Marshal's Institute, Greenshove, NC 40 hours

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IAAI Seminar, 1966 Vancouver, British Columbia 52 hours

IAAI Santistar, 1986 Atlante, Georgie, 32 hours

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International Association of Areas Investigators

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Vice President, Metro Arson. Association (Two terres)

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Advisory Committee

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Department Gaineville, GA
December 1968 to May 1974
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chief jeiler, criminal
istenefigator, ruck captain.

INS Investigation Bureau, Inc. Atlanta, GA, 4-15-74 in 10-81 Duties: Investigator, special agent, special agent expression, chief special agent.

Kennedy & Kennedy, Inc. Vine President, Ootober 1981 to July 15, 1982.

Named Investigative Services July 15, 1982 to Present

G. Miscellaneaux

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City Court Lake Charles, Louistans; Parish of Calcasieu

Case Number 95-739 NISI No. 1996-065 I

September 17, 1997

/Bryant Electric

Circuit Court Hamilton County, Tennessee; Division II

Case Number: 89-CV-924 NISI No. 1986-235 I

June 4-6, 1997

v. Ford Meter Company

U.S. District Court Southern Ministippi; Jackson Division

Civil Action Number: 3:94CV448-B-N

NISI Na. 1996-065 I

May 5, 1997

Ford Motor Company

244 Judicial District, Jefferson Parish, Louisiana

Case Number: 487-418 NISI No. 1996-042 I

April 21-24, 1997

v. Ford Motor Company

U.S. District Court Souther District of Ohio; Eastern Division

Case Number: C2-95-307 NISI No. 1995-085 I

March 31- April 8, 1997

.

* Ford Motor Company •

NUSI No. 1994-078 I

March 13 & 14, 1997

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NESI No. 1990-171 I

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September 25, 1996

September 12, 1996

May 29, 1996

Ford Motor Company March 3, 1997 Circuit Court 64 fudicial Circuit Finalles County, Plorida Case Number: 93-2290-CI NISI No. 1994-026 I Ford Motor Company December 4, 1996 Circuit Court Cook County, Chicago; County Dept./Law Division Case Number 921.9345 NISI No. 1996-054 I November 16, 1996 Ford Motor Company NISI Na. 1994-078 I Ford Motor Company November 15, 1996 NISI Na. 1996-024 I Ford Motor Company November 12, 1996 NISI No. 1995-078 I November 1, 1996 Ford Motor Company Circuit Court Beltimore City Case Number: 95264025 CL202371 NISI No. 1995-105 I October 21, 1996 Ford Motor Company NISI No. 1994-071 I

NISI No. 1994 (30 I

NIST No. 1993-082 I

NESI No. 1993-140 I

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	May 6, 1996	Chronic Court 1st Indian Case Number: 94-000 MISI No. 1994-095 I		Ford Motor Company orlet of Jasper County, Mississhppi 4-0026
	1995	NISI No. 1994-125 I	▼.	State of Georgia
	May 8, 1995	NISI No. 1993-039 I	٧.	Georgia Рагио Виссан
	October 10, 1994	NISI No. 1992-145 I	V.	State of Georgia.
	May 5, 1994	1994-066 I	7.	Ford Motor Company
	May 4, 1994		₹.	State of Georgia
	April 6, 1994	NISI No. 1990-172 I	₹.	State Capital Insurance
	March 1, 1994	NISI No. 1991-092 I	٠.	Statu
	Pelmusry 17, 1994	NISI No. 1994-032 I	₹.	Ford Motor Company
-	Peinuary 8, 1994	NISI No. 1991-179 I	₩.	State Farm Instrumes Company
	January 21, 1994	NISI No. 1994-017 I	₹.	Black & Decker
	August 20, 1993	NISI No. 1993-095 1	٧.	Timothy Crambles
	August 17, 1993	NISI No. 1993-093 I	v.	Ford Motor Company

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Date Unknown	NISI No. 1985-009 I	₹.	State Parts, Insurance
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1984-123 I	₹.	State Farm Insurance
Date Unknown	MISI No. 1984-085 I	٧.	Sentry Indeputy
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1984-073 I	7.	Maryland Casualty
Date Çaknowa	NISI No. 1984-056 I	٧.	New Hampshire
. Deto Unknown	NESI No. 1984-044 I	7.	Continental Impresses
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1984-007 I	₹.	State Farm Insurance
Data Unknown	NISI No. 1983-093 I		
Dain Unknown	NISI No. 1983-015 I	İ	
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1983-011 I	.▼.	Travelers Insurance
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1983-003 I	`₹,	*U.S.F. & G. Imprence *
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1982-042 I	₹.	St. Paul Insurance
Data Unknown	NISI No. 1982-036 I	٧.	Ga. Underweiding

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Date Unknown

Date Unknown

Date Unknown

NISI No. 1982-025 I

Date Unknown

NISI No. 1982-021 I

Date Unknown

NISI No. 1982-019 I

Date Unknown

V. New Hampshire Inc.

NISI No. 1982-016 I

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May 26, 1993	NISI Na. 1993-080 I	▼.	Alfa Institute Company
1992	NISI-No. 1986-045 I	. ▼.	Ford Motor Company
October 1992	NISI No. 1991-050 [٧.	Alfa lastirance Company
October 12, 1992	NESI No. 1992-146 I	v.	Georgia Farm Bureau
September 15, 1992	NIST No. 1989-066 I	٧.	Georgia Farm Bureau
June 9, 1992	NISI No. 1989-086 I	٧.	State Farm Immurance
May 11, 1992	NISI No. 1990-214 (₹.	Georgia Parza Burean
April 7, 1992	NIST No. 1990-012 I	₹.	Ford Motor Company
April 1, 1992	MISI No. 1990-109 I	· 7 4	Ford Motor Company
January 28, 1992	NIST No. 1990-157 I	*	Federated Instrumes
January 23, 1992		: - '	-
January 6, 1992			
August 20, 1991	NISI No. 1989-184 I	*.	Amera Refriguration

