

EA02-025

FORD 10/27/03

APPENDIX N

BOOK 37

PART 1 OF 3

NORM LAPOINTE

Sheet 1

DATE	REFERENCE CODE	VEHICLE	VIN	COND
Jan-86	F3TA8117	F150	[REDACTED]	Reference
Apr-88	F3TA8885	E250	[REDACTED]	Reference
Jan-87	F3TA8886	F150	[REDACTED]	Reference
88	F2AC8211	Crown Vic	[REDACTED]	Reference
May-88	F3TA8127	Bronco	[REDACTED]	Reference
May-88	F3TA8888	F150	[REDACTED]	Reference
Nov-88	F3TA8278	F150	[REDACTED]	Reference
Oct-88	F3TA8278A	Exp	[REDACTED]	Reference
?	F2AC8351	Grand Marquis	[REDACTED]	Reference
87	F2AC8011	?	[REDACTED]	Reference
Mar-87	F3TA7868	F150	[REDACTED]	Reference
Oct-85	F3TA8274	Exp	[REDACTED]	Reference
85	F2VC8882A	?	[REDACTED]	Reference
87	F3TA8281A	Exp	[REDACTED]	Reference
87	F3TA8281	Exp	[REDACTED]	Reference
82	F2VC8886	Crown Vic	[REDACTED]	Reference
85	F2AC8214	Crown Vic	[REDACTED]	Reference

11
TITLE CUTTING SAILS

Project No. 991057
Book No. 2697

From Page No. _____

1/3

K
B
D
HB
C
A

[REDACTED]

... DARK BROWN DISCOID
FITTING AND WE WERE NOT REACHED CLEAN
Edge is white on outside edge
No [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

... CLEAN & DRY - NO [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
FITTING AND CLEAN
Edge is [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

... [REDACTED] [REDACTED] WITH
... [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
... [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
FITTING AND CLEAN

[REDACTED]

... [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
... [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
... [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
FITTING AND CLEAN

[REDACTED]

... NO [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
... [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
... [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
... [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
... [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

... [REDACTED] WITH WHITE [REDACTED] TO BE [REDACTED]
... [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

NO [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
... [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

To Page No. _____

Witnessed & Understood by me,	Date	Invented by	Date

3713 3283

PRODUCED BY FORD

ER82-825-A 9816

From Page No. _____

2/3

NA



[REDACTED] - NO MOUNT LOSS
[REDACTED]
HIGHER FLOOR AND CLEAN
FOR BASE

L

EXTENSIVE CONTACT WITH PEOPLE FIND
- MOUNTS REMOVED OUT IN HOUSE
[REDACTED] CLEAN 2 DAY - NO
PROTECT LOSS
TERRACE CLEAN
FLOOR AND CLEAN
FOR BASE
FOR STAIR SUBSIDED, BUT NO CONTACT
STAIR INTACT - IMPROVED STAIRS, BUT
NO

NC

EXTENSIVE - FLOOR WITH BE - PROBABLY
DROPPED BE
[REDACTED] CLEAN 1 DAY - NO MOUNTS -
FLOOR AND CLEAN
FOR BASE

XIP

EXTENSIVE WORK WITH BE - FOR BASE DELETED
[REDACTED] 2 DAY - NO MOUNT LOSS
[REDACTED]
FLOOR AND - UNDER TRANSLUCENT
ATTACH

UBP

SEVERAL AS BEING CHECKED FLOOR AND
CLEAN FOR FOR BASE

To Page No. _____

Witnessed & Understood by me.

Date

Invented by

Date

Witnessed by

3719 3284

PRODUCED BY FORD

11
FILE

CUTOFF SWITCH

Project No. 4901571
Book No. 2697

on Page No.

3/3

LP [REDACTED] TEAM CASE CLEAN ROOM - NO AIR LOCK
TEAM CLEAN
FITTING AND CLEAN
REQ BURE

PT [REDACTED] FITTING DONE WITH BE -> PROBABLY
[REDACTED] CLEANLY
DO NOT READ AIR LOCK

LP [REDACTED] + DAY ->
NO AIR LOCK
FITTING AND CLEAN
REQ BURE

X [REDACTED] EXT. CLEANING UNIT WITH BE & PROBABLY
[REDACTED] DO NOT READ AIR
LOCK
BLACK RESIDUE IN FITTING AND

TX [REDACTED] EXT. DONE WITH SOME FITTING - PART
[REDACTED] - SOME AIR DROPPED INTO TERMINAL
CASE; OTHERWISE CLEAN DO NOT READ AIR
LOCK
FITTING AND CLEAN

LP [REDACTED] EXT. UNIT WITH BE - PROBABLY THE
[REDACTED] DO NOT READ AIR LOCK
PART OF CASE DO
CASE & TERMINAL HAVE SOME RESIDUE
BLACK RESIDUE IN FITTING AND

Invented & Understood by me,

Date

Invented by

Date

To Page No.

Reviewed by

3713 3286

PRODUCED BY FORD

ER82-825-A 8815

~~BOB FROBER~~ SWEN MTK 12-16-98

ROB ENGLISH
NORM LATOINTE
JIM GREGG
FRED PORTER
WARRNER
JIM GREGG
JIM GREGG

AVT-~~EEB~~-EES
AVT-DES. ANAL.
AVT EES OPS
AVT. EESB
ASB
SAFETY



ENGLISH
N LATOINTE
J GREGG
PORTER
WARRNER
JIM GREGG
JIM GREGG

RAY NEVI

CORRAL LAS
NEVI - X-RAY

KEN BRIDLE AVT MTKS
CLARK THOMAS

3713 1487

PRODUCED BY FORD

6882-625-R 6818

ENGINE PROGRAM SWISS MTRG 12-16-98

ROB ENLISH
NORM LABOINT
Jim Grayson
FRED PORTER
WILLIAM ABRAMS
JIM NORTON
CHRIS WELLS

AUT-ESB-EDS
AVT-DES. ANAL.
AVT ESB OPS
AVT-ESSE
ASD
LUC
LUC SAFETY



RENKISI
N LABOINT
J GREGOR
PORTER
WARRNER
JIM NORTON
JILLIEN

3713 1102

PRODUCED BY FORD

ERS2-025-A 0820

ENGINE PROBLEMS SUBJECT MATR 12-16-98

KEES ENGLISH	AVT-852-805	[REDACTED]	RENKUS1
NORM LAPBINT	AVT-DES. ANAL.	[REDACTED]	N LAPBINT
Jim Gregoire	AVT. 805 OPS.	[REDACTED]	J GREGOIR
FRED PORTER	AVT-805E	[REDACTED]	F PORTER
WILLIAM ABAMONIK	ACC.	[REDACTED]	WABAMONIK
JOE NOME	LULL.	[REDACTED]	JOME
JOHN MCNEENEY	LUC-SAFETY	[REDACTED]	JMCINERN

3713 0985

PRODUCED BY FORD

ENG2-825-A 9821

* Note printed by FPORTER on 17 Dec 1998 at 08:48:16 *

From: FPORTER --DREMO07
To: LBRONN --DREMO05

Date and time 12/17/98 08:48:37

FROM: F. J. Porter
Subject: (U)

USAET(UTC -05:00)

FYI.

Regards,

Fred Porter OV - fporter fporter@ford.com
Chassis E/E Systems Applications (313)848-3722
Bldg 5 - Mail Drop 5030 - Cubicle 3E004 Fax: 398-4145
*** Forwarding note from FPORTER --DREMO07 12/17/98 08:48 ***
To: WABRANCE--DREMO05 RCLAYTON--DREMO05
BEGEN --DREMO07 RENGELI1--DREMO05
JEVANS6 --DREMO05 JGREGOIR--DREMO05
KGRIBBLE--DREMO05 WLAPOINT--DREMO05
JMCINERN--DREMO05 JNAME --DREMO05
RNEVI --DREMO05 GSTEVEN1--DREMO05
CTHOMAS5--DREMO05 DGOEL --DREMO05
HWLPER1--DREMO05

FROM: F. J. Porter
Subject: (U)

USAET(UTC -05:00)

1992-1993 Town Car F2VC-9F924-A Brake Pressure Switch Investigation

TEAM:

AVT ESE Chassis Electronics:	Fred Porter	804-53722	fporter
AVT Chassis Engineering:	Joe Evans	x12-23832	jevans6
	Barry Egan	x12-19912	begen
AVT ESE EOE:	Bob English	x13-73225	ranengl1
AVT Design Analysis:	Norm LaPointe	x59-42686	nlapoint
AVT ESE OPE:	Jim Gregoire	x11-79963	jgregoir
ESE Prod. Veh. Safety:	William Abramczyk	x12-23284	wabramcz
	Ray Nevi	x59-47668	rnevi
Large Luxury VC:	Joe Name	x12-08113	jname
	Ron Clayton	x12-24029	rclayton
Large Luxury VC Safety:	John McInerney	x12-20276	jmcinern
AVT Materials Engineering:	Ken Gribble	x12-18658	kgribble
	Clark Thomas	x59-41313	cctomas5
	Greg Stevens	x12-16686	gstaven1

INFORMATION:

NTSA letter: 9898-058

Vehicles identified: 21 initially identified.
20 additional vehicles reported since publication of the investigation.

Warranty: A total of 89 warranty claims are identified in AMS on the F2VC-9F924-A for 1992 and 1993 Town Cars.

Two CQIS reports (WJTAAL38 & VDKRA322) mention underhood fire

3713 1831

PRODUCED BY FORD

E982-825-A 9822

Request for Central Laboratory Service

15000 Campy Dr. Dallas TX 75244-2507 Phone (214) 33-3176 FAX (214) 33-3114

9804105 10-17-98

Year of Birth	Telephone	FACILITY	FAX
	36626	GSTEVENI	36686
	42686	HLARINT	
From: <u>MISSOURI POWER & LIGHT CO</u> To: <u>FBI</u> City: <u>ST. LOUIS</u> State: <u>MO</u>			
Sample Handling	YUSCASH	Seals	Supplier Code
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Return after use <input type="checkbox"/> Dispose after use <input type="checkbox"/> Dispose after 30 days			
Product Name	Sample Identification	Part Number	Material Specification
SOCKS CONTROL	BRAND	EDY-9531A	NR
OUT-GR SWITH	CONNECTOR		
	PRESSURE ACTATOR		
	(BRADICK)		
Nature of Investigation: <input type="checkbox"/> Routine <input type="checkbox"/> Forensic <input type="checkbox"/> Research <input type="checkbox"/> Other	Reason for Request: <input type="checkbox"/> Defective <input type="checkbox"/> Failure <input type="checkbox"/> Other	Requester Info. Box (No request fee)	Do you need to know your CL contact and info? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes
Additional Sample Information/Testing Requirements			
DETERMINE CAUSE OF BRAND CONNECTOR			
- RADIATION			
- RUTHERFORD			
- PRESSURE TEST RUTHERFORD			
EVALUATE/UNDERSTAND AIRCRAFT OF NEW SWITCHES			
ATTN: J. LARSON			
Sample in Lab			
NOTE: ALL COMMUNICATIONS/SAMPLES TO BE DUAL (I.E. HLARINT)			
FAX preliminary results FAX final report FAX final report	FAX preliminary results FAX final report FAX final report	FAX preliminary results FAX final report FAX final report	FAX preliminary results FAX final report FAX final report

CL-Form 6CLP05_01

Request for Central Laboratory Service

Receipt - Copy

Lab Request Number: 009904105

Date of Request: 12/17/1998 10:50:33 AM

Print Date: 01/04/1999 01:36:52 PM

Request Description: SPEED CONTROL CUT-OFF SWITCH

Requester Information:

Primary Contact: [REDACTED] 10008
Secondary Contact: LA POINTE, NORM - 10078

Phone: (313) 323-8886
Phone: (313) 594-2886

PROFS ID: GSTEVEN1
PROFS ID: RLAPONT

Fax: (313) 390-7224
Fax: (313) 337-6238

Send Report to:
Bill to:

MO 3006/30068, AVT MATERIALS, BLDG. #3
Acqy. Location: 5100
Dept: T113
Work Task: X0004

Sample Information:

Total Number of Containers: 1
Source: Not specified

Sample Handling: Return after test
Supplier Code: Not specified

Part/Material Name	Qty	Sample Identification	Part Number	Material Desc	CPSG Code	Supplier
SPEED CONTROL CUT-OFF SWITCH	1	BURNED CONNECTO R *	F207-0F024-A	NA	16.08 00	Supplier TEXAS INST RUMEN TS

Investigation Information:

Nature of Investigation: Requestor Info. Box: Mail typed report
For preliminary results
HIGH PRIORITY - POSSIBLE LEGAL

Additional Sample Information/Testing Requirements:

SAMPLE ID: BURNED CONNECTOR & PRESSURE ACTUATOR (REDDICK)

DETERMINE CAUSE
OF BURNED CONNECTOR - RADIOGRAPH, PHOTOGRAPH, PRESSURE TEST
DIAPHRAGM.

EVALUATE/UNDERSTAND CIRCUITRY OF NEW SWITCHES.

ATTN: S. LA
ROUCHE - SAMPLE IN LAB

NOTE: ALL COMMUNICATIONS/REPORT, ETC. TO BE DUAL
(I.E. N. LA POINT).

Reporting Directions:

Date customer would like report: 01/13/1999
Date customer must have report: 01/14/1999

Report Format(s):

Log-In Information:

Initial Routing: Metallurgy

Accepted for Central Laboratory by: Monon, Jacqueline R.

Phone: 88-47084

View your test status at: [HTTP://ford4web.pd7.ford.com/kalis](http://ford4web.pd7.ford.com/kalis)

Program Name: KALISLab Engr Module
Program Version: Version: 2.0.8

3713 2873

PRODUCED BY FORD

ERS2-025-A 9827

Request for Central Laboratory Service

Receipt - Copy

Lab Request Number: 001004106

Date of Request: 12/17/1998 10:50:33 AM

Print Date: 01/04/1999 01:35:52 PM

Request Description: SPEED CONTROL CUT-OFF SWITCH

Requester Information:

Primary Contact: [REDACTED] 10008
Secondary Contact: LA POINTE, NORM - 10073

Phone: (313) 323-8888
Phone: (313) 594-2886

PROFS ID: GSTEVEN1
PROFS ID: NLAPOINT
Fax: (313) 390-7224
Fax: (313) 337-6236

Send Report to: MD 5006/20085, AVT MATERIALS, BLDG. #8
Bill to: Acq. Location: 8100
Dept: T113
Work Task: XG304

Sample Information:

Total Number of Containers: 1
Source: Not specified

Sample Handling: Return after test
Supplier Code: Not specified

Part Name	Qty	Sample Identification	Part Number	Material Spec	CPC Code	Supplier
SPEED CONTROL CUT-OFF SWITCH	1	BURNED CONNECTOR	P397-SPELA	NA	10.00.00	INST RUMEN TS

Investigation Information:

Nature of Investigation: Requester Info. Box: Mail typed report
Fax preliminary results
HIGH PRIORITY - POSSIBLE LEGAL

Additional Sample Information/Testing Requirements:

SAMPLE ID: BURNED CONNECTOR & PRESSURE ACTUATOR (REDDICK)

DETERMINE CAUSE OF BURNED CONNECTOR - RADIOGRAPH, PHOTOGRAPH, PRESSURE TEST DIAPHRAGM.

EVALUATE/UNDERSTAND CIRCUITRY OF NEW SWITCHES.

ATTN: S. LA ROUCHE - SAMPLE IN LAB

NOTE: ALL COMMUNICATIONS/REPORT, ETC. TO BE DUAL (I.E. N. LA POINT).

Reporting Directions:

Date customer would like report: 01/13/1999
Date customer must have report: 01/14/1999

Report Format(s):

Lab-in Information:

Initial Request: Metairie
Accepted for Central Laboratory by: Norton, Jacqueline R. Phone: 56-47054

View your test photos at: [HTTP://csl4web.pdf.tad.com/ta1/](http://csl4web.pdf.tad.com/ta1/)

Program Name: KALSLab Engr Module
Program Version: Version: 2.0.6

3713 2674

PRODUCED BY FORD

ER02-025-A 9828

Request for Central Laboratory Service

Receipt - Copy

Lab Request Number: 009804105

Date of Request: 12/17/1998 10:50:33 AM

Print Date: 01/04/1999 01:38:52 PM

Request Description: SPEED CONTROL CUT-OFF SWITCH

Requester Information:

Primary Contact: [REDACTED] 10008
Secondary Contact: LA POINTE, NORM - 10075

Phone: (313) 323-6685
Phone: (313) 584-2685

PROPS ID: GSTEVEN1
PROPS ID: NLAPOINT

Fax: (313) 300-7224
Fax: (313) 337-8258

Send Report to: MD 5008/2G085, AVT MATERIALS, BLDG. #5
Bill to: Accq. Location: 3100
Dest: T113
Work Task: XCG04

Sample Information:

Total Number of Containers: 1
Source: Not specified

Sample Handling: Return after test
Supplier Code: Not specified

Part/Material Name	Qty	Sample Identification	Part Number	Material Spec	CPSC Code	Supplier
SPEED CONTROL CUT-OFF SWITCH	1	BURNED CONNECTOR*	P3VY-PP24-A	NA	18.08.00	TEXAS INST RUMEN TS

Investigation Information:

Nature of Investigation: Requestor Info. Box; Mail typed report
Fax preliminary results
HIGH PRIORITY - POSSIBLE LEGAL

Additional Sample Information/Testing Requirements:

SAMPLE ID: BURNED CONNECTOR & PRESSURE ACTUATOR (REDUCED)

DETERMINE CAUSE OF BURNED CONNECTOR - RADIOGRAPH, PHOTOGRAPH, PRESSURE TEST DAPHRAGM

EVALUATE/UNDERSTAND CIRCUITRY OF NEW SWITCHES.

ATTN: S LA ROUCHE - SAMPLE IN LAB

NOTE: ALL COMMUNICATIONS/REPORT, ETC TO BE DUAL (IE: N LA POINT)

Reporting Directives:

☐ The customer would like report 01/13/1999
☐ The customer must have report 01/14/1999

Report Format(s):

Lab(s) Information:

Final Routing: Metallurgy
Accepted for Central Laboratory by: Morton, Jacqueline R.

Phone: 58-47084

View your test status at: [HTTP://bd4web.pd7.ford.com/ta](http://bd4web.pd7.ford.com/ta)

Program Name: KALISLab Eng Module
Program Version: Version: 2.0.5

3713 2630

PRODUCED BY FORD

EAR2-025-A 9828

Request for Central Laboratory Service

Receipt - Copy

Lab Request Number: 009604108

Date of Request: 12/17/1998 10:50:33 AM

Print Date: 01/12/1999 09:30:44 AM

Item Description: SPEED CONTROL CUT-OFF SWITCH

Requester Information:

Primary Contact: [REDACTED] 10008
Secondary Contact: LA POINTE, NORM - 10075

Phone: (313) 323-6595
Phone: (313) 584-2898

PROFS ID: STEVEN1
PROFS ID: NLAPOINT

Fax: (313) 380-7224
Fax: (313) 337-8298

Send Report to:
Bill to:

MD 5008/20085, AVT MATERIALS, BLDG. 85
Acq. Location: 5100
Dept: T113
Work Task: XGG04

Sample Information:

Total Number of Containers: 1
Source: Not specified

Sample Handling: Return after test
Supplier Code: Not specified

Part/Model Name
SPEED CONTROL
CUT-OFF SWITCH

Qty:

Sample Identification
BURNED CONNECTOR
R*

Part Number
F207-3-124-A

Material Spec
NA

CPSG Code
18.01.00

Supplier
TEXAS
INST
RUMEN
TS

Investigation Information:

Nature of Investigation, Requestor Info. Box: Mail typed report
Fax preliminary results
HIGH PRIORITY - POSSIBLE LEGAL

Additional Sample Information/Testing Requirements:

SAMPLE ID: BURNED CONNECTOR & PRESSURE ACTUATOR (REDDICK)

DETERMINE CAUSE
OF BURNED CONNECTOR - RADIOGRAPH, PHOTOGRAPH, PRESSURE TEST
DIAPHRAGM.

EVALUATE/UNDERSTAND CIRCUITRY OF NEW SWITCHES.

ATTN: S. LA
ROUCHE - SAMPLE IN LAB

NOTE: ALL COMMUNICATIONS/REPORT, ETC. TO BE DUAL
(I.E. N. LA POINT).

Reporting Directions:

Date customer wants the report: 01/13/1999
Date customer must have report: 01/14/1999

Report Format(s):

Lab Info Information:

IRMSA Housing: Kalamazoo
Accepted for Central Laboratory by: Marlon, Jacqueline R.

Phone: 58-47084

View your test results at: [HTTP://red4web.pd7.ford.com/kate/](http://red4web.pd7.ford.com/kate/)

Program Name: KALUSLab Engr Module
Program Version: Version: 2.0.8

3713 2579

PRODUCED BY FORD

E982-825-A 9838

 * Note printed by JEVANS# on 21 Dec 1998 at 14:57:41 *

From: FPORTER --DRW007
 To: HARRAMCZ--DRW005
 RENGLIS1--DRW005
 DGOEL --DRW005
 KRIBBLE--DRW005
 SLAROUCH--FORDNA1
 JNEME --DRW005
 GSTEVEN1--DRW005
 HWELFER3--DRW005

Date and time 12/18/98 17:04:06
 BEGEN --DRW007
 JEVANS# --DRW005
 JGREGOIR--DRW005
 NLAPoint--DRW005
 JMCINERN--DRW005
 RNEVI --DRW005
 CTHOMAS5--DRW005

FROM: F. J. Porter
 Subject: 9F924 Update (19981218) USAET(UTC -05:00)

1992-1993 Town Car F2VC-9F924-A Brake Pressure Switch Investigation

TEAM:

AVT RESE Chassis Electronics:	Fred Porter	x84-53722	fporter
AVT Chassis Engineering:	Joe Evans	x32-23832	jevans#
	Barry Egan	x32-19512	begen
AVT RESE EOS:	Rob English	x33-73225	renglis1
AVT Design Analysis:	Worm LaPointe	x59-42686	nlapoint
AVT RESE OPE:	Jim Gregoire	x33-79962	jgregoir
BASE Prod. Veh. Safety:	William Abramczyk	x32-23284	wabramcz
	Ray Navi	x59-47668	rnavi
Large Luxury VC Safety:	John McInerney	x32-20276	jmcinern
	Joe Neme	x33-08133	jneme
AVT Materials Engineering:	Greg Stevens	x32-36688	gsteven1
	Ken Gribble	x32-38888	kgribble
	Clark Thomas	x59-41113	ctthomas5
Central Lab Services:	Steve LaRouche	x84-54875	slarouch

INFORMATION:

NHTSA letter: PE98-088

Vehicles identified: 21 initially identified.
 20 additional vehicles reported since publication of the investigation.