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May 30, 1991	NISI Na. 1991-089 I	₹.	Georgia Farns Burean
March 28, 1991	NISI No. 1991-062 I	v.	Miller Oil
January 14, 1991			
November 9, 1990	NISI No. 1990-1941	Y .	State Farm Insurance
November 9, 1990	NISI No. 1990-195 I	₹.	State Farm Insurance
August 6, 1990	NISI Na. 1990-149 I	₹.	O'Mark Industries
February 15, 1990	NISI Mg. 1990-038 I	∀.	St. Paul Insurance
September 1, 1989	NISI No. 1989-183 I	₹.	Nationwide Insurance
1988	NISI No. 1985-159 I	٧.	Ford Motor Company
November 28, 1988	NISI No. 1988-241 I	.₩.	Seath Carolles Insurance
October 28, 1988	NISI No. 1988-222 I	7.	Ford Mater Company
May 9, 1985	NESI No. 1988-164 [. •.	O'Mark
December 30, 1987	NISI No. 1987-244 I	₹.	Federal Kampur

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Date Unknown		. 7.	Ford Motor Campany
	NISI No. 1986-249 I	•	Tananan Carpery
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1986-191 I	₹.	Actua Insurunce
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1986-146 I	.4•	State Ferm Insurance
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1986-143 I	T. ,.	Hanover Insurance
Dete Unknown	NISI No. 1986-0781	₹.	St. Paul Insurance
Date Unknown	John & Sandy Messey NISI No. 1986-067 I	٧.	Ga. Vederwriting
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1986-060 I	₹.	Georgia Farm Bureau
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1985-178 I	₹.	Georgia Farm Burean
Date Unicrown	NISI No. 1985-164 [₩.	Cincinnati Insurance
Data Unknown	NISI No. 1985-157 I	₹.	Georgia Farm Bureau
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1985-144 I	₹.	Ford Motor Company
Daté Unknown	NISI No. 1985-108 I		David Kazan
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1985-068 (₹.	Federated Insurance

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	October 1, 1987	NISI No. 1987-1811	₹.	Preferred Blok Manual
•	August 25, 1987	NIST No. 1987-161 I	. 4.	Susan Boleyn & Majestic Paint
	Angust 11, 1987	NISI No. 1987-155 I	₹.	Black & Decker
	July 16, 1987	MISI No. 1987-125 I		
•	April 24, 1987	NISI No. 1987-896 (₩.	American (secretar
	April 13, 1987	NOSI No. 1987-090 I	₹.	State Farm Insurance
	Merch 10, 1987	NESI No. 1987-058 I	₹.	Alabama Farm Borean
	December 8, 1986	NISI No. 1986-235 (7,	Travelors Inquirance
	October 6, 1986	NISI No. 1986-185 I	Y.	Ge. Underwriters
	March 20, 1986	NISI No. 1985-044 I	▼.	Travelers Insurance
	June 11, 1985	NIŜI No. 1985-087 I	.• .	-
	1983	NISI,No. 1983-058 I	₹.	Travelars Insurance
	Date Unknown	NISI No. 1987-129 I	٧.	Klinger Electric Company

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DEPOSITIONS OF WALTER BALPH NEWELL

August 19, 1997	NISI No. 1997-038 I	٧.	Ford Motor Company
July 30, 1997	NISI No. 1997-056 I	₹.	Ford Motor Company
July 17, 1997	NISI Ng. 1997-00), I	٧.	Ford Motor Company
May 27, 1997	Ņ USI No. 1996-071 I	₹,	Ford Motor Company
February 21, 1997	NUSI No. 1994-027 I	₹.	State Farm Insurance
January 21, 1997	NISI No. 1994-057 I	₹.	Ford Motor Company
January 8, 1997	NESI No. 1994-026 I	٧.	Ford Motor Company
October 4, 1996	NESI No. 1994-127 I	v.	Civilian Club
October 3, 1996	NISI No. 1995-0921	▼.	Pomds
September 23, 1996	NISI No. 1994-011 I	₹.	Ford Motor Company
September 18, 1996	NISL No. 1994-072 I	. 47	Southern States Supply
August 20, 1996	NISI No. 1996-054 I	. ₹.	Ford Motor Company

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July 23, 1996	8155 AO. 1595-105 I	₹.	Ford Motor Company
July 18, 1996	NISI No. 1994-104 I	₹.	Chrysler
April 17, 1996	NISI No. 1996-024 I	₹.	Ford Motor Company
April 9 & 25, 1996	NISI No. 1995-086 I	٧.	Ford Motor Company
March 28, 1996	NISI No. 1994-078 I	٧.	Ford Motor Company
March 25, 1996	NISI No. 1994-044 f	٧.	Georgia Fatza Bureau
Pehruary 15, 1996	NISI No. 1995-023 I	₹.	Ga. Power
February 13, 1996	NISI No. 1995-085 I	₹.	Ford Motor Company
February, 1996	NISI No. 1995-104 I	· v.	Ford Motor Company
July 31, 1995	NESI No. 1993-121 I	T .	Auto Ownes
July 3, 1995	NISI No. 1995-048 I	₩.	Ford Moter Company
January 25, 1995		٧,	General Motors
January 12, 1995	NISI No. 1994-066 I	₹.	Ford Motor Company

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CASE TESTEMONY OF WALTER

April 9, 1998

v. Jack Ernest Power

Superior Court for the County of Elbert, Criminal Division.