Warranty: A total of 89 warranty claims are identified in AWS on the F2VY-9F924-A for 1992 and 1993 Town Cars.

Two CQIS reports (MJIAA135 & VDUA122) mention underhood fire in connection with the brake pressure switch.
 MJIAA135 occurred at 51,500 miles.
 VDUA122 occurred at 56,802 miles.

Supplier: The pressure switch was manufactured by Texas Instruments. The switch was purchased in assembly with the brake proportioning valve bought from Surfaces.

Contacts: Surfaces - Mike Thomas (248)543-8820 HILITE Industries
 TI - Rob Sharp (248)305-8729

3713 0910

TI - Russ Baumann (508)236-3314
 TI - Charlie Douglas (508)236-1657

Function: The brake pressure switch is a redundant switch for turning off the speed control function.

X-Rays: Taken by Steve LaRouche, Norm LaPointe & Clark Thomas on 12/17/1998. Original photographs and part are in Steve LaRouche's possession.

ON-GOING ACTIVITY:

2 service parts have been ordered from Fairlane Ford for X-ray and other testing by Central Lab Services.

Meeting with representatives of TI is planned for 12/22/1998 to discuss intended operation of the switch. The meeting will be at the Central Laboratory Conference room off of the lobby.

QUESTIONS: (in no particular order)

- 1) What is the normal current in the brake pressure switch?
- 2) Was cruise control standard on Town Car in 1992 and 1993?
- 3) Under what circumstances is brake fluid flammable?

According to Clark Thomas & Mary Haga, brake fluid is flammable at approximately 300 degrees F.

- 4) What is the repair history for vehicles that have exhibited a problem? Repair history for the two CQIM vehicles are being gathered by Fred Porter.
- 5) What other vehicles use this brake pressure switch? What are their electrical configurations?

MODEL YEAR	92	93	94	95	96	97	98
Town Car	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	
Crown Vic	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	
Grand Marquis	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	
Econoline	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX
Club Wagon	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX
F-Series		XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX
Bronco		XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX		
Taurus SHO		XXXX	XXXX	----			
Capri			XXXX	XXXX	----		
Windstar			XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX
Falcon				XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX
Explorer					----	XXXX	XXXX
Ranger					----	XXXX	XXXX
Expedition						XXXX	XXXX
Navigator							XXXX

XXXX = used in model year
 ---- = may have been used in model year

 * Note printed by GSTEVEN1 on 5 Jan 1993 at 08:26:50 *

From: PORTER --DREB007
 To: WABRAMCZ--DREB008
 RENGLES1--DREB008
 DOBEL --DREB008
 KRIBBLE--DREB008
 SLAROUCH--FORDNA1
 JNAME --DREB008
 GSTEVEN1--DREB008
 HWELPERJ--DREB008

Date and time 12/16/98 17:04:06
 BEGEN --DREB007
 JEVANS6 --DREB008
 JGREGOIR--DREB008
 NLAPPOINT--DREB008
 JMCINERN--DREB008
 RNEVI --DREB008
 CTHOMAS6--DREB008

FROM: F. J. Porter USAET(UTC -09:00)
 Subject: 9F924 Update (19981218)

1992-1993 Town Car F2VC-9F924-A Brake Pressure Switch Investigation

TEAM:

AVT ESE Chassis Electronics:	Fred Porter	x84-53722	fporter
AVT Chassis Engineering:	Joe Evans	x32-23832	jevans6
	Barry Egan	x32-38512	began
AVT ESE EOE:	Rob English	x33-73229	rengles1
AVT Design Analysis:	Norm LaPointe	x59-42886	nlapoint
AVT ESE OPE:	Jim Gregoire	x33-78962	jgregoir
ESE Prod. Veh. Safety:	William Abramczyk	x32-23288	wabramcz
	Ray Nevi	x59-47688	rnevi
Large Luxury VC Safety:	John McInerney	x32-20278	jmcinern
	Joe Name	x39-08133	jname
AVT Materials Engineering:	Greg Stevens	x32-38686	gstevani
	Ken Gribble	x32-38658	kgribble
	Clark Thomas	x59-41313	cthomas6
Central Lab Services:	Steve LaRouche	x84-54876	slarouch

INFORMATION:

NHTSA letter: PE98-055

Vehicles identified: 21 initially identified.
 70 additional vehicles reported since publication of
 the investigation.

Warranty: A total of 89 warranty claims are identified in AWS on the
 F2VY-9F924-A for 1992 and 1993 Town Cars.

Two CRIS reports (WJIAA135 & VDUAJ22) mention underhood fire
 in connection with the brake pressure switch.
 WJIAA135 occurred at 51,500 miles.
 VDUAJ22 occurred at 56,802 miles.

Supplier: The pressure switch was manufactured by Texas Instruments. The
 switch was purchased in assembly with the brake proportioning
 valve bought from Surfaces.

Contacts: Surfaces - Mike Thomas (248)543-5520 MILITE Industries
 TI - Rob Sharp (248)305-5729

3713 8079

PRODUCED BY FORD

EA02-025-R 9834

TI - Russ Baumann (508)236-3314
 TI - Charlie Douglas (508)236-3637

Function: The brake pressure switch is a redundant switch for turning off the speed control function.

X-Rays: Taken by Steve LaRouche, Norm LaPointe & Clark Thomas on 12/17/1998. Original photographs and part are in Steve LaRouche's possession.

ON-GOING ACTIVITY:

2 service parts have been ordered from Fairlane Ford for X-ray and other testing by Central Lab Services.

Meeting with representatives of TI is planned for 12/23/1998 to discuss intended operation of the switch. The meeting will be at the Central Laboratory Conference room off of the lobby.

QUESTIONS: (in no particular order)

- 1) What is the normal current in the brake pressure switch?
- 2) Was cruise control standard on Town Car in 1992 and 1993?
- 3) Under what circumstances is brake fluid flammable?

According to Clark Thomas & Mary Rega, brake fluid is flammable at approximately 300 degrees F.

- 4) What is the repair history for vehicles that have exhibited a problem? Repair history for the two QJIS vehicles are being gathered by Fred Porter.
- 5) What other vehicles use this brake pressure switch? What are their electrical configurations?

MODEL YEAR	92	93	94	95	96	97	98
Town Car	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	
Crown Vic	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	
Grand Marquis	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	
Roumanline	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX
Club Wagon	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX
F-Series		XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX
Bronco		XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX		
Taurus SHO		XXXX	XXXX	----			
Capti			XXXX	XXXX	----		
Windstar			XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX
Falcon				XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX
Explorer					----	XXXX	XXXX
Ranger					----	XXXX	XXXX
Expedition						XXXX	XXXX
Navigator							XXXX

XXXX = used in model year
 ---- = may have been used in model year

6) Is this switch still in use? If not, why not? If so, what design changes have been implemented since 1991/1992?

Charlie Douglas of TI is investigating the design changes that may have been implemented on the brake pressure switch beginning in 1992.

7) What fault codes are stored if the brake pressure switch fails?

Regards,
Fred Porter OV - fporter fporter@ford.com
Chassis E/E Systems Applications (313)845-1722
Bldg 5 - Mail Drop 5010 - Cubicle 1E004 Fax: 390-4145

3713 5061

PRODUCED BY FORD

EA82-025-A 0836

* Note printed by JLOTT on 21 Dec 1998 at 14:58:31 *

From: DESANARI--DRBN005 Date and time 12/18/98 13:19:11
Subject: ANAY Facility/VM messages
This note was generated by the ANAY Facility/VM 5799-FLP (c) IBM Corp.
DO NOT REPLY TO THIS NOTE

ANAY101 This mail item is being routed to you from FPORTER at DRBN007
on behalf of KGRIBBLE at DRBN005.

To: WARRANCE--DRBN005
KREGLISI--DRBN005
DGOEL --DRBN005
KGRIBBLE--DRBN005
BLAROUCK--FORDM01
JHEWE --DRBN005
GSTRVENI--DRBN005
HWELFERS--DRBN005
BECHE --DRBN007 Barry Egen
JEVANS --DRBN005
JOREGON--DRBN005
BLAPOINT--DRBN005
JNCIDEN--DRBN005
RNEVI --DRBN005
CTHOMAS--DRBN005

FROM: F. J. Porter USANT(UTC -09:00)

Requester: Frederick J. Porter
Date to be scheduled: 12/22/98
Starting time: 10:00AM USANT
Ending time: 12:00PM USANT

Location: Central Labs - Lobby Conference Room

Subject: Brake Pressure Switch Analysis

Purpose: Review brake pressure switch operation with Texas Instrument
Review available data and determine next steps.

Regards,
Fred Porter CV - Fporter fporter@ford.com
Chassis E/E Systems Applications (313) 848-3722
Bldg 5 - Mail Drop 9030 - Cubicle 18604 fax: 390-4145

*- If brake fluid gets into the cavity - the brake fluid itself is fairly inert, but if it
has some water or other contaminants, that's when you might get corrosion
- designed to handle 3-Samp load*

3713 6082

PRODUCED BY FORD

EA82-825-A 9837

* Note printed by JWCINERN on 18 Dec 1998 at 16:14:05 *

From: JNEME --DREW005 Date and time 12/16/98 13:40:56
To: JWCINERN--DREW005

FROM: Joseph S. News USAET(UTC -05:00)
SUBJECT: Brake Pressure Switch Analysis
Please cover for me... thanks

Joseph S. News
LVC- Chassis: EN95 - Wheels/Tires, Steering, Carline
Phone: 39-08133, Fax:39-07201, E-Mail:jnews@ford.com
Location: MD1255/Cuba 2M37, Building #2 Faxpaper:313-785-7003
*** Forwarding note from VPORTER --DREW007 12/18/98 13:19 ***

To: NARRANCE--DREW005
RINOLISI--DREW005
DGOEL --DREW005
KORIBBLE--DREW005
SLANOOCK--FORDR1
JNEME --DREW005
GSTEVENI--DREW005
HWELPERJ--DREW005
BROWN --DREW007 Barry Egan
JEVANS4 --DREW005
JORGOCIA--DREW005
WLASOINT--DREW005
JWCINERN--DREW005
RHEVI --DREW005
CTROMARS--DREW005

FROM: F. J. Porter USAET(UTC -05:00)

Requester: Frederick J. Porter
Date to be scheduled: 12/22/98
Starting time: 10:00AM USAET
Ending time: 12:00PM USAET

Location: Central Labs - Lobby Conference Room

Subject: Brake Pressure Switch Analysis

Purpose: Review brake pressure switch operation with Texas Instrument
Review available data and determine next steps.

Regards,
Fred Porter CV - fporter fporter@ford.com
Chassis E/E Systems Applications (313)845-3723
Bldg 5 - Mail Drop 5030 - Cubicle 3N004 Fax: 390-4145

TI - Russ Baumann (508)236-3314
 TI - Charlie Douglas (508)236-3657

Function: The brake pressure switch is a redundant switch for turning off the speed control function.

X-Rays: Taken by Steve LaRouche, Norm LaPointe & Clark Thomas on 12/17/1998. Original photographs and part are in Steve LaRouche's possession.

ON-GOING ACTIVITY:

2 service parts have been ordered from Fairlane Ford for X-ray and other testing by Central Lab Services.

Meeting with representatives of TI is planned for 12/22/1998 to discuss intended operation of the switch. The meeting will be at the Central Laboratory Conference room off of the lobby.

QUESTIONS: (in no particular order)

- 1) What is the normal current in the brake pressure switch?
- 2) Was cruise control standard on Town Car in 1992 and 1993?
- 3) Under what circumstances is brake fluid flammable?

According to Clark Thomas & Mary Hays, brake fluid is flammable at approximately 300 degrees F.

- 4) What is the repair history for vehicles that have exhibited a problem? Repair history for the two CQIS vehicles are being gathered by Fred Porter.
- 5) What other vehicles use this brake pressure switch? What are their electrical configurations?

MODEL YEAR	92	93	94	95	96	97	98
Town Car	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Crown Vic	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Grand Marquis	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Econoline	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Club Wagon	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
F-Series		X	X	X	X	X	X
Bronco		X	X	X	X		
Taurus SHO		X	X	----			
Capri			X	X	----		
Windstar			X	X	X	X	X
Falcon				X	X	X	X
Explorer					----	X	X
Ranger					----	X	X
Expedition						X	X
Navigator							X

X = used in model year
 ---- = may have been used in model year

6) Is this switch still in use? If not, why not? If so, what design changes have been implemented since 1992/1993?

Charlie Douglas of TI is investigating the design changes that may have been implemented on the brake pressure switch beginning in 1993.

7) What fault codes are stored if the brake pressure switch fails?

Regards,
Fred Porter GV - fporter fporter@ford.com
Chassis E/E Systems Applications (313)845-3722
Bldg 5 - Mail Drop 5030 - Cubicle 3E004 fax: 390-4149

3713 4283

PRODUCED BY FORD

ER02-825-A 9841

BRAKE PRESSURE SWITCH
REVIEW

12/22/98

NAME	ORGANIZATION	PHONE
FRED PORTER	FORD AUT EESC	(313) 84-53722
JOLA LOTT	AVI MATLS ENGINEERING	(915) 24-83641
ZANDRA DEERING	LIC - SAFETY EXGR	(312) 97-4163
Jim Grejira	AVT EESC OPD	(312) 21-79962
STEVE LaROUCHE	FORD CENTRAL LABS	313 8454876
NORMAN LATOINTE	AVT-DES. BUL.	313 59/42686

3713 1581

PRODUCED BY FORD

ERR2-825-R 9842

Brake Pressure Switch
Review

12/21/98

NAME	ORGANIZATION	PHONE
FRED PORTER	FORD AVT EESC	(313) 84-53722
JOLA LOTT	AVT HAZEL ENGINEERING	(815) 24-83641
ZANDRA DEERING	LVC - SAFETY ENGR.	(313) 97-4163
Jim Grajore	AVT EESC OPD	(212) 33-79962
STEVE LaROUCHE	FORD CENTRAL LABS	313 8454876
NOEMAN LAPOINTE	AVT-DES. ANAL.	313 99/42686

GREGG SHARPE	FIELD SALES	T. I.
BRYAN DALL	DES ENG SUP	T. I.

3713 8873

PRODUCED BY FORD

E982-025-A 9843

* Note printed by GSTEVEN1 on 5 Jan 1999 at 08:26:22 *

From: FORTER --DRB007	Date and time	12/23/98 10:33:06
To: WARRANCE--DRB005	ZOEERING--DRB005	
BEGEN --DRB007	RENGLISI--DRB005	
JEVANS --DRB005	DOEL --DRB005	
JGREGOIR--DRB005	KGRIBBLE--DRB005	
KLAPCINT--DRB005	SLABOUCK--FORDKAI	
JMCINREY--DRB005	JNEME --DRB005	
RNEVI --DRB005	GSTEVEN1--DRB005	
CTHOMAS--DRB005	KWELPER3--DRB005	

FROM: F. J. Porter USAET(UTC -05:00)
Subject: (U) Part Analysis

Dr. Al Hopkins from TI suggests that representatives from Ford travel to Attleboro, MA via Providence, RI the evening of January 5, 1999 for a full day of analysis on January 6, 1999.

Can some find out the type of material used in the extinguisher? This will aid in the analysis.

It would also be helpful to understand the weather conditions at the time of the event. I don't have the date and dealership from this part.

Thanks.

Regards,
Fred Porter OV - fporter fporter@ford.com
Chassis E/E Systems Applications (313)845-3722
Bldg 9 - Mail Drop 9030 - Cubicle-3E004 fax: 390-4145

3713 6078

PRODUCED BY FORD

ERG2-825-A 8544



Central Laboratory
19000 Century Drive
Dearborn, MI 48120-1287
FAX (313) 322-1614

Report 9604106
Preliminary

January 8, 1998

To: G. Stivers/N. LaPointe (313) 32-3666 07224 FAX
From: S. LaRouche (313) 84-54878
Subject: Speed Control Cut-Off Switch
Part Number: F2VY-9F24-A
Source: Customer Vehicle
Received: One switch which had been involved in a thermal event, one unused switch, and unused switch components were received on December 17, 1998.

Object: Determine cause of thermal event.

Conclusion: Surface analysis indicates that oxide or corrosion product from the brass contacts may have transferred to the cup component of the switch. Deposits on the cup also appear to contain filler materials from the switch base.

The white deposit in the connector cavity below the wire seal appears to be from a dry chemical fire extinguisher.

Data and Analysis:

Surface Analysis

(Visual Examination, Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM),
Energy Dispersive X-ray Spectroscopy (EDS))

The as-received condition of the switch is shown in Figure 1. The switch is shown after sampling for EDS in Figure 2 (arrow A in photograph points to area where sample was removed). Energy dispersive X-ray spectroscopy was performed on the following materials:

Oxide-like material on side surface of stationary contact body¹

Greenish deposit visible on switch side of cup²

Material scraped from switch base

Material scraped from new switch base

White material in cavity of connector below wire seal

The spectra from these materials are attached.

The spectra from the material on the side of the stationary contact exhibits elements from the base metal (brass) as well as a trace amount of sulfur. This suggests that the material on the surface of the stationary contact is most likely an oxide of the base metal with possibly a sulfate.

¹ Small scraping from side of contact.

² Small scraping from deposit.

Surface Analysis - continued

The spectra from the greenish deposit on the cup exhibits mostly copper and zinc with trace amounts of sulfur, potassium, silicon, chromium, and iron. The presence of copper and zinc indicates that the deposit is primarily an oxide of the brass contact material which has transferred to the cup. The presence of sulfur suggests that some of the material may be a sulfate. The chromium and iron are most likely from the cup. The deposit also contains fibers which have spectra similar to those in the switch housing.

Spectra from the switch bases are similar. Aluminum, silicon, and calcium are most likely from the fillers (fibers, etc.) used in the housing material.

Spectra from the white deposit exhibit elements which would be found in dry chemical fire extinguishers, i.e., high phosphorus content material with traces of Si, Al, F - rich material (Muscovite).

Contributor: P. Nelles

Concur: _____
P. Kline, Supervisor
Metallurgy Section

By: _____
Steven LaRouche (SLAROUCH)

Enclosures: Eight EDS spectra
Data sheet on muscovite

SLM



Central Laboratory
16000 Century Drive
Dearborn, MI 48120-1267
FAX (313) 322-1614

Report 9804105
Preliminary Report

January 15, 1998

To: G. Stevens/N. LaPointe (313) 32-3658 07224 FAX
From: V. Beltran (313) 59-47304
Subject: Speed Control Cut Off Switch
Part Number: F2VY-9F924-A
Specification: Not Provided
Supplier: Texas Instruments

Received: 3 switches (1 assembled, 1 assembled new, and one disassembled failed) were received on December 17, 1998.

Object: Determine the extent/case of the damage Kapton Strips.

Conclusion: Damage appears to have been initiated at the Kapton strip closest to the washer prior to assembly of the switch by pinching and/or impact which tore the teflon and deformed the Kapton material. The damaged Kapton material appears to have been darkened and embrittled by an unknown mechanism.

Data and Analysis:

See Attached Photographs.

By: 
Vladimir S. Beltran (VBELTRA1)
Laboratory Engineer



Central Laboratory
15000 Century Drive
Dearborn, MI 48120-1287
FAX (313) 322-1614

Report 9804108

January 19, 1999

To: G. Stevens/N. LaPointe/S. LaRouche (313) 32-3888 07224 FAX
From: Gayle D. Gillen (313) 32-27322
Subject: Speed Control Cut-Off Switch
Part Number: F2VY-9F924-A
Source: Customer Vehicle

*When I get the
switch and I had
understand the
switch and
was repaired*

Received: One opened switch which had undergone a thermal event and one unused switch housing were received on January 4, 1999, from S. LaRouche. The switch was returned on January 11, 1999, after disassembly and preliminary examination by Texas Instruments.

Object: Determine if any fluid is present on the switch base in metallic-exposed area and compare the switch housing material to the unused material. Determine the nature of the black residue in the hexport and converter and determine the type of fluid in the diaphragm squares.

Conclusions/
Discussion: There was spectral evidence of a glycol ether [spectrally similar to Dow HD 50-4 brake fluid] and a metal soap on the metallic-exposed area of the switch cup. The customer base and unused base are spectrally similar and are composed of a polyester material. This is not the 'Noryl' material which was specified. [Noryl is a styrenated PPO (polyphenylene oxide).]

The exact nature and source of the noted metal soap could not be conclusively determined. Metal soaps can be utilized as polymeric compounding and/or mold release agents. Metal soaps are also utilized in greases (this glycol ether material does not match known carrier grease fluids) and may also be formed in the presence of acids and metal salts (both perhaps a reaction of the polymeric housing and metallic interference during the event).

The black residue in the hexport, converter, and washer are similar and are composed of a glycol based material [probably brake fluid] and a metal salt [probably an oxalate salt]. The black residue on the spacer is composed of a metal salt [probably oxalate salt], and a glycol based fluid [probably brake fluid]. The fluid removed from the #2 diaphragm was glycol based [probably brake fluid] and contained a metal salt [probably oxalate salt]. The hexport deposit appears to contain ~10% water, however, this value may be artificially elevated due to reactions with the salts and other compounds in the deposit.

Decomposition of the polyester base causes acid formation, with one of these acids likely being oxalic acid. Reaction with the metals in the system forms oxalate salts. Based on this, it is highly unlikely that the oxalate salts were introduced into the system in this fashion but were likely formed during the thermal decomposition of the housing.

Data and Analysis:

Molecular Characterization
(FTIR, Qualitative, Microscopic)

Arrow B in Figure 2 points to area where analysis was performed). Spectra of the fluid noted on the metallic surface [chloroform micro coats - several areas] are characteristic of a glycol ether [spectrally similar to Dow HD 50-4 brake fluid] with evidence of an ester and metal soap.

Spectra of the new, brown base are characteristic of a polyester on the base of terephthalic acid.