Case Number: 96-0R-140-B NISI No. 1996-074 I

- Arson - .

December 15, 1997

v. Sheila Brysn

Superior Court for the County of Coloniu

Criminal Number: 97CR-494

NISI No. 1996-068 I

- Murder/Arson -

October 9 & 10,1997

y, Ferd Motor Company

City Court Lake Charles, Louisiana; Parish of Calcasieu

Case Number: 95-739 NESI No. 1996-065 I

- Electrical Fire/Wire Harness -

September 17, 1997

Bryant Electric

Circuit Court Hamfiton County, Tennessee, Division IT

Case Number: 89-CV-924 NISI No. 1986-235 I

- Computer -

Sunc 4-6, 1997

v. Ford Motor Company

U.S. District Court Southern Mississippi, Jackson Division,

Civil Action Number: 3:94CV448-B-N

NISI No. 1996-065 (

- Post Collision Fire -

May 5, 1997

Ford Meter Company

24th Judicial District, Jefferson Parish, Louisiana

Case Number: 487-418 NISI No. 1996-042 I

- Exhaust System Fire -

EXHIBIT

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April 21-24, 1997

Ford Motor Company

U.S. District Court Souther District of Ohio; Eastern Division

Case Number: C2-95-307 NISI No. 1995-085 [

- Garage Fire -

March 31-April 8, 1997

Ford Motor Company

NISI No. 1994-078 I

- Garage Fre -

March 13 & 14, 1997

Meldale

NISI No. 1990-171 I

- Hydoudic Fire -

March 3, 1997

Ford Motor Company

Circuit Court 6th Judicial Circuit Pinellas County, Florida

Case Number: 93-2290-CI NISI No. 1994-026 I

- Collision Fire -

December 4, 1996

Bord Mator Company

Chrack Court Cook County, Chicago; County Dept./Law Division.

Case Number 921.9345 NISI No. 1996-054 X

- Collision Fire -

November 16, 1996

Ford Mater Company

NISI No. 1994-078 I

- Gurage Fire -

November 15, 1996

Ford Motor Company

NISI No. 1996-024 I

- Coolent Fire -

November 12, 1996

Ford Motor Company

NISI No. 1995-078 S

Gasoline Fire -

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November 1, 1996

v. Ford Motor Company

Circuit Court Baltimore City

Case Number: 95264025 CL202371

NISI No. 1995-105 I

- Collision Fire -

October 21, 1996

ν.

Ford Motor Company

NISI No. 1994-071 I

- Employee Fire -

September 25, 1996

V.

Alfa Insurance Company

NISI No. 1994-030 [

- Arxon House Fire -

September 12, 1996

NISI No. 1993-082 [

v. Georgia Farm Bureau

- Arson House Fire -

May 29, 1996

v

Grange Mutual

NISI No. 1993-140 I

- Arson House Fire -

May 6, 1996

v. Ford Motor Company

Circuit Court 1st Indicial District of Jasper County, Mississippi

Case Number: 94-0004 and 94-0026

NISI No. 1994-095 1

- Past Callision Fire -

1995

State of Georgia

NISI No. 1994-125 L

- Anson/Murder -

May 8, 1995

v.

Georgia Farm Bureau

NISI No. 1993-039 I

- Arson House Fire -

October 10, 1994

.

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State of Georgia

NISI No. 1992-145 I

- Arson House Fire-

PLONE NO.: 77823875953 Jun. 19 1998 69:8944 PS



May 5, 1994	v. 1994-066 I - Post Costision Fire -	Ford Metor Company
May 4, 1994	- Arson/Murder -	State of Georgia
April 6, 1994	v- NISI No. 1990-172 I - Amor	State Capital Insurance
March 1, 1994	v. NISI No. 1991-092 I - Sukrogation -	Stein
February 17, 1994	NISI No. 1994-012 I Post Collision Fire	Ford Motor Company
February 8, 1994	NISI No. 1991-179 I	Statz Parm Immzagce Compagy
famiary 21, 1994	NISI No. 1994-017 I - Appliance Fire -	Risck & Decker
August 20, 1993	NISI No. 1993-095 I - Arson/Murder -	Timothy Crumbley
August 17, 1993	V. NISI No. 1993-093 [- Aflegad Wire Harvess Fire	Ford Motor Company
May 26, 1993	v. NISI No. 1993-080 I	Alfa Insurance Company
1992	NISI No. 1986-045 I - Post Collision Fire -	v. Ford Meter Company

P.C. Rox 107065 - Galricoville, CA 30501 - (770) 983-9600

AUNE NO.: 7782979839 Jun. 19 1998 69:890M P6



October 1992	NISI No. 1991-050 I - Arson -	; v.	Alfa Insurance Company
October 12, 1992	NISI No. 1992-145 I - Arros -	v .	Georgia Farm Bareau
September 15, 1992	NISI No. 1989-0661 - Arson -	v.	Georgia Farm Bureau
June 9, 1992	NISI No. 1989-086 I - Arson -	v .	State Farm Instrume
May 11, 1992	NISI No. 1990-214 I - Arson -	v .	Georgia Farm Bureau
April 7, 1992	N <u>181 No.</u> 1990-012 I	v _	Ford Meter Company
April !, 1992	NISI No. 1990-109 I - Post Collision Fire -	٧.	Ford Motor Company
Jamuary 28, 1992	NISI No. 1990-1571	٧.	Federated Insurance
January 23, 1992	-	• •	-
January 6, 1992			
August 20, 1991	NISI No. 1989-184 I - Appliance Fire -	٧.	Amana Refrigeration

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POE NO.: 786879858 Jun. 19 1998 89:890M P7