Spectra of the blackened, customer base are similar to the new base and are characteristic of a polyester on the base of terephthalic acid.



Molecular Characterization
(FTIR, Qualitative, Conventional and Microscopic)

Hexport Deposit

Spectra as received are characteristic of a glycol based material [probably brake fluid] and a metal salt [probably an oxalate].

Spectra of the methanol solubles are characteristic of a glycol based material [probably brake fluid] and ester.

Spectra of the insolubles are characteristic of essentially a metal salt [possibly an oxalate].

Converter Deposit

Spectra as received are characteristic of a glycol based material [probably brake fluid] and a metal salt [probably an oxalate].

Spectra of the methanol solubles are characteristic of a glycol based material [probably brake fluid, ester, and other material.

Spectra of the insolubles are characteristic of essentially a metal salt [probably an oxalate].

Spacer Deposit

Spectra of the deposit [as received] are characteristic of a metal salt [probably an oxalate] and a glycol based material [probably brake fluid].

Washer Deposit

Spectra of the deposit [as received] are characteristic of a glycol based material [probably brake fluid] and a metal salt [possibly an oxalate].

Dischrom #2 Internal Fluid/Deposit

Spectra as removed are characteristic of a glycol based material [probably brake fluid] and a metal salt [possibly an oxalate].

Water Content, % by weight¹ -10
(ASTM D 1744)

¹ Accuracy of this result is unknown based on the small sample size and possible interferences caused between compounds present in the deposit and the liquid.

INFORMATION²

Chemical Resistance	Polytetrafluoroethylene (Teflon ®) ³	Polyimide (Utem ®)	Polyester (Valox ®)
Brake Fluid (100% conc./73°F/180 days)	no information listed	no information listed	no observed changes no tensile strength change
Sulfuric Acid	no observed changes -2% tensile change (30% conc./212°F/8hr)	no observed changes -3% tensile change (20% conc./73°F/100 days)	no observed changes -4% tensile change (38% conc./73°F/180 days)
Water Absorption, % (1/8 in thick sample, 24hr)	<0.01	0.24-0.34	0.08-0.08 (30% glass filled)
Environmental Stress Cracking			
Brake Fluid (100% conc./2500 psi stress/72°F)	no information listed	>336 hours - no failure	no information listed

² Information obtained from *Modern Plastics Encyclopedia*, October 1964, November 1969: Teflon ® manufactured by DuPont, Utem ® and Valox ® are manufactured by General Electric. Utem ® is a polyetherimide material similar to Kapton ® polyimide which is manufactured by DuPont. Utem ® was substituted for informational purposes only since Kapton ® information was not readily available (water absorption information is for Kapton ®, Utem ® value is 0.25.)

³ "Not known to dissolve in any known solvent and not attacked by highly corrosive acids and caustic materials". *Today's Chemist At Work*, January 1969

Contributor: V. Cooper, M Hage

Concur: _____
Mary Hage
Organic Section

By: _____
Gayle D. Gulien (GGULLEN)
Product Materials Engineer

417

* Note printed by FPORTER on 24 Jan 1999 at 17:26:08 *

From: FPORTER --DREN007 Date and time 01/26/99 17:25:48
To: MLAPPOINT--DREN005 SLAROUCK--FORDNAI

FROM: F. J. Porter UAET(UTC -05:00)
Subject: (U) Brake Pressure Switch Material

The following is from TI drawings

Part	Material	Comments
Modified SAE J512 Nacport	C10L10 Steel	Zinc Plating .0003 min thk w/yellow dichromate
Converter	1006 or 1010 C.R. Steel	Zinc Plating .0002-.0004 thk may have rust inhibitor
Washer	1080 CRS	Zinc Plate .0002-.0006 thk Heat treat austemper Rockwell 40-60
Cup	1010 or 1006 C.R.S.	Zinc Plating w/yellow chromate .0002-.0004 thk
Spring	Beryllium copper C17200	Mill hardened (Brush Wellman alloy 192 Mw)
Kapton	Dupont 500 FM1313L	1 mil Teflon FFP 3 mil Kapton Type H 1 mil teflon FFP
Movable Contact	Copper	Finish: DMC-133 OFPC Silver DMC-10 fine silver
Environmental Seal	Silicon JEL #7519	
Transfer Pin	L-3 Grade Steatite (DC-1685) or L-3 Grade Steatite (DC-144E)	
Switch Rivet	CDA 160 Brass	
Gasket	Ethylene Propylene JEL Compound E-7104-70 JEL Part No. 6197E	
Spacer	Dupont Kapton 200K	.0017-.0023 thk
Crimp Ring	Aluminum 5052	
Thread Cap	LDPE	

Regards,
Fred Porter OV - Spurter fporter@ford.com
Chassis E/E Systems Applications (313)845-3722
Bldg 5 - Mail Drop 8030 - Cubicle 18004 fax: 390-4145

3713 1550

PRODUCED BY FORD

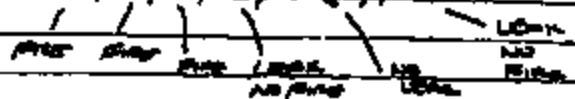
8882-825-A 385

From Page No.

Switches

Rec'd. 1-26-59

Rec'd. in switches A, B, C, D, U(E), & K



Switches were disassembled in presence of
Time Inc Personnel.

A. SWITCH NUMBER IN FILE

HEAVY METAL BUSHES - BEANS IN EVIDENCE OF HEAVY
GRINDING RING APPROX CENTER 2 DEGREE WEDGE

BASE, CONTACTS, TERMINALS MISSING, TERMINAL PIN ALSO ON
OTHER SWITCHES IN GROUPS IN FILE

FACE OF CUP BUSHES - BUSHES - CUP BUSHES

REMOVED FROM FILE - EXAMINATION FOR MISSING

CUT OVER CUP

FACE OF WASHING, INSIDE OF CUP BUSHES

WASHING BUSHES IN CONTACTS FOR SWITCHES ^{OUTLINE} _{INDENTURE ON WASHING & MOUNT}

ARMED MISSING

WASHING, CONTACTS, DIE CONTACTS

ONE BUSHES - (CONTACTS BUSHES)

B. SWITCH NUMBER IN FILE

HEAVY METAL BUSHES CONTACTS - BEANS BEHIND IN EVIDENCE

CAME RING APPROX CENTER 2 DEGREE WEDGE

BASE SWITCHES FROM SWITCH

STANDARD CONTACT BUSHES, FINISH AT END OF

WASHING BUSHES

MOVABLE CONTACT MISSING - BUSHES FOR MISSING

TERMINALS MISSING PRESENT

SWITCH ALSO AT END OF CUP BUSHES - ALL

1 NOT REMOVED FROM GROUPS IN FILE BECAUSE

TO BE MISSING BASE MATERIAL

GROUPS NOT REMOVED TO PREVENT SWITCH

To Page N

Witnessed & Understood by me,

Date

Invented by

Date

Reported by

3713 2744

PRODUCED BY FORD

Request for Central Laboratory Service

Receipt - Copy

Lab Request Number 208900228

Date of Request: 01/26/1999 11:19:53 AM

Print Date: 01/28/1999 02:13:51 PM

Request Description: SPEED CONTROL CUTOFF SWITCH

Requester Information:

Primary Contact: STEVENS, GREG - 10008
Secondary Contact: LA POINTE, NORM - 10078

Phone: (313) 323-6586
Phone: (313) 594-2886

PROFS ID: GSTEVEN
PROFS ID: NLAPOINT

Fax: (313) 390-7224
Fax: (313) 337-8236

Send Report to: MD 500820085, AVT MATERIALS BLDG #5
Bill to: Acctg. Location: 5100
Dept: T113
Work Task: XQ004

Sample Information:

Total Number of Containers: 8
Source: Not specified
Sample Handling: Dispose after 30 days
Supplier Code: Not specified

Part/Material Name	Qty	Sample Identification	Part Number	Material Spec	CPSC Code	Supplier
SPEED CONTROL CUTOFF SWITCH	8	A,B,C,D,E,F,G,H,I	F1VY-8P024-A	NA	00 00 00	TEXAS INST RLVNEN TS

Investigation Information:

Nature of Investigation: Requester Info. Box: Mail typed report

Additional Sample Information/Testing Requirements:

DISASSEMBLE SWITCHES IN PRESENCE OF PERSONNEL FROM TEXAS INSTRUMENTS. PERFORM ANALYSES TO ASSIST IN DETERMINING CAUSE OF POSSIBLE SWITCH FIRE OR LEAKAGE.

Reporting Directions:

Date customer would like report: 02/11/1999
Date customer must have report: 02/11/1999

Report Form(s):

Log-in Information:

Initial Routing: Metcalvy
Accepted for Central Laboratory by: LaRouche, Steve

Phone: 64-54878

View your test status at: [HTTP://bd4web.pd7.ford.com/Autier](http://bd4web.pd7.ford.com/Autier)

Program Name: KALISLab Engr Module
Program Version: Version 2.0.6

PLEASE DETERMINE PRESENCE OF BRAKE FLUID IN LOCATIONS SPECIFIED ON ATTACHED SHEET. ALSO IDENTIFY ANY OTHER MATERIALS, ESPECIALLY IN DARKENED AREAS OF INTERIOR COMPONENTS. PLEASE RETURN PARTS AFTER YOU FINISH SAMPLING SO I CAN ROUTE THEM. THANKS, FOR OTHER ANALYSES

S. LaRouche

3713 2780

PRODUCED BY FORD

E002-025-A 0000

990226 Test Locations

Sample	Component	Location
A. C.	Hexport	Fitting End <i>→</i>
		Cavity
	Cup	Interior Switch Side
	Washer, Converter, Disc	Anywhere
D.F.	Hexport	Fitting End
		Cavity
	Seal	Dark Areas
	Washer, Converter, Spacer and Disc	Dark Areas
	Cup	Interior
		Switch Side ¹
Contact	Anywhere ¹	
Base	Connector Cavity	
11	Hexport	Fitting End
		Cavity
	Seal	Dark Areas

¹ Sample already collected prior to further disassembly. Placed in Gelman dish or in vial.

3713 2761

PRODUCED BY FORD

ED02-025-A 9857

990226 Test Locations

Sample	Component	Location
A, C	Hexport	Fitting End Cavity
	Cup	Interior Switch Side
	Washer, Converter, Disc P	Anywhere
D, F	Hexport	Fitting End Cavity
	Seal	Dark Areas
	Washer/Converter/Spacer and Disc P	Dark Areas
	Cup	Interior Switch Side
	Contact	Anywhere
	Base	Connector Cavity P
11	Hexport	Fitting End Cavity
	Seal	Dark Areas

11 - is in service - no problem
 fluid in service (of repair) probably
 come from internal circuit handling
 introduced in ID by blank capacitor

It's - checked method to determine presence
 of trace fluid in a circuit - as per 1/10/68 method for
 Hazpro cavity - just inside behind electronic seal
 fitting end - just inside in 1st stage of thread.