May 30, 1991	NISI No. 1991-089 (- Light France Fire -	₹,	Georgia Farm Bureau
March 28, 1991	NISI No. 1991-062 I - Fuel Fire -	٧.	Miller Oll
Јариасу 14, 1991			
November 9, 1990	NISI No. 1990-1941 - Arson -	٧,	State Farm Insurance
November 9, 1990	NISI Ng. 1990-195 I - Arson -	₹.	State Farm Insurance
August 6, 1990	NISI No. 1990-149 [- Alleged Electrical Fire -	٧,	O'Mark Industries
February 15, 1990	Dampy's Restaurant NISI No. 1990-038 1 - Arron -	. v.	St. Paul Insurance
September I, 1989	N(SI No. 1989-18) 1 - Arton -	v.	Nationwide Insurance
1988	NISI No. 1985-159 I - Collision Fire -	V,	Ford Meter Company
November 28, 1985	NISI No. 1988-241 I - Arson -	v.	South Carolina Insurance

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July 16, 1987

October 28, 1988 Ford Motor Company NISI No. 1988-222 I - Motor Home -

May 9, 1988 O'Mark NIST No. 1988-1041

- Araton -

December 30, 1987 Pederal Kemper NISI No. 1987-244 I

Affeged Electrical --

October 1, 1927 Preferred Rick Matual NISCNo. 1987-1811

- Subrogation -

Attgust 25, 1987 Suran Boleyn & Majestic MISI No. 1987-161 J - Liability Suit -

August 11, 1987 Black & Decker

NISI No. 1987-155 T - Lightning -

NESI No. 1987-135 I

April 24, 1987 Americare insurance

NI\$! No. 1987-096 I - Arson -

April 13, 1987 State Farm Insurance

NISI No. 1987-090 I - Arson -

March 10, 1987 Alabama Farm Buregu

- Arson -

NI31 NO. 1987-036 I

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HOE NL: 78227968 Jun. 19 1998 89:1849 P9



December 8, 1986	NIST No. 1986-235 I - Computer Failure -	l v.	Travelers Insurance
October 5, 1986	NIST No. 1986-185 I - Arson -	₩.	Ga. Underwriters
March 20, 1986	NISÍ No. 1986-044 1 - Arson -	٧.	Travelors insurance
Juzie 11, 1985	NISI No. 1985-087 i		
1983	NISI No. 1983-058 I - Areon -	v.	Travelers Impurance
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1987-129 I - Alleged Electrical -	v .	Klinger Electric Company
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1986-249 I - Alleged Electrical -	v .	Ford Motor Company
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1986-191 T - Arson -	v.	Actua Tanquance
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1986-146 I - Arson -	v.	State Parm Insurance
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1986-143 I	٧.	Hanover Insurance

P.O. Box 987052 - Galmesville, GA 30501 - (770) 963-0800

- Arson -

PHONE NO.: 7782873838 Jun. 19 1599 89: 1184 P18 Investigative Services, Inc.



Date Unknown	NISI Na. 1986-078 I	ν.	St. Paul Insurance
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1986-0671	v.	Gs. Uaderwriting
Date Unknown	NESI No. 1986-060 I	v.	Georgia Farm Bureau
Даде Илклоwп	NISI No. 1985-178 I • Arson -	٧.	Georgia Farm Bureau
Date Unknown	NESI No. 1985-164 I	٧.	Cincinnati Imperance
Date Unknown	NIST No. 1985-157 I - Arson -	٧.	Georgia Farm Boresa
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1985-144 I - Alleged Puci Fire -	₩.	Ford Motor Company
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1985-108 I	v.	David Kazan
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1985-068 I - Arron -		Federated Insurance
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1985-009 X	٧.	State Farm Impurance
Daże Unknowa	NT\$1 No. 1984-123 I - Arson -	v.	State Farm Insurance

P.O. Smx 907065 - Gainesville, GA 30901 - (770) 993-0800

Investigative Services, Inc.



Date Unknown	NISI No. 1984-085 I - Arson -	v .	Sentry Indemnity
Date Unknown	NTSI No. 1984-073 I	v .	Maryland Casualty
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1984-056 I	ν,	New Hampshire
Date Unknown	NTSI No. 1984-0441 - LishTity -	v .	Continental Insurance
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1984-007 I - Arson -	ν,	State Farm Insurance
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1983-093 I		•
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1983-015 I - Arien -		
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1983-011 T	₩	Travelers Insurance
Data Unknown	NISI No. 1983-003 I - Gus Explosion -	v.	U.S.F. & G. Josurance
Date Unknown	NISI No. 1982-042 I - Arson	V.	St. Paul Inpurance
Date Unknown	NIST No. 1982-036 I - Arson -	٧.	Ga. Underwriting

F.Q. Bdx 907000 - Gataceville, GA 20001 - (770) \$43-0600

Investigative Services, Inc.



Date Unknown

NISI No. 1982-025 I

. .

Firemends Fund

Date Unknows

NIST Ng. 1982-021 T

v. St. Paul Insurance

- Arson -

- ADODS -

Date Unknown

NISI No. 1982-019 I

- Arson -

_

,

New Hampshire You.

Date Unknown

NISI No. 1982-016 I

- Arson -

v. New Hampshire has. -

P.G. Box \$07068 - Galmerville, GA 20501 - (770) 963-0800

investigative Services, Inc.



DEPOSITIONS OF WALTER

May 14, 1998

v. Ford Motor Company

Civil Action Number: 97-0693R

United State District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma

NISI No. 1997-072 I

- Alleged Ignition Switch -

May 4, 1998

v. Ford Motor Company

Civil Action Numbers: C794-698 and C4-95-667

United States District Court State of Minnesota, County of Brown

5th Yudheiel District

NISI No. 1997-093 1
- Alleged Ignition Switch -

April [4, 1998

Ford Motor Company

At Law Number: 96-4045

Circuit Court for the City of Norfolk, State of Virginia

NISI No. 1997-069 I

-- Alleged Gasoiine Leak -

March 20, 1998

1/1/2

Liebberr-America, Inc.

Kly Huater Grading

Civil Action Number: 197-CV-006

United States District Court in the Norther District of Georgia

Atlanta Division

NISI Na. 1995-036 J

- Bursted Hose -

March 12, 1998

v. Deare & Company

Civil Action Number: 97-\$-2395-NE

United States District Court for the Northern District of Alabama,

Northeastern Division

MISI No. 1995-110 I

- Electrical Short -

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ki

investigative Services, Inc.

v. Ford Motor Company
v. Fore Mo

NISI No. 1997-044 I - Alleged Ignition Switch -

December 2, 1997 v. Subaru

Civil Action Number: 96-14629NP
Circuit Court for the County of Grand Traverse, State of Michigan
NISI No. 1997-025 I

- Alleged Exhaust System Failure -

August 19, 1997 v. Ford Motor Company

NISI No. 1997-038 [- Post Collision -

July 30, 1997 v. Ford Motor Company

NISI No. 1997-056 I - Post Collision -

July 17, 1997 v. Ford Motor Company

NISI No. 1997-001 1
- Alleged Ignition Switch -

May 27, 1997 v. Ford Motor Company NISI No. 1996-071 I

February 21, 1997 v. State Farm Insurance

NISI No. 1994-027 I - Liability Case/Garoline -

Jamery 21, 1997 v. Ford Motor Company
NISI No. 1994-057 I -

January 8, 1997 v. Ford Mater Company

NISI No. 1994-026 [- Collision Fire -

October 4, 1996 v. Civitus Club NJSE No., 1994-127 U

Negligence -

P.C. Box 907056 - Galmanrille, GA 30501 - (770) 963-8600

PHONE NO.: 7782879658 Jun. 19 1998 69:139M P15



October 3, 1996	NISI No. 1995-092 I	٧.	Pounds
September 23, 1996	NISI No. 1994-011 I - Alleged Electrical Fire -	₩.	Ford Metar Company
September 18, 1996	Peach NISI No. 1994-072 I Propage Fire	₩.	Southern States Supply
August 20, 1996	NISI No. 1996-054 I - Post Collision -	v.	Ford Motor Company
July 25, 1996	NISI No. 1995-105 I - Post Callisian -	v.	Ford Motor Cempany
July 18, 1996	NISI No. 1994-104 I • Wire Harness Fire -	v.	Chryster
Aprīl 17, 1996	NISI No. 1996-024 I - Coolant Fire -	v .	Ford Mater Company
April 9 & 25, 1996	NISI No. 1995-086 I - Allegad Fuel Fire -	γ.	Ford Motor Company .
March 28, 1996	NISI No. 1994-078 I - Garage Pire	. v.	Ford Mater Company
March 25, 1996	NISI No. 1994-044 I	₹.	Georgia Farm Bureau
February 15, 1996	NISI No. 1995-023 I	٧.	Ga. Power

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HOVE NO.: 7782879658 Jun. 19 1998 89:139h Pla Investigative Services, inc.



February 13, 1996	NISI No. 1995-085 I - Garage Fire -	₩.	Ford Meter Company
February, 1996	NIST No. 1995-104 I - Alleged Electrical Fire -	∀.	Ford Mater Campany
July 31, 1995	NISI No. 1993-121 (- Arson -	v.	Auto Owners
July 3, 1995	NUSI No. 1995-048 I	٧,	Ford Motor Company
January 25, 1995	- Alleged Fuel Fire -	V.	General Motors
Jанцигу 12, 1995	NISI No. 1994-066 I - Post Collision -	٧.	Ford Motor Company
Гапнагу , 1995	NISI No. 1995-107 I	V.	Black & Decker
September 18, 1994	NISI No. 1994-032 I - Post Callision -	v.	Ford Mater Company
l'une 22, 1994	NISI No. 1993-093 I - Allegad Electrical Fire -	٧.	Ford Motor Company
June 16, 1994	NISI No. 1994-017 I - Appliance Fire -	γ.	Black & Decker
Лаце 8, 1994	NISI No. 1993-098 I	V.	Alistate Insurance

P.D. Box 507055 - Galmandke, GA 36501 - (770) 982-0100

Investigative Services. Inc.



February 16, 1994

NISI No. 1994-030 I - Arson - v. Alfa Interrance

July 1, 1993

NISI Na. 1991-092 [

v. Stein

March 23, 1993

NISI No. 1993-080 I - Arson - v. Alfa İnsurance

December 3, 1992

July 29, 1992

March 20, 1992

v. Ford Motor Company

April, 1991

Fran Bonds NISt No. 1991-050 I - Arson - v. Alfa Inturance

April 30, 1991

March 27, 1991

P.O. Box 867058 - Gainesville, GA 89591 - (776) \$63-5906

This is Malcolm Houston State Farm Insurance. Today's date is December 11, 1995. I'm speaking with

QUESTION: would you please state your name

for the record please?

ANSWER: This is Lawrence

Q: And

A1: I am

Q: O.K., are you both aware that it is this statement is being recorded?

A: Yes.

Al: Yes.

A: Yes.

A1: We are.

Q: And is it being recorded with your full knowledge and consent?

A: Yes, I can see the recorder.

Al: Yes.