Thank
 Eby

* Sample already collected prior to further disassembly. Placed in Galman can or in vial

Request for Central Laboratory Service

Recd - Copy

Request Number: 109570102
Date of Request: 01/29/1999 11:23 AM
Print Date: 01/23/1999 12:13 PM

Request Description: SPEED CONTROL CUTOFF SWITCH

Requester Information:

Primary Contact: STEVENS, GREG - 10006 Phone: (313) 323-6888 PROFS: D STEVEN: Fax: (313) 323-1124
Secondary Contact: LA POINTE, NORM - 10079 Phone: (313) 334-2588 PROFS: D LAPOINT: Fax: (313) 337-9224

Send Report to: MD 3006/20085, AVT MATERIALS BLDG #5
Bill to: Acq. Location: 5100
Dept: T113
Work Task: XQ004

Sample Information:

Total Number of Containers: 8 Sample Handling: Dispose after 30 days
Source: Not specified Supplier Code: Not specified

Part/Item Name	Qty	Sample Identification	Part Number	Material Spec	CPSC Code	Supplier
SPEED CONTROL CUTOFF SWITCH	8	A, B, C, D, E, F AND F	F2VY-8P924-A	NA	30-30-00	TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

Investigation Information:

Nature of Investigation: Requester Info. Box: Mail typed report

Additional Sample Information/Testing Requirements:

DISASSEMBLE SWITCHES IN PRESENCE OF PERSONNEL FROM TEXAS INSTRUMENTS. PERFORM ANALYSES TO ASSIST IN DETERMINING CAUSE OF POSSIBLE SWITCH FIRE OR LEAKAGE

Reporting Directions:

Date customer would like report: 02/11/1999
Date customer must have report: 02/11/1999

Report Format(s):

Log-In Information:

Initial Request: Metairie Phone: 84-34875
Accepted for Central Laboratory by: LaRouche, Steve

Program Name: CALIBRAD Eng Module
Program Version: Version 2.2.9

View your test results at: [HTTP://rdweb.pd7.ford.com/kali](http://rdweb.pd7.ford.com/kali)

PLEASE DETERMINE PRESENCE OF
BRAKE FLUID IN LOCATIONS SPECIFIED ON
ATTACHED SHEET. ALSO IDENTIFY ANY OTHER
MATERIALS, ESPECIALLY IN DARKENED AREAS OF
INTERIOR COMPONENTS. PLEASE RETURN PARTS
AFTER YOU FINISH SAMPLING SO I CAN ROUTE THEM.
THANKS, FOR OTHER ANALYSES
S. LaRouche

3713 2763

PRODUCED BY FORD

TITLE _____

Project No. _____

Book No. _____

From Page No. _____

4900226

Mag. Stearns / 41-2 Bushing To Conch
 Fuel Injector Vehicle Sample

Use in assembly with no seal - not
 in use - had been found prior
 in other cases - some instances in
 motor with clips, however

990226 Test Locations

Sample	Component	Location
A. C	Hexport	Fitting End Cavity
	Cup	Interior Switch Side
	Washer, Converter, Disc	Anywhere
D.F	Hexport	Fitting End Cavity
	Seal	Dark Areas
	Washer, Converter, Spacer and Disc	Dark Areas
	Cup	Interior Switch Side
	Contact	Anywhere
	Base	Connector Cavity
11	Hexport	Fitting End Cavity
	Seal	Dark Areas

Sample already collected prior to further disassembly. Placed in German 3-20 3713 2764

To Page No. _____

Witnessed & Understood by me,

M. J. [Signature]

Date

21/109

Invented by _____

Date _____

3713 2764

PRODUCED BY FORD

JIM DOUGLASS
JOE MCARNEY

* Note printed by SRINERS on 4 Feb 1999 at 13:21:58 *

From: SRINERS--D88W07 Date and time: 02/04/99 11:29:14
To: ✓FFORTER --D88W07 Frederick J. Forte D88W07 --D88W09
LAWSON --D88W08 ✓COTYEN? --D88W08
✓JWHEE --D88W09 ✓DROSTIN--V12708
✓PTOKIN --V12708 ✓BLANCOH--FOR001
✓RENDLIS1--D88W08 ✓SALTER --D88W08 -LATER
✓BLAPOINT--D88W08 ✓THASTER--D88W08
✓SRINERS--D88W07 Steve Reiners ✓SCOLEI --D88W08
@yusa ✓JKAVAZI --D88W04 ✓R.B. SHARPE T.I.

FROM: Steve Reiners DEACT(UTC -08:00)

Requester: Steve Reiners
Date to be scheduled: 02/04/99
Starting time: 2:00PM DEACT
Ending time: 3:00PM DEACT

Location: building 5 conf rm 1A219

Subject: Brake Pressure Switch

Purpose: Kick-off meeting for investigation of Brake Pressure switch
in response to NHTSA investigation.
1. Develop work plan
2. Identify addition team players — VO
3. Establish meeting schedule and location.

Steve Reiners building 5 10042
AVT Chassis E/R System Applications mail drop 1011
19-01286 SRINERS srainers@ford.com fax 19-01286

Introductions
Description '98'93 TC UNDERHOOD
Problem Statement (TC Focus?)
Work Plan -
Containment Short Term
Long Term
Root Cause
Recreate Fault
Failure Analysis

3713 1816

PRODUCED BY FORD

ENG2-825-A 9861

BRAKE PRESS -- SW INVESTIGATION

2/4/99

✓ DAN BUDENSKI
✓ PAUL JENKO

CRANK STEERING MATERIALS

Speed Control
Safety off

✓ JIM NIKAS ✓

SALT IN SOLUTIONS?

✓ Central Lab - STEEL LABORATORY

SECTIONED SWITCH

✓ TI - ROB STINE - 810-575-5729

✓ BO ELLIOTT - CCRG

✓ SU SMITH - BUCK MARKING

✓ WERNER LABOUR - DUBUQUE ANALYSIS

✓ TOM MARTIN - KAMATI

BRAKE FLUID IN WIRE?

✓ FORD FORD

Send for MC of switch

NHTSA INVESTIGATION

CC ✓ D GOEL

✓ H WELFER 3

✓ L BROWN

✓ SCOLE 1

C. Rig

R. P.

T. E.

S.

Immediate actions

Work plan

✓ C. STEVEN 7

WELFER 1



Central Laboratory
15000 Century Drive
Dearborn, MI 48120-1267
FAX (313) 322-1814

Report 9804105
Preliminary Report

February 6, 1999

To: G. Stevens/N. LaPointe (313) 32-3666 39-07224 FAX
From: V. Beltran (313) 39-05018
Subject: Speed Control Cut Off Switch
Part Number: F2VY-9F924-A
Specification: Not Provided
Supplier: Texas Instruments

Received: 3 switches (1 assembled, 1 assembled new, and one disassembled failed) were received on December 17, 1998.

Object: Determine the extent/cause of the damage Kapton Strips.

Conclusion: Damage appears to have been initiated at the Kapton strip closest to the washer prior to assembly of the switch. Pinching and/or impact tore the Teflon and deformed the Kapton material. The damaged Kapton material appears to have been darkened and embrittled by an unknown mechanism.

Data and Analysis:

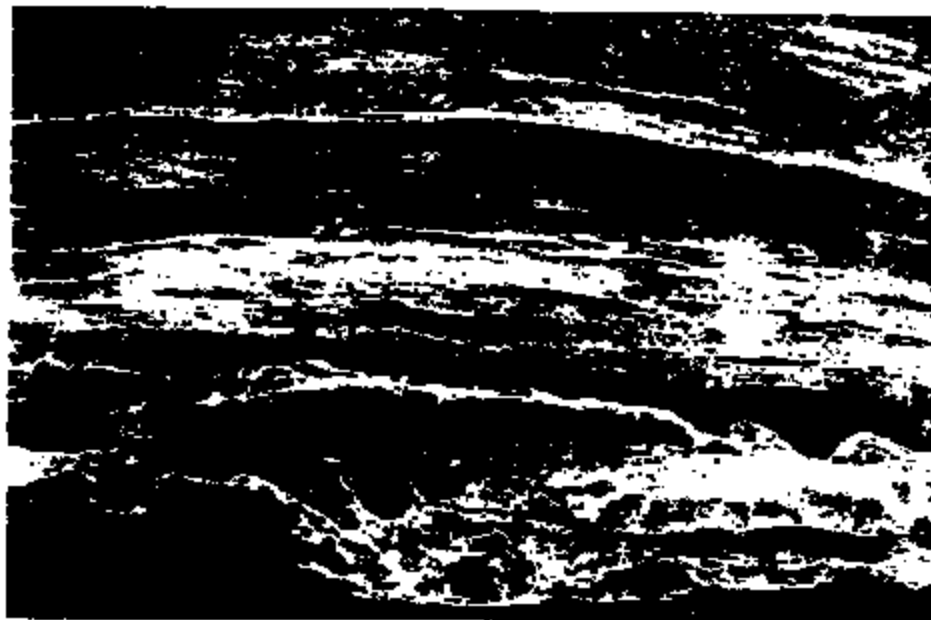
Reflected Light Microscopy



Figure 1.
Kapton Strip (Teflon Layers Removed) Closest to
Washer with Convex Side Down.
7X Magnification



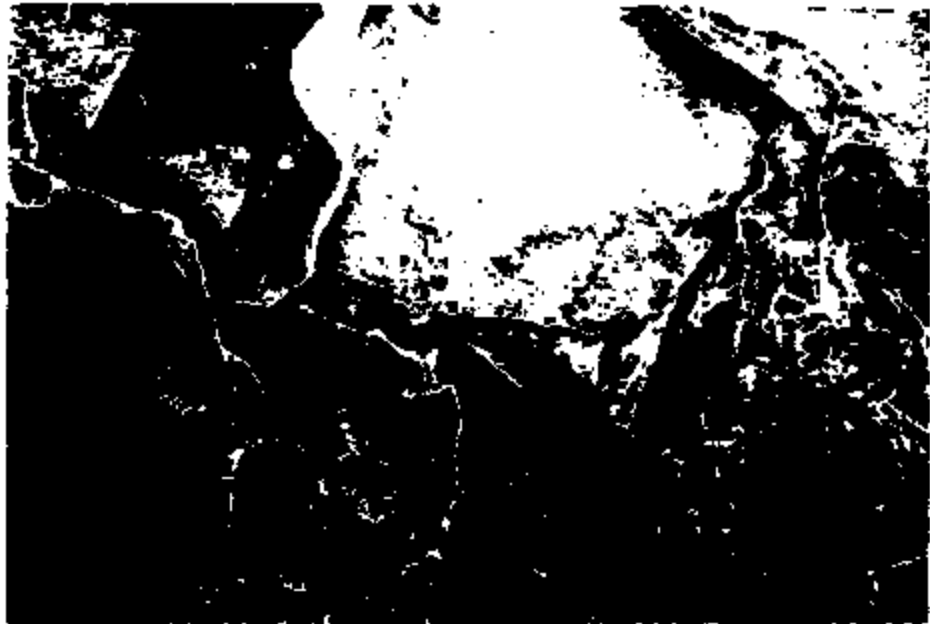
Scanning Electron Microscopy



*Figure 2.
SEM Photomicrograph of Brittle Fracture on Kapton Strip.
The fracture appears to propagate away from the notch.
The direction of propagation is perpendicular to the plane of the page.
SEIX Magnification*



Scanning Electron Microscopy continued



*Figure 3.
Scanning Electron Photomicrograph of Brittle Fracture on Kapton Strip.
The direction of fracture propagation is perpendicular to the plane of the page.
220X Magnification*