Q: What I wanted to do is I wanted to get your, uh a little more detailed statement about where the fire was actually coming from when you first came out and saw it. So if you would start from where you heard the fire, but really what I'm interested in now is what you did when you opened the door where you saw what did you see when you opened the door

Al: When I opened the door first I saw smoke and them I saw fire was coming from around the tire. I didn't look real close, 'cause when I saw it I just ran and told my husband that our car was on fire.

Q: O.K., were there any lights on outside where the.

Al: Thuh.

Q: Porch light on. All you could see then when you opened the _ door was.

A1: Well, I turned the porch the carport light on.

Q: 0.K.

A: And I seen the smoke and, uh and, uh-well, I turned the light on and the first thing I seen was just noticed the car and the smoke.

Q: Where did the fire appear to be coming from when you saw it?

Al: It was around the top part of the tire that I saw that was, uh a little bit of flame was some flame up there and then when I got my husband he looked under it was coming from under the hood and we could see flames under the hood from the crack under the hood.

EXHIBIT

Page 2 December 16, 1995

- Q: O.K., the fire that you saw was contained to the car had not spread yet.
- Al: Uh uh, it was just on the the it was on the car and the top it was on dripping on the tire.
- Q: 0.K
- A1: It was smoke coming from the tire.
- Q: 0.K.
- A1: So it was burning some it wasn't burning real bad when we first saw it, but it was burning.
- Q: When I, when I go out and took a look at the scene the second time the first time I went I really couldn't take a close look, because it was still burning, but the second time I noticed that there was a lawn mover.
- A1: Uh huh.
- Q: Parked beside the car.
- Al: Uh huh.
- Q: And there was also.
- A1: Uh huh.
- Q: A gas can on the other side.
- Al: On the other side.
- Q: Could you tell from what you saw where the fire was coming from?
- A1: It was coming directly from the car. There was nothing not coming anywhere else. It was on the left-hand side on the front left tire.
- Q: All right.
- Al: The lawn mover we walked right by it several times. There was nothing on the lawn mover.
- Q: C.K., you walked.
- A1: It didn't even start it was not running at all.
- Q: You walked by the lawn mower while you were trying.
- Al: Uh huh, while I was trying to put out the, uh the fire.
- Q: So the minute that you saw it you turned the light on the perch and you saw it then.
- Al: Well, I turned the light on first before I opened the door.
- Q: 0.K.

Page 3 December 18, 1995

- Al: And then I saw smoke just the instance I opened the door saw smoke and then I saw on the tire that it was burning around the tire, but I didn't look that close I just saw smoke and I ran and told him the car was on fire.
- Q: 0.K.
- Al: It was definitely from the car.
- Q: What did you see when you first stepped out there?
- A: Well, I remember a little bit more than I did the last time that we had this recording about this (inaudible), uh I woke up instantly when she told me the car was on fire and I jumped up out of bed. I did not have any clothes on at all and I went out the den door, which is on the same side as the left front tire of the car and the very first thing I saw was something dripping down and on fire and there was a puddle of material that was on fire beside the left front tire. That's the first thing I saw. Then I saw a glow coming out from underneath the fender wheel and that's when I realized there was fire up underneath it. Then I went out to the fender wheel and I must have placed my left-hand on top of the hood as I bent down and looked up undermeath the fire I got right up to it and looked up underneath the left front fender well and I could see up under the hood in that back area back there was all ableze and that there was plastic material I assume it was plastic material dripping moulton and on fire down there on the tire and there was about an 8" x 4" patch on the tire that was on fire and what moulton rubber was running down on the pavement.
- Q: 0.X., so you saw something dripping from the tire wheel onto the tire?
- A: Onto the tire and also saw, uh moulton rubber running down the tire that was on fire.
- Q: O.K., did you see anything on the concrete itself?
- A: Yes.
- Q: O.K., what did you see?
- A: Some kind of material burning it was moulton and burning.
- A1: Dripping down in the car.
- A: I don't know if it was.
- Q: Did it appear to be.
- A: Whather plastic or rubber or both.
- Q: Appear to be the same thing that was on the tire?
- A: It had the same color of the fire orangeish yellow.

Page 4 December 18, 1995

- But you noticed a separation that the fire which you saw was definitely coming from the car?
- I saw fire in three places from the puddle of material on **A:** the concrete, the tire itself, and up undermeath the engine compartment back through the fender wheel. Also, then I ran into the house and got a small pitcher of water and came out through the, uh, uh utility room door, which is squarely in front of the car and there was no fire anywhere else, the gas can was to the left, nothing was on fire to the left, nothing was on fire to the right of the car just the car There was no fire around it anywhere, but in that area of the left front fender of the car and I attempted to put out the flames with water and it did no good.
- Seemed like I did too we both was putting water on it. Seemed like the more you poured it it just.
- When we were in the front of the car we could tell on both sides of the car that it was only confined to one corner at that time.
- Q: O.K.
- At that time. λ:
- On the left hand side. Al:
- Q: When you poured the water on it.
- It seemed like it was just making it more. Al:
- λ: Spreading.
- **A1:** More.
- A: Yeah.
- But it was definitely under the hood? Q;
- Under the hood. λ:
- Q: There was nothing on top of the hood?
- A: Nothing on top.
- Uh uh, no it wasn't burning on top the top was fine. Al:
- We caught this fire at its very very early stages. A:
- Underneath I don't know about underneath. A1:
- Well, it hadn't been there long it couldn't have been. Oh, I just heard the frying sound and that's what. λ:
- Al:
- Is there a lot of smoke when you opened the door?
- **λ1:** Quite a bit.
- I'd say there was didn't seem like there was to me. λ:
- Well, it did to me. A1:
- It didn't it just seemed like. λ:
- (inaudible) I mean I was. Al:
- Α: (inaudible).
- I was so excited when I fire saw it I just saw the spoke. **A1:**
- But then again I never looked at the smoke.