By: Vladimir S. Beltran (VBELTRA1)
Laboratory Engineer, Polymers Section

* Note printed by SREIDERS on 11 Feb 1999 at 07:27:43

From: FPORTER --DESN007
To: SREIDERS--DESN007

Date and time 02/09/99 16:27:09

FROM: F. J. Porter
Subject: CONNECTOR P2AB 14A464 ADA

URANT(UTC -05:00)

Regards,

Fred Porter OV - Sporter
Chassis H/E Systems Applications
Bldg 8 - Mail Drop 8890 - Cubicle 38004

fpporter@ford.com
(313)248-3723
fax: 390-4143

*** Forwarding note from SLAPOINT--DESN005 02/09/99 16:11 ***

To: JENSEN --DESN005
FRAYLIER--DESN007
FPORTER --DESN007
THASTERS--DESN005
cc: JERFATI --DESN004
CYRNOAN--DESN005
CHILCOTE--DESN005

SLAPOINT--DESN005
SLAYNE --DESN004
WILKINS --DESN004
KIMPELISI--DESN005
SLAPOINT--DESN005
SLAPOINT--DESN005

FROM: Norman LaPointe
Subject: CONNECTOR P2AB 14A464 ADA

URANT(UTC -05:00)

Meeting 2-12-1999 w/UTA, 1:00PM at Central Laboratories, Small Conf. Rm.
Agenda:

1. Obtain drawings for P2AB-14A464-ADA connector & components from UTA.
2. Obtain components for above connector (3 sets).
3. Obtain and discuss PHEA.
4. Discuss sealing details & history of above connector.
5. Obtain the visual characteristics of: water, brake fluid, or other materials that could enter the connector or the wires.
6. Discuss assembly difficulties to seal joint.
7. Hand off & press. switch assemblies to UTA.
8. Develop game plan to disassemble and examine the submitted connector from Reddick veh.

FAX copy of above sent to Dan Kalkarni-UTA, Dick Radkey-UTA.

Regards,
Norman LaPointe
PHONE 39-42666 FAX 313-227-8256

3713 1809

PRODUCED BY FORD

ERG2-625-A 8886

2/10/99

ONLY FZVC IS ^{FOR} ~~AT~~ ~~ISSUE~~

149 92,93' Fire / Thermal Event /
smoke / overheated

36 OFF } engine state
9 RUNNING }

104 UNKNOWN }

5 TO 1 GM Brake SW

17 OTHER COMPONENTS

11 AMES OFF WORK PLAN

- DAMAGE LIMITED TO SWITCH ?
- OASIS MSG ~ FOR REPLACED Brake P SW
- WARRANTY Return Parts have been logrolled
- A → E ANALYSIS

- Thermal Environment	Wed 2PM Weekly
- Orientation	
- Pressure Environment 8D on Econoline	
- Reaction to fire/d occurrence	

3713 1810

PRODUCED BY FORD

6P02-825-A 9887

2/10/98

NAME	PROFES	ORG.
Steve Rainers	SRAINER?	AVT/EESE
✓ Tom BARR	TBARR	LVL OPD BRNLS
✓ JOHN McNEERNEY	JMNEERNEY	LVC-SAFETY
JOSEPH NIEME	JNIEME	LVC-SAFETY
ROB ENGLISH	RENGLISH	AVT-EESE-EDS
NORM LAFONTE	NLAFONTE	DES. ANAL. AVT
STEVE LA ROCHE	SLAROSCH	CENTRAL LAB
DAN RUDZYNSKI es.	D RUDZYNSKI	AVT/EESE
PAUL STOKES es.	PSTOKES	SYSTEM/Spand Control
Stuart SALTER	SSALTER	EESE COMPETITIVE ANA.
FRED PORTER	FPORTER	AVT. CHASSIS ELECTRONICS

✓ Tom Schrody	T SCHRODY	
✓ Fred Kohl	FKOHL	21801

3713 1811

PRODUCED BY FORD

E802-020-A 0888



Central Laboratory
15000 Century Drive
Dearborn, MI 48120-1267
FAX (313) 322-1614

Report 8804105
Preliminary Report

February 10, 1999

To: G. Stevens/N. LaPointe (313) 32-3666 39-07224 FAX

From: V. Bakran (313) 39-05018

Subject: Speed Control Cut Off Switch
Part Number: F2VY-8F824-A
Specification: Not Provided
Supplier: Texas Instruments

Received: 3 switches (1 assembled, 1 assembled new, and one disassembled failed) were received on December 17, 1998.

Object: Determine the extent/cause of the damage Kapton Strips.

Conclusion: Damage to the Kapton strips appears to be the result of pinching and/or buckling of the Kapton material. The damaged Kapton material appears to have been darkened and embrittled by an unknown mechanism and fractured in a brittle mode. Tom Teflon material on all three strips of the switch coinciding with the location of the fractured Kapton material provide a leak path.

Data and Analysis:

Reflected Light Microscopy



Figure 1.
Kapton Strip (Teflon Layers Removed) Closest to
Washer with Concave Side Down.
7X Magnification



Scanning Electron Microscopy



*Figure 2.
SEM Photomicrograph of Brittle Fracture on Kapton Strip.
The fracture appears to propagate away from the washer.
The direction of propagation is perpendicular to the plane of the page.
263X Magnification*



Scanning Electron Microscopy continued



Figure 3.
*Scanning Electron Photomicrograph of Brittle Fracture on Kapton Strip.
The direction of fracture propagation is perpendicular to the plane of the page.
250X Magnification*

By: _____
Vladimir S. Beltran (VBELTRA)
Laboratory Engineer, Polymers Section

Work Plan- Brakes Pressure Switch

Root Cause Investigation-

Identify the combustibles?

AVT EESE Materials Engineering

Identify the contaminants in returned parts?

Central Lab analysis

Identify sources of contaminants?

Central Lab analysis

Identify causes of brake fluid leakage?

Central Lab and Texas Instrument

Identify heat source(s) start event?

AVT EESE Chassis Electronics

Create Event in Lab

AVT EESE Chassis Electronics

Collect Field Samples

LVC - Safety

Root Cause Investigation Tasks

What are the combustibles?

AVT EESE Materials Engineering

Are the switch materials compatible with brake fluid? _____
by 2/18/99

Are the switch materials compatible with brake fluid in an electric field? _____
by 2/18/99

Are the switch materials compatible with brake fluid and contaminants? _____
by 2/18/99

Are the switch materials compatible with contaminated brake fluid in an electric field? _____
by 2/18/99

Flash points for all materials? _____ by *completed*

TI provided to Norm LaPointe

Get Dow assistance _____ by 2/16/99

How can a fire start with the switch given the constraints:

Continuous Battery voltage applied between switch electrical components and the hydraulic connection, circuit fused at 15 amps, inductive load current of 0.5 amps switched when speed control is turned off. the switch cavity contains a black material containing at least copper, zinc, sulfur, and brake fluid (probably containing water), vehicle underhood temperatures.

By 2/22/99

What is the difference in the base materials that look different?

Texas Instruments by *complete*

Color of plastic base identifies calibration. Also, plastic material change from Cellanex 4300 to Noryl GTX430 in MY 1995 when P/N changed from F2VC to F2AC

What are the material call-outs for 1992 and 1993?

Texas Instruments by 2/15/99

Brake Pressure Switch
 PZYC-07884-AB
 Material List for NY 8893

Component Name	Material	Comment
Gasket	Elastomer Ethylene Propylene	JBL Compound # E-7104-70
Diaphragm	Kapton, Polyimide	Dupont 800 FN131L, 3 Diaphragms per switch
Base	PBT, Plastic	Grade Celanex 4800
Crimp Ring	Aluminum	Grade # 8052
Spacer	Kapton, Polyimide	Dupont 800H, Proton Reducer on Old
Rivet	Brass	CDA 280
Transfer Pin	Ceramic	Shellite, L-3 Grade
Environmental Seal	Silicone	JBL Compound # 8781B
Converter	Cold Rolled Steel	Grade # 1008
Washer	Cold Rolled Steel, Zinc Plated	Grade # 1008
Cup	Cold Rolled Steel	Grade 1010
Spring Arm	Beryllium Copper	Grade # C17200
Movable Contact	Silver Plated Copper	Copper Free Cu, Fine Silver
Stationary Terminal	Brass + Silver Inlay	CDA 280
Movable Terminal	Brass	CDA 280
Disc	Stainless Steel	Grade 308
Hexport	Cold Rolled Steel, Zinc Plated	CNL10
Thread Cap	LDPE, Plastic	

What are the contaminants in returned parts?

Central Lab analysis

Results of Memphis part analysis by 2/18/99

Results of testing with corrosion simulation?

AVT EESE Chassis Electronics by complete

Black corrosion recreated in lab on virgin parts. Given to Lab for analysis

TI analysis results of the Memphis parts (crease marks in diaphragm, etc)?

Texas Instruments by complete

TI gave to Norm LaPointe on 2/10/99. Crease mark caused by degradation of Kapton. TI chemical analysis matches Ford analysis.

What is source of contaminants?

Central Lab analysis by 2/18/99

What causes brake fluid leakage?

By 2/24/99

Central Lab and Texas Instrument

What does TI DFEMA say about this failure mode?

Texas Instruments by ~~2/16/99~~ Copy to Norm

TI identifies potential for leaks. Copy to Norm LaPointe.

What are TI in-process test failures?

Texas Instruments by completed

TI provided IP and Weibull test reports to Fred Porter and Norm LaPointe. First leak observed at 994,000 cycles. Test suspended at 1.6 million cycles. Leaker was by Kapton diaphragm.

Provide TI end-of-life lab test parts to Norm LaPointe.

TI by 2/18/99

Does the event occur only on vehicles with ABS?

LVC-Safety by 2/18/99

Characterize the real vehicle brake pressure seen at the switch.

AVT Chassis Brakes by

Characterize the real vehicle brake pressure during ABS and TC events seen at the switch.

AVT Chassis Brakes by

DOE work plan for TI activities.

TI by 2/16/99

Correlate Lab test cycle Kapton wear with field mileage Kapton wear.

TI and Central Lab by 2/29/99

What heat source(s) start event?

AVT EESE Chassis Electronics

Analysis of harness pig-tails

AVT EESE OPD by 2/18/99

Use thermocouple to record switch temperature during and after driving.

AVT EESE OPD by 2/18/99

Recreate Event in Lab

AVT EESE Chassis Electronics

What does it take to start an event? by on-going

If a switch is contaminated can it start the event? by on-going

Switch with clean Brake fluid inside is being monitored for increase in leakage current.

If current is stopped does combustion stop?

Collect Field Samples

LVC - Safety

Collect Brake Pressure switches and speed control servos with harnesses attached. By 2/22/99

Miscellaneous

Can the switch act as a fuse?

Team

by complete

No.

Could a fuse (e.g. 2 amp) be added in series between the stop lamp fuse and the brake pressure switch? Failure parameters would have to be known.

What are descriptions from AWS and CQIS?

LVC-Safety

by 2/18/99

What are we seeing in returned Speed control modules (FRACAS)?

Visteon Speed Control

by 2/17/99

Provide color photos of Econoline?

Texas Instruments

by complete

There are no color photos.

Containment / Corrective Action Tasks

Competitive Vehicles

- How is switch packaged?
- Is it always Powered (HOT_ALL_TIME) ?
- Are the contacts opened when pressure applied?
- What is fuse limit?
- What is being switched?
- Is it a redundant switch?

AVT EESE Competitive Analysis by 2/24/99

What does Speed control FMEA say about Brake Switch ?

Visteon Speed Control by completed

The Brake Pressure Switch (Deactivation Switch) coupled with the Stop Lamp switch are categorized as "Automatic Deactivation". The FMEA lists Automatic Deactivation as current design control for 66 different potential cause/ mechanical failures.

Brake Pressure Switch (Deactivator Switch) is one of the most important safety features.

When was non-Pressure actuated switched introduced?

AVT EESE Chassis Electronics by completed

95 Continental and T/Bird were first to use it.

Is the Circuit drive hi-side or low-side?

Visteon Speed Control by completed

Circuit is low side driven.

How does speed control use this switch?

Visteon Speed Control by completed

- 1. Brake Pressure Switch provides electrical power to the speed control servo clutch circuit. The clutch circuit needs to be energized for the servo motor to pull the cable.*
- 2. Switch provides a redundant method of sensing brake application independent of the primary system deactivation mode; this is a SDS (SC-0003) requirement.*

- Signal from the stop lamp switch is primary deactivation mode for brake application.
- Under "hard" braking condition; Brake Pressure Switch provides redundant brake signal to the speed control logic (similar to stop lamp switch signal) and disconnects power to the clutch circuit; causing the speed control servo pulley to immediately return to the idle position. Note: Under normal braking conditions, only the stop lamp switch signal cancels speed control operation.

Do all Ford applications use switch between fuse and load?

YES Visteon Speed Control by complete

Do all Ford applications have switch connected to HOT-ALL-TIMES?

AVT EESE OPD by 2/18/99

Can Brake Pressure Switch function be removed from power feed circuit and placed in ground return circuit?

Visteon Speed Control by completed

1. Would require redesign of the speed control electronics.
2. Additional isolated ground circuit is required.
3. From FMEA position switching the ground circuit is not as good as switching the B+ feed.
 - With a ground return circuit; short to ground (fault) it would override the deactivation switch.
 - With the current power feed circuit; short to ground make the speed control system inoperative. A short to power is required to override the deactivation switch; much lower potential to occur.

Why is this switch connected to HOT-ALL-TIMES?

Visteon Speed Control by completed
Because the SDS requires it to be connected to the same fuse as the stop lamp.

What is SDS requirement number?

Visteon Speed Control by **completed**
SDS (SC-0068) states: The stop lamp switch and redundant deactivator switch must be on the same fused circuit.

Is it feasible to disconnect the switch as immediate containment?

Yes. The customer will not have use of the speed control.

Is it acceptable to Jumper out the switch as immediate containment?

Visteon Speed Control by **completed**
NO... Would eliminate an important safety feature of the speed control system. The Brake Pressure Switch provides the redundant method for sensing brake application independent of the primary system deactivation mode. This is an SDS (SC-0003) requirement.

Elimination of this feature requires the concurrence of the OGC.

Other recommendations for immediate containment?

All by **on-going**
Add fuse between the stop lamp fuse and the brake pressure switch?

Recommendations for increased Life of switch.

TI by **3/5/99**
TI suggested looking at an Automotive ceramic diaphragm pressure transducer (not a switch) that is used for ABS.

Work Plan- Brake Pressure Switch

Root Cause Investigation-

Identify the combustibles?

AVT EESE Materials Engineering

Identify the contaminants in returned parts?

Central Lab analysis

Identify source of contaminants?

Central Lab analysis

Identify causes of brake fluid leakage?

Central Lab and Texas Instrument

Identify heat source(s) start event?

AVT EESE Chassis Electronics

Create Event in Lab

AVT EESE Chassis Electronics

Collect Field Samples

LVC - Safety

Root Cause Investigation Tasks

What are the combustibles?

AVT EESE Materials Engineering

Are the switch materials compatible with brake fluid?

by 2/18/99

Are the switch materials compatible with brake fluid in an electric field?

by 2/18/99

Are the switch materials compatible with brake fluid and contaminants?

by 2/18/99

Are the switch materials compatible with contaminated brake fluid in an electric field?

by 2/18/99

Flash points for all materials?

by completed

TI provided to Norm LaPointe

Get Dow assistance

by 2/16/99

How can a fire start with the switch given the constraints:

Continuous Battery voltage applied between switch electrical components and the hydraulic connection, circuit fused at 15 amps, inductive load current of 0.5 amps switched when speed control is turned off, the switch cavity contains a black material containing at least copper, zinc, sulfur, and brake fluid (probably containing water), vehicle underhood temperatures.

By 2/22/99

What is the difference in the base materials that look different?

Texas Instruments by complete

Color of plastic base identifies calibration. Also, plastic material change from Callanex 4300 to Noryl GTX430 in MY 1995 when P/N changed from F2VC to F2AC

What are the material call-outs for 1992 and 1993?
Texas Instruments by 2/15/99

Brake Pressure Switch
F2V0-0P884-AB
Material List for NY 02/95

Component Name	Material	Comment
Gasket	Elastomer Styrene Propylene	JBL Compound # E-7164-70
Diaphragm	Kapton, Polyimide	Dupont 800 FN131L, 3 Diaphragms per switch
Base	PBT, Plastic	Grade Celcon 4300
Crimp Ring	Aluminum	Grade # 9052
Spacer	Kapton, Polyimide	Dupont #800LP/Proton Reducer on Dia
Pivot	Brass	CDA 260
Transfer Pin	Ceramic	Steele, L-3 Grade
Environmental Seal	Silicone	JBL Compound # 8761E
Converter	Cold Rolled Steel	Grade # 1008
Washer	Cold Rolled Steel, Zinc Plated	Grade # 1080
Cup	Cold Rolled Steel	Grade 1010
Spring Arm	Beryllium Copper	Grade # C17200
Movable Contact	Silver Plated Copper	Oxygen Free Cu, Fine Silver
Stationary Terminal	Brass + Silver Inlay	CDA 260
Movable Terminal	Brass	CDA 260
Disc	Stainless Steel	Grade 302
Mount	Cold Rolled Steel, Zinc Plated	C10L10
Thread Cap	LOPE, Plastic	

What are the contaminants in returned parts?

Central Lab analysis

Results of Memphis part analysis by 2/18/99

Results of testing with corrosion simulation?

AVT EESE Chassis Electronics by complete

Black corrosion recreated in lab on virgin parts. Given to Lab for analysis

TI analysis results of the Memphis parts (crease marks in diaphragm, etc)?

Texas Instruments by complete

TI gave to Norm LaPointe on 2/10/99. Cross mark caused by degradation of Kapton. TI chemical analysis matches Ford analysis.

What is source of contaminants?

Central Lab analysis by 2/18/99

What causes brake fluid leakage?

By 2/24/99

Central Lab and Texas Instrument

What does TI DFEMA say about this failure mode?

Texas Instruments by 2/16/99

TI identifies potential for leaks. Copy to Norm Lapointe.

What are TI in-process test failures?

Texas Instruments by completed

TI provided IP and Weibull test reports to Fred Porter and Norm Lapointe. First leak observed at 994,000 cycles. Test suspended at 1.6 million cycles. Leaker was by Kapton diaphragm.

Provide TI end-of-life lab test parts to Norm Lapointe.

TI by 2/18/99

Does the event occur only on vehicles with ABS?

LVC-Safety by 2/18/99

Characterize the real vehicle brake pressure seen at the switch.

AVT Chassis Brakes by

Characterize the real vehicle brake pressure during ABS and TC events seen at the switch.

AVT Chassis Brakes by

DOE work plan for TI activities.

TI by 2/16/99

Correlate Lab test cycle Kapton wear with field mileage Kapton wear.

TI and Central Lab by 2/29/99

What heat source(s) start event?

AVT EESE Chassis Electronics

Analysis of harness pig-tails

AVT EESE OPD by 2/18/99

Use thermocouple to record switch temperature during and after driving.

AVT EESE OPD by 2/18/99

Recreates Event in Lab

AVT EESE Chassis Electronics

What does it take to start an event? by on-going

If a switch is contaminated can it start the event? by on-going

Switch with clean Brake fluid inside is being monitored for increase in leakage current.

If current is stopped does combustion stop?

Collect Field Samples

LVC - Safety

Collect Brake Pressure switches and speed control servos with harnesses attached. By 2/22/99

Miscellaneous

Can the switch act as a fuse?

Team

by complete

No.

Could a fuse (e.g. 2 amp) be added in series between the stop lamp fuse and the brake pressure switch? Failure parameters would have to be known.

What are descriptions from AWS and CQIS?

LVC-Safety

by 2/18/99

What are we seeing in returned Speed control modules (FRACAS)?

Visteon Speed Control

by 2/17/99

Provide color photos of Econolize?

Texas Instruments

by complete

There are no color photos.

Containment / Corrective Action Tasks

Competitive Vehicles

- How is switch packaged?
- Is it always Powered (HOT_ALL_TIME)?
- Are the contacts opened when pressure applied?
- What is fuse limit?
- What is being switched?
- Is it a redundant switch?

AVT EESE Competitive Analysis by 1/24/99

What does Speed control FMEA say about Brake Switch ?

Visteon Speed Control by completed

The Brake Pressure Switch (Deactivation Switch) coupled with the Stop Lamp switch are categorized as "Automatic Deactivation". The FMEA lists Automatic Deactivation as current design control for 66 different potential causal/mechanical failures.

Brake Pressure Switch (Deactivator Switch) is one of the most important safety features.

When was non-Pressure actuated switched introduced?

AVT EESE Chassis Electronics by completed

95 Continental and T/Bird were first to use it.

Is the Circuit drive hi-side or low-side?

Visteon Speed Control by completed

Circuit is low side driven.

How does speed control use this switch?

Visteon Speed Control by completed

- 1. Brake Pressure Switch provides electrical power to the speed control servo clutch circuit. The clutch circuit needs to be energized for the servo motor to pull the cable.*
- 2. Switch provides a redundant method of sensing brake application independent of the primary system deactivation mode; this is a SDS (SC-0005) requirement.*

- Signal from the stop lamp switch is primary deactivation mode for brake application.
- Under "hard" braking condition; Brake Pressure Switch provides redundant brake signal to the speed control logic (similar to stop lamp switch signal) and disconnects power to the clutch circuit; causing the speed control servo pulley to immediately return to the idle position. Note: Under normal braking conditions, only the stop lamp switch signal cancels speed control operation.

Do all Ford applications use switch between fuse and lead?

YES Visteon Speed Control by complete

Do all Ford applications have switch connected to HOT-ALL-TIMES?

AVT EESE OPD by 2/18/99

Can Brake Pressure Switch function be removed from power feed circuit and placed in ground return circuit?

Visteon Speed Control by completed

1. Would require redesign of the speed control electronics.
2. Additional isolated ground circuit is required.
3. From FMEA position switching the ground circuit is not as good as switching the B+ feed.
 - With a ground return circuit; short to ground (fault) it would override the deactivation switch.
 - With the current power feed circuit; short to ground make the speed control system inoperative. A short to power is required to override the deactivation switch; much lower potential to occur.

Why is this switch connected to HOT-ALL-TIMES?

Visteon Speed Control by completed
Because the SDS requires it to be connected to the same fuse as the stop lamp.