24-F022-406

Page 5 Decamber 18, 1995

Al: And then.

A: I was looking at the fire, but it didn't seem like a lot to

Al: I turned the the carport light was on, but when we came back it was out so the heat had done got the bulb and I lit the switch again and it wouldn't come on and I saw well its out. So it didn't take long for the after I turned the light on that the light bulb went out.

Q: I saw that.

A1: I mean when you're excited like that you just notice smoke you not really noticing how much it was.

A: (inaudible).

Al: To me there was a good bit of smoke.

Q: I think any amount of smoke would seem like a lot to her?

Al: Yeah, it was a good bit of sucke.

A: But to me for the kind of fire it was in the beginning I think there was very little amount of smoke.

Q: O.K., that's all that I have, uh I wanted to ask one more thing you're car is normally serviced by yourself or by someone else?

A: (inaudible) Brothers (inaudible) my car.

Q: O.K., they service your car so they would have records of any everything that has been done to it since you've had it.

A: Right.

Q: O.K this is Malcolm Houston with State Farm Insurance.

would you please state your name one
more time

A:

Q: A:

Q: Are you both aware that this was recorded and was it recorded with your full knowledge and concent?

A: Completely. Al: Yes, it was.

Q: Thank you.

22/1218004

State Farm Musel Automobile Insurance . State Farm Fire and Cassally Company . State Farm County Market Insurance Company . of Feuer State Farm Indonesity Company
Company (State Campany)

Claim Number_

	AFFIDAVIT OF VEHICLE FIRE (AI Questions Must Se Commisses for II)
1.	Name of Owner
	AddressHome Phon
	Date of Birth Marital Status: Married Single No. of Dependents
	Social Security No. Driver's Ucense No.
	Occupation Completed Technitish
	Employer's Name PRANKY ELECTRONICS
	Address Prone
2	Date of Fire 12-6-95 Time 1:06 TAM. P.M.
	Make of Vehicle MERCURY Year 1992 Model Hadric Body Type 4-046.500 Color CRSY
	Vehicle ID # License Plate # State State
	Cartificate of Title # If none, why? Belloc D
	Number of cylinders 8 H.P or C.I. or Liter Odometer reading 76, 600
	Was vehicle locked? Yes Mo Were windows rolled up? MY Yes No
	When did you last see your vehicle? Date 12-6-95 Time 1:00 🔼 A.M. 🗔
	Specific location where value burned <u>GBRAGE - RESIDENCE</u>
,	Reason vehicle was left at this location W. & DVO LIGHT TELES.
	Name and address of person who left auto at this location _
	Callin Suil ce, 195_ Their driver's license no
	When was the fire discovered? Date 12-6-95 Time 1:66 XAM. P.M.
	Who made the discovery?
	When was fire reported to fire department? Date 12-6-95 Time 1:04 A.M P.M.
	Name and Location of Fire Station Du FFEE Vol. FIRE DELT Du FIEE, N.S.
	Describe fire (where, color of smoke, cause): MAGA HOOD 1 L. FAAT TIME - BLACK
	Was vehicle being driver? ☐ Yes ☑ No Describe exactly what happened prior to noticing smoke
	or fire (electrical or mechanical malifunction): HEARD FRITZE HOISE FREY CHARCE
	Were you carrying a container of flammable fiquid in the vehicle at the time of fire?
	If yes, give type of liquid, size and
	type of container, location of container at time of fire
٠	Old you small smoke or see figmes first?

	Have you had similar	problems prior (e?	Yas [X]No	lf Yes 4 ain	
	Has vehicle been dem	raged during the past three	yeers? Yes 🔀	No If so, give location	
		, type of damage	, amount of o	demage \$	and date
		<u> </u>			
	Who made the reper-	TETHRIDGE	BROS LINEOL	of true cons	
	Name and address of	Insurance company who pr	aid claim damages, if any	F	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>		
	Any other claims in th	ne lest three years on this or	any other auto?	res 🔀 No	
	Any other vehicles in	your household? 🔀 Yes	No No	•	
	Name of Insurance co	Thoany and againt on other	vehicles <u>5 Ta Fe. 7</u>	EGAM - CHARLE	S GALLET
	Your prior insurance of	company and agent			
	Any homeowners class	ms within the past 6 months	s with State Ferm?	Yes ∑XNo	
	With any other carrier	ı		-	
1.	Vehicle Equipment (Ci	hack if vehicle had any of th	ne following)		
	Fladto AM	Power Steer.	☐ Vinyl Roof	Tires: Tre	naminator:
•	☑ AMFM	Z Power Brakes	X Tirited Glese		2 Automatic
	Stero	Power Locks	Mag Wheels	☐ Hectipi 1	Standard
	Yape Deck	A Power Windows	T-Tops	Speciel (Console
	Air Cond.	Power Seats			
	Other: Ace	Sas PENTION .	KEYLESS FAT	er	
	CB Radio	Type	Cost \$	Date Installed	
	Purchased From	74	1 <u>1</u>		
ı.	Vehicle Condition			_	
	Paint	☐ Feir ☐ Good	Excellent	Other distinguishing feat trailer hitch, interior, etc	Bures: (dents, decals, :)
	Transmission	🔲 Fair 🔲 Good	Excellent	GRNUITE	LASTHER
	Engine	🔲 Fair 🔲 Good	X Excellent	35075	
	Body	🔲 Fair 🔲 Good	X Excellent		
5.	Name and editors of	service station/garaga:			
••		maintenance service? <u>£72</u>			
		MV Inspection?			
	sales bearing and drags of				

6.	Date car purchased 7-92 New Vused Purchase price \$ 18,660 - NOT
	Trade in Allowance
	Seller Dealer/Individual Name and Address <u>FTHRIDGE</u> BRITHERS.
	How did you learn the car was for sale? <u>Looks o</u> O ~ Lo T
	How was the car paid for? Cash Check
	If financed, name and address of finance company BANK OF MISSISSIPPI
	Account # 8alance Due \$ Losn Terms Months
	Date of test loan payment made 6-27-95
	is account past due? Yes X No How long?
	Are keys in your possession? Yes No Ignition key # Trunk key #
	Do you have other thaft insurance? Yes X No Policy #
	Name of insurance company
	Was this a rebuilt wreck? Yes No. If yes, name of rebuilder
	Was it a recovered theft? Yes No If yes, date of theft
:	
7.	Amount for which you are making claim \$
R	Are the answers you have given true to the best of your knowledge and belief? 💢 Yes 🛄 No
•	
	Witness Chaloth Thrucas Poscyholder
	Address P. D. Buy 5355
	Munidian Ms 39302
	SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BEFORE ME this // day of De Carroller .1995
	<u> </u>
	in Meridian Kandudale county. Missionippi
	Notary Public Commission expires:

IF TWO ENVELOPES ARE NEEDED REMOVE PLAP ON THE DOTTED LINE FOR CONVENENT ALING INSUREQ CLAIM NO. .. DATE OF LOSS 12-4-95 DATE TAKEN 12-75-85

Received on it for ignitional and in 1964 Let all it was was joby

To Word Processing for Transcription

FROM	DATE	
PRIORITY	APPROVAL	
STMT,		
STMT.		
STMT		
INSTRUCTIONS		
<u> </u>		
MATE TRANSCRIBED	DY	



November 22, 1996

State Farm Fire Claim 4910 29th Ave. P.O. Box 3810 Meridian, MS 39303

Ford Motor Company Parklane Tower West Suite 300 2 Parklane Blvd. Dearborn, MI 48126

ATTN: Mr. Don Vyhnalek

Mgr - Product Claims Dept.

Re:

Claim Number:

Date of Loss:

December 6, 1995

Our Insured :

Vehicle Data:

1992 Mercury Gran Marquis

VIN: 2MECM75W6NX

I am writing to you concerning demages sustained by the above referenced insured. The auto was involved in a non collision engine compartment fire while parked at the insured's home. The auto fire resulted in a total loss to the vehicle, home, and personal property insured by State Farm. The loss to the home and property totaled \$140,803.00 including our insured's deductible. This amount does not include the automobile which was insured by State Farm Mutual Automobile Company.

Our investigation reveals the cause of the fire to be related to failure of the altenator, or plug, or harness. Please contact me so that arrangements can be made to settle your obligation.

Please consider this letter as our claim to Ford Motor Company to reimburse State Farm Fire and Casualty Compant for its interest of \$140,803.00. If you have any questions or feel that we may provide additional information, please contact us.

Sincergly.

John R. Iverson Claim Specialist

State Farm Fire & Casualty

601-693-2788



November 21, 1996

4910 29th Averum P. O. Bus 3810 Medicien, NS 38303-3810

State Ferm lessyance Claim Otifice

Ford Motor Company P.O. Box 8610 Metairie, LA 70011

RE: Claim Number:

Date of Loss:

December 6, 1995

Our Insured:

Dear Gentlemen:

aliane Total

I am writing to you concerning damages sustained by the above referenced insured. This property is insured by our Company. The damages amounted to \$140,803.00 including our insured's deductible.

Our investigation indicates that you are responsible for these damages and we are looking to you for reimburgement.

If you are insured, please refer this letter to your insurance carrier for discharge of your liability and inform we as to your company's name and your policy number. If you do not have insurance, please contact me immediatley so that we can make arrangements to settle your obligation.

If you have any questions, please call me at the number below. Sincerely,

John Iverson Claim Specialist State Farm Fire and Casualty Company (601) 693-2788





August 13, 1996

State Farm fire Claim 4910 29th Ave. P.O. Box 3810 Meridian, MS 39303

Ford Motor Company F.O. Box 8630 Metarie, LA 70011

Re:

Claim Number: 24-F022-406

Date of Loss: December 6, 1995 Our Insured: Lawrence R. Billow Margie K. Billow

Dear Gentlemen:

I am writing to you concerning damages sustained by the above referenced insured. This property is insured by our Company. The damages amounted to \$140,803.00 including our insured's deductible.

Our investigation indicates that you are responsible for these damages and we are looking to you for reinbursement.

If you are insured, please refer this letter to your incurance carrier for discharge of your liability and inform me as to your company's name and your policy number. If you are self insured, please contact me immediately so that we can make arrangements to settle your obligation.

If you any questions or feel that we may provide additional information, please call me at the number below.

Sincerely.

John R. Iverson Claim Specialist

State Farm Fire & Casualty

601-693-2788



Jackson Morth Service Genter 403 W. Porter Street Ridgeland, ASS 39157 Telephore: (501) 856-1200

MEMO TO: Malcolm Houston, Claim Representative

FROM: Pat Dunne, Claim Superintendent

RE:

Claim Number

DATE:

July 11, 1996

Malcolm, this is the entire claim file involving the automobile fire. We were pursuing a possible subrogation claim against Ford Motor Company.

You have previously spoken with Andy Dyess in regards to this matter. They are pursuing the subrogation claim on behalf of

As you are aware, you and I will be transferring to Birmingham, Alabama, in August. Please review this file with Claim Superintendent Dannye Smith and bring him up-to-date. They will make the decision as to how they wish to proceed with the subrogation claim.

Should you have any questions, please give me a call.

26/0711